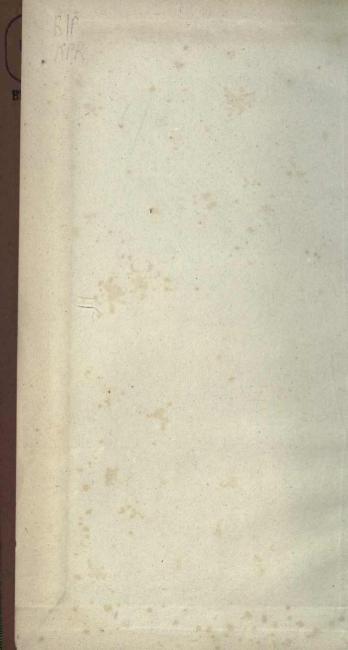


FLORA
OF HARROW

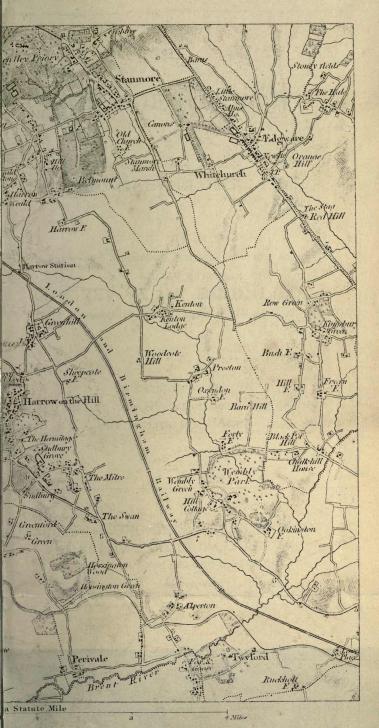














FLORA OF HARROW:

BY

J. COSMO MELVILL, M.A., F.L.S.

A NEW AND ENLARGED EDITION REVISED AND EDITED BY

THE REV. W. M. HIND, LL.D., Formerly Perpetual Curate of Pinner.

WITH NOTICES OF
THE BIRDS OF THE NEIGHBOURHOOD, AND OF THE
BUTTERFLIES AND MOTHS.

LONDON: LONGMANS, GREEN AND CO.
HARROW: SAMUEL CLARKE,
BOOKSELLER TO HARROW SCHOOL.
1876.

BIOLOGY

ADDENDA.

After Reseda luteola, p. 12, insert:

R. alba.* L. (White Mignonette.)

Waste and sandy places, usually near the sea. 5-9.
Rare. Accidentally introduced. Pinner Parsonage Garden, where it appeared

several years in succession.

After P. vulgaris, on p. 82:

Primula elatior. Jacq. (Jacquin's, or True Oxlip.)
Woods and meadows. 4,5.
Wood End, Ruislip; Hope Cottage Farm and Terrilands, Pinner. This plant has little chance of permanently asserting its claims as a native of the district; as when found it is usually transferred to the garden, or carried off to London by the plant grubbers, who are quickly exterminating the Primrose tribe and Ferns throughout Middlesex.

Add to Listera Nidus-avis, p. 98, the new station, Pinner Hill. (W. A. Tooke, Esq.)

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PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

The little work now presented to the reader has been entirely drawn up by Harrow boys, of whom four are still members of the school, and one has recently left it. The very full and interesting account of the Flora of Harrow, including the Ferns and Grasses, has been written by Mr. J. C. Melvill; the notices of the Birds were furnished by the Honbles. F. C. and G. O. M. Bridgeman; and the list of Butterflies was drawn up from the joint observations of Mr. C. C. Parr and Mr. E. Heathfield. The publication of the book has solely arisen from a very strong desire to promote at Harrow an interest in Natural History, and to furnish our young naturalists with the permanent record of previous investigations, which have supplied a happy and innocent occupation to some of their contemporaries.

It may seem a very simple and commonplace task to draw up such lists as these; nevertheless to do so with any accuracy requires an earnest and long-continued research, and it is hoped that by indicating the localities where so many of the rarest flowers, birds, butterflies, and moths may be discovered, our youthful authors have saved much trouble and disappointment to future collectors. And although the sketches presented in the following

pages cannot pretend to completeness, they may prove useful in preparing the way for some more perfect work hereafter. Such a work—which would be both useful and interesting,—will be greatly facilitated if any Harrovian interested in Natural History will be so good as to furnish us with details of any observations not noticed by those whose researches are here placed at the disposal of the inhabitants and of the school.

It must be admitted that at first sight Harrow does not appear to offer to the botanist a favourable scene for his pursuits. We have here little or no variety of soil, and little or no variety of cultivation. The combination of clay, and pasture land, has not much to provide in the shape of an interesting flora, and most of our rarest plants are not to be obtained without the trouble of walking some miles to find them. A few indeed occur in Harrow Park, in the Grove, and on the Railway Embankment; but the collector will obtain but a poor herbarium unless he be content to stroll at least as far as Horsington Lane, the Greenford Canal, and the Pinner Drives. To get at the choicest botanical hunting-fields he must prolong his walks to Pinner and Oxhey Woods, to the Ruislip Reservoir, to the banks of the River Brent, and above all to Harrow Weald Common, at which place his diligence cannot fail to be well rewarded. It happens unfortunately that even in these places our chief treasures are both extremely local, and very sparsely scattered; we cannot therefore refrain from expressing our earnest hope that no Harrovian will ever give way to that botanical greed which has led so many botanists to extirpate in many parts of England our most unfrequent and interesting varieties. We fear that the caution is only too much needed, since already one of our handsomest flowers,-the Geranium Phæum, or Dusky Crane's Bill,-has disappeared, or nearly so, from a habitat in which we had discovered it some three years ago; and we could name several other flowers which are incurring a similar peril. We hear that, among others, a London Botanist has even made a raid on the beautiful but rare Fritillarias which lend such interest to one or two localities in the neighbourhood of Pinner. We cannot avoid these depredations, but we hope that every Harrovian who studies botany may be so much impressed with the injury done to any neighbourhood by extirpating one of its scarce plants, that he would forego any specimen, however choice, rather than run the risk of giving a flower no chance of fairly establishing itself. The spirit of the same remark applies with at least equal force to the practice of robbing the nests of our rarer birds. Much might be done to preserve these interesting visitors if we were only content to treat them with a little more hospitality; and no one can pretend to a real love for Natural History unless he does his best to suppress that ruthless and wholesale robbery of nests which is systematically carried on by some boys of the neighbourhood. If it continues we shall soon lose from Harrow even the Nightingales which now furnish one of the most delightful enjoyments of our summer days.

F. W. F.

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION.

During the twelve years which have elapsed since the first edition of this Flora was published, considerable progress has been made towards a fuller knowledge of the Botany of Harrow and its neighbourhood. Between 1864 and 1869, when the Flora of Middlesex was published, several plants of interest were found, the Rev. Dr. Farrar being one of the principal discoverers. The results of these discoveries are recorded in this latter work. Authors, Dr. Trimen and Professor W. Thiselton Dver, have largely contributed to a full and accurate knowledge of the botany of the district. New plants have been added, new localities noted, the researches of other botanists investigated and set down; a few errors in the former edition of this work have been brought to light, while its general correctness has been confirmed. Free use has been made in this edition of the hoarded wealth of the "Flora of Middlesex," and the Editor gratefully acknowledges the ample return received for any assistance rendered to its Authors, either by himself or by the first edition of this work.

Since the publication of the "Flora of Middlesex," seventeen new plants have been added to the Harrow Flora. Thirteen of these have been contributed by the Editor, of which Pyrola minor, L., Juncus diffusus, Hoppe, and Cystopteris fragilis are new to the county. W. A. Tooke, Esq., has added Helianthemum vulgare, Gærtn., and Habenaria viridis, R. Br. both to the local and county Flora. The Rev. E. Brewer has fortunately rediscovered Litorella lacustris, L., and so restored to the county a plant supposed to have been lost. Mr. Gunn and others have added to our knowledge of already recorded plants, by the mention of new sites. The Editor returns his grateful acknowledgments to all who have assisted in bringing the knowledge of the local Flora to its present advanced state.

The district comprised in this Flora is slightly within the limits of the map, except on the north-east, where it somewhat exceeds the boundaries of the map, so as to take in the whole of Harrow Weald and Stanmore Parishes. The county boundary is the northern limit of the district. A few plants occurring between this limit and the Colne are given in an Appendix.

The Preface to the First Edition, written by the Rev. Dr. Farrar, is given in part only, the last clause being inapplicable to this present Edition.

Lists of the ascertained Charæ, Mosses and Liverworts of the Harrow district have been inserted. Sufficient attention has not been given to the Lichens and Fungi to make it desirable to set down those that are known; as meagre lists would necessarily be disappointing to all who might desire information with respect to them.

It has been a source of much personal regret to the

Author, that, since the time he left the School in July, 1864, he has been but rarely able to revisit Harrow, and then under such circumstances only as did not admit much, if any, scope for Botanical research. His want of opportunity has, however, been more than counterbalanced by the most valuable co-operation of the Editor.

HONINGTON, SEPTEMBER 1, 1876.

THE HARROW FLORA.

CLASS I.

DICOTYLEDONOUS OR EXOGENOUS PLANTS.

SUB-CLASS I. THALAMIFLORÆ.

ORDER I. RANUNCULACEÆ. (CROWFOOT TRIBE.)

[The numbers in the descriptions indicate the months during which the plant is in flower.]

CLEMATIS. (Clematis.)

I. C. Vitalba. L. (Traveller's Joy. Wild Clematis.)
Hedges in a chalky soil. Shrub. 7-9.

Not common; hedges at Pinner; particularly at Wood Hall, on the Station Road. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

ANEMONE. (Wind Flower.)

1. A. nemorosa. L. (Wood A. Wind Flower.)

Moist woods and fields. 4, 5.

Abundant in a field at Roxeth; woods at Stanmore,

Eastcott, and meadows, Pinner. Plants with crimson petals occur in the Park of Bentley Priory.

[2. A. apennina, L. or Blue Mountain Anemone, is stated by Hooker and Arnott (edition viii. p. 6), to grow "near Harrow," but we are unacquainted with the locality, even if it be still found here.]

MYOSURUS. (Mouse-tail.)

I. M. minimus. L. (Common Mouse-tail.)
Corn-fields and waste places. 4-6.

A single plant was found by the Rev. F. W. Farrar in the waste ground at Pinner Drive. Perivale. (Flor. Midd.)

RANUNCULUS. (Crowfoot.)

1. R. Drouetii. Schultz.

Ponds and ditches. 4-6.

Not infrequent. Greenford; Woodridings, Pinner; Ruislip. (Flor. Midd.) (Likely a form of R. heterophyllus, Bab. Man. (Rev. W. W. Newbould.)

2. R. peltatus. Fries (Syme). (Water Crowfoot.)
Ponds and streams. 4-6.

Frequent. Variable. R. aquatilis, L. of edition i. with forms there mentioned are here included.

R. fluitans of edition i. is the form R. pseudo-fluitans, Syme. (Flor. Midd.)

3. R. circinatus. Sibth. (Rigid-leaved Water C.)
Ponds and ditches. 6, 7.

Rare? Brook on the Pinner Road (leaves hair-like, rounded, and rigid).

4. R. hederaceus. L. (Ivy-leaved Crowfoot.)
Wet places. 5-8.

Not common. Harrow Weald Common, and abundant in ditch on the Harrow Weald Road, Hatchend, Stanmore Heath, and Eastcott. (Flor. Midd.)

5. R. sceleratus. L. (Celery-leaved Crowfoot.) Ditches and muddy ponds. 6-9.

Of frequent occurrence. Especially abundant by the canal at Greenford; accidentally omitted in edition i.

6. R. Flammula. L. (Lesser Spearwort.) Ditches and marshy ground.

Harrow Weald Common, abundant; occasionally seen at Harrow, but not frequent there. Eastcott, (Flor. Midd.)

R. Ficaria. L. (Pilewort. Lesser Celandine.)
 Woods and pastures. 3-5.

Everywhere abundant. One of the earliest spring-flowers.

- 8. R. auricomus. L. (Wood C. Goldilocks.)
 Woods. 4, 5.
 Commonly distributed.
- 9. R. acris. L. (Upright Meadow C.) Meadows. 6, 7.

Very common. This and the two next species are commonly known by the name of "Buttercups."

10. R. repens. L. (Creeping C.)
Pastures and meadows. 5-7.

Abundant. I once found a double variety by the Northwick Walk, Harrow, in 1861, but the walk has been altered, and the plants destroyed. Double varieties have also been found in the Football Field. (Edition i.)

rr. R. bulbosus. L. (Bulbous C.) Fields. 5, 6.

Very common. Distinguished from the two former by its reflexed calyx and bulbous root.

12. R. arvensis. L. (Corn C.)

Corn-fields at Stanmore, Greenford (abundant). I have observed it sparingly in the waste ground at Headstone Drive. (Edition i.)

CALTHA. (Marsh Marigold.)

C. palustris. L. (Common Marsh Marigold.)
 Marshy places. 3-6.
 At Pinner, certainly introduced there.
 In moist pastures at Ruislip, native.

HELLEBORUS. (Hellebore. Bear's-foot.)

H. viridis. L. (Green Hellebore.)
 Thickets on chalky soil. 2-4.
 Down Barn Hill, Northolt (J. Woods).

ORDER II. BERBERIDACEÆ. (BARBERRY TRIBE.)

BERBERIS. (Barberry.)

1. B. vulgaris.* L. (Common Barberry.)
Woods and hedges. Shrub. 5. 6.

In the Grove, Harrow, probably planted; a small shrub of it also in Greenford Churchyard. (Edition i.) Cultivated at Pinner.

In a hedge at Eastcott (Rev. E. Brewer).

ORDER III. NYMPHÆACEÆ. (WATER-LILY TRIBE.)

NYMPHÆA. (Water-Lily.)

N. alba.* L. (White Water-Lily.)
 Lakes and ponds. 7.

Pond at Roxeth, destroyed since 1864. I have seen it also at Northolt. (Edition i.) Pinner Hill, introduced.

NUPHAR. (Yellow Water-Lily.)

I. N. lutea. Sm. (Yellow Water-Lily.)
Rivers and lakes. 7.

Canal, Lake at Harrow Park (planted), abundant in the River Brent.

ORDER IV. PAPAVERACEÆ. (POPPY TRIBE.)

PAPAVER. (Poppy.)

- P. dubium. L. (Long Smooth-headed Poppy.)
 Cornfields, old walls and waste places. 5-7.
- a. P. Lamottei. Bor.

Old walls and sandpits, Pinner; the more common form at Harrow.

- β. P. Lecoquii. Lamotte. Very rarely at Harrow—more frequent at Pinner.
- P. Rhæas. L. (Common Red Poppy.)
 Corn-fields and waste places. Flowers all the summer.
 On waste heaps, etc., common.

3. P. somniferum.* L. (White Poppy.)
Waste ground, usually an escape from cultivation. 7.
Waste heaps at Harrow and Pinner.

GLAUCIUM. (Horned Poppy.)

1. G. phœniceum.* Crantz. (Scarlet Horned Poppy.)
Appeared spontaneously and unaccountably at Pinner in the Parsonage garden in 1865.

CHELIDONIUM. (Celandine.)

C. majus. L. (Common Celandine.)Waste places near houses. 5-8.On the Greenford Road, near the Canal Bridge; and

hedges at Pinner; Eastcott (Rev. E. Brewer).

MECONOPSIS. (Welsh Poppy.)

I. M. cambrica.* Vig. (Common Yellow Welsh Poppy.)

Shady or rocky places. 6, 7.

Questionably naturalized at Pinner, where it is found in a few of the cottage gardens.

ORDER V. FUMARIACEÆ. (FUMITORY TRIBE.)

FUMARIA. (Fumitory.)

F. officinalis. L. (Common Fumitory.)
 Dry fields and road sides. Flowers through the summer.
 Rare. I have only found this plant, so common elsewhere, in the waste clay pits at Harrow Weald. (Edition i.)

2. F. capreolata. L. (Rampant Fumitory.) Cultivated ground and hedges. 6.

F. pallidiflora. Jord. Harrow.

CORYDALIS. (Corydalis.)

1. C. lutea.* DC. (Yellow Fumitory.)
Old Walls. 5-8.

Abundant on a wall at Miss Hill's, above the Cricket Field, Harrow, but evidently escaped from cultivation. Pinner Place, cultivated.

ORDER VI. CRUCIFERÆ. (CRUCIFEROUS TRIBE.)

CHEIRANTHUS. (Wall Flower.)

I. C. Cheiri.* L. (Common Wall Flower.)
Old Walls. 5, 6.

One plant was found on Miss Hill's garden wall, like the Corydalis, an evident escape from the garden.

BARBAREA. (Winter Cress.)

 B. vulgaris. Br. (Common Winter Cress. Yellow Rocket.)

Hedges and pastures. 5-8.

Commonly distributed.

In the variety *B. arcuata* (Reich.), the petals are twice as long as the calyx. It is found at Roxeth.

2. B. præcox. Br. (Early Winter Cress.)
Waste places. 5-10.

Waste ground at Alperton, near the Canal Bridge there abundant; I also found a single plant near Northolt; (edition i.) occurs at Roxeth and Pinner.

CARDAMINE. (Bitter Cress.)

- I. C. amara. L. (Large-flowered Bitter Cress.)Wet meadows. 4-6.Side of Canal at Greenford.
- C. pratensis. L. (Cuckoo Flower. Ladies' Smock.)
 Meadows. 4-6.
 Everywhere abundant.
- 3. C. hirsuta. L. (Hairy Bitter Cress.) Moist places. 4-9.
- a. C. sylvatica. Link. C. flexuosa. With.
 Pinner, Harrow Weald; Eastcott, Stanmore. (Flor.
 Midd.)
- 8. C. hirsuta. L. (Bab.) Harrow Weald, Pinner and Ruislip; near Stanmore Church. (Flor. Midd.)

NASTURTIUM. (Watercress.)

 N. officinale. Br. (Common Watercress.) Brooks and rivulets. 5-9.

Canal, frequent; ditch at Kenton, and various other places, but not occurring in great plenty.

2. N. terrestre. Br. (Marsh Yellow Cress.)
Damp places. 6-9.

At Ruislip, abundant in a ditch near the Common; ditch at Headstone, wet ground at Harrow Weald, and near Eastcott; Woodridings, Pinner, in tolerable plenty. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

3. N. amphibium. Br. (Amphibious Cress. Great Water Radish.) Watery places. 6-9. Canal at Greenford. 4. N. sylvestre. Br. (Creeping Yellow Cress.) Watery places. 6-8.

Rare. Wet ground at Ruislip, Eastcott; Moss Lane, Pinner. (Flor. Midd.)

ARMORACIA. (Horse Radish.)

I. A. rusticana.* Baumg. (Common Horse Radish.)
Waste ground, near water. 5, 6.

Grove pond, Harrow, waste ground by Peterborough Road, and by the side of a stream at Alperton; chalk pit, Pinner, Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

DRABA. (Whitlow Grass.)

I. D. verna. L. (Common Whitlow Grass.)
Walls and dry banks. 3-5.

Dry pastures at Horsington; Woodhall, Pinner. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

HESPERIS. (Dame's Violet.)

H. matronalis.* L. (Common Dame's Violet.)
 Pastures and woods, always escaped from cultivation.
 5-7.

Near Harrow Weald (Ed. i.) May 24th, 1863; the Parsonage, Pinner: first appeared in 1867.

SISYMBRIUM. (Hedge Mustard.)

- S. officinale. Scop. (Common Hedge Mustard.)
 Waste places and by way sides. 6, 7.
 Everywhere abundant.
- 2. S. thalianum. Hook. (Common Thale Cress.)
 Dry banks. 4-7.

Banks and old walls at Ruislip. Headstone, Pinner. This species is sometimes called Arabis Thaliana. L.

ALLIARIA. (Garlic Mustard.)

I. A. officinalis. DC. (Garlic Hedge Treacle Mustard.

Jack by the Hedge. Sauce alone.)

Hedge banks and waste places. 5-7.

Common. The whole plant smells like garlic, hence its name.

ERYSIMUM. (Treacle Mustard.)

r. E. cheiranthoides. L. (Worm-seed Treacle Mustard.)

Gardens and waste places. 6-8.

Corn-fields at Wood End. The Circuits, Pinner.

CAPSELLA. (Shepherd's Purse.)

I. C. Bursa pastoris. DC. (Common Shepherd's Purse.)

Waste places. 3-11.

Everywhere. This and the grass, Poa Annua, are considered to be the most common plants in the world.

LEPIDIUM. (Pepper Wort.)

I. L. campestre. Br. (Common Mithridate Pepper Wort.)

Dry gravelly soil. 5-8.

Common. Headstone Drive, Corn-fields at Ruislip, etc.

2. L. ruderale. L. (Rubbish Pepperwort.)
Waste places, usually by the sea.
In some abundance by the canal at Alperton (Newbould).

[L. sativum. L. (Common Garden Cress) often occurs on waste heaps and refuse from gardens, but has no claim to be indigenous.] Roxeth, Alperton. (*Herb. Harr.*) Harrow Weald. (*Flor. Midd.*)

SENEBIERA. (Wart Cress.)

I. S. coronopus. Poir. (Common Wart Cress, or Swine's Cress.)

Waste ground. Flowers all summer.

Road sides at Harrow, abundant along the Station Road, and Northwick Walk; also at Roxeth, and Pinner. This unpretending plant, the *Coronopus Ruellii* of Smith, is called by some "Star of the Earth."

CAMELINA. (Gold of Pleasure.)

C. sativa.* Cr. (Common Gold of Pleasure.)
 Cultivated fields. 6, 7.
 Corn-fields at Pinner; one plant found.

BRASSICA. (Cabbage or Turnip.)

I. B. Rapa.* L. (Common Turnip.)

Waste places and borders of fields. 5-7.

This plant is questionably indigenous. Like the fol-

lowing, it occurs commonly at Harrow.

2. B. Napus. L. (Rape or Cole-seed.)

Waste places. 5, 6.

Corn-fields at Wood End. Pretty frequently distributed at Harrow.

SINAPIS. (Mustard.)

S. nigra. L. (Black Mustard.)
 Banks of streams and waste places. 6-8.
 Between Whitchurch and Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

- 2. S. arvensis. L. (Wild Mustard, Charlock.)
 Corn-fields and waste ground. 5-8.
 Everywhere abundant.
- 3. S. alba. L. (White Mustard.)
 Waste places. 6, 7.

Occasionally found on waste heaps, such as that by the Canal, Greenford, but not very frequent. Harrow, Harrow Weald, Stanmore, between Whitchurch and Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

RAPHANUS. (Radish.)

I. R. Raphanistrum. L. (Wild Radish, Jointed Charlock.)

Corn-fields and waste ground.

Side of Railway, between Harrow Station and iron bridge (var. with tawny petals). (Edition i.) Harrow, Roxeth, Pinner.

Commonly found white, as well as the usual colour, yellow.

ORDER VII. RESEDACEÆ. (MIGNONETTE TRIBE.)

RESEDA. (Dyer's Rocket.)

R. luteola. L. (Common Dyer's Rocket.)
 Waste places. 6-8.

Growing as a weed in the Parsonage garden at Pinner. Opposite gate of Kingsbury Churchyard; Stanmore Heath, a single plant. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER VIII. CISTACEÆ. (ROCK ROSE TRIBE.)

HELIANTHEMUM. (Rock Rose.)

I. H. vulgare. Gaert. (Common Rock Rose.)
Dry chalky banks and hilly places. 7-9.

Pinner Hill. The only known site in Middlesex. A large patch discovered August 10, 1871, by W. A. Tooke, Esq.

ORDER IX. VIOLACEÆ. (VIOLET TRIBE.)

VIOLA. (Voilet.)

1. V. odorata.* L. (Sweet Violet.)

Banks and woods. 3, 4.

Border of a field at Roxeth; lanes in Pinner, Harrow Park, the Poplars, Pinner, with white flowers.

2. V. sylvatica. Fries. (Wood Violet.)

Hedge banks and thickets. 4-6.

Common throughout the district. The prevailing form is that of the sub-species V. Riviniana, Reich. "The form V. flavicornis—Forst., not Smith—is found on Stanmore Heath." (Flor. Midd.)

3. V. canina. L. (Dog Violet.)

Sandy and peaty places. 4-6.

Sub-species V. flavicornis, Sm. Ruislip Common. Entered with a degree of doubt; but as the plants possess the characteristic yellow spur of the species, could not be omitted.

4. V. tricolor. L. (Pansy. Heartsease.)

Cultivated fields, etc. 5-8.

Common as a weed in cottage gardens, corn-fields at Pinner Hill.

β. V. arvensis. Murr. (Corn Pansy.)

Corn-fields. Flowers all summer.

Corn-fields at Ruislip; near Eastcott, and in gardens at Harrow and Pinner. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER X. DROSERACEÆ. (SUNDEW TRIBE.)

DROSERA. (Sundew.)

I. D. rotundifolia. 'L. (Round-leaved Sundew.)

Bogs and moist heathy ground. 7, 8.

This curious little plant is to be found in the moist marshy parts of Harrow Weald Common.

[D. intermedia. Hayne. (Intermediate Sundew) is mentioned in Flor. Midd. as having been reported in 1793 from "Bogs on Ruislip and Harrow Heaths in great abundance"—but on questionable authority. The construction of the Ruislip Reservoir may likely have destroyed the plant in one of its habitats, and the excavating for gravel on Harrow Weald Common may have destroyed it in the other.]

ORDER XI. POLYGALACEÆ. (MILKWORT TRIBE.)

POLYGALA. (Milkwort.)

1. P. vulgaris. L. (Common Milkwort.)
Dry hilly pastures. 5-8.

Frequent; bank near Oxhey Wood, with pink flowers, Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons, varying with dark and light blue, purple, and white blossoms.

Not the typical form, but P. depressa, Wend. (Syme.)

ORDER XIV. CARYOPHYLLACEÆ. (CLOVE PINK TRIBE.)

SILENE. (Catchfly.)

 S. inflata. Sm. (Bladder Campion.) Pastures and road sides. 6-8. Common; ou the railway embankment, at Roxeth, Headstone Drive, Oxhey Farm. "Road south of Harrow Weald Common." (Flor. Midd.)

LYCHNIS. (Campion.)

 L. Flos-Cuculi. L. (Meadow Lychnis. Ragged Robin.)

Moist meadows and pastures. 5, 6. Commonly distributed.

2. L. diurna. Sibth. (Red Campion.) Hedge banks, and in woods. 6, 7.

Very common; at Stanmore, in the Bentley Priory Woods, I found the white variety of this plant (not L. vespertina or white Campion), mentioned by Hooker and Arnott (edition viii. p. 62). "Petals red, very rarely nearly white." (Edition i.)

3. L. vespertina. Sibth. (White Campion.)
Fields. 6-9.
Ruislip. (Farrar.)

[A single plant of the Saponaria Vaccaria, L., which has no claim to be considered an English plant, much less to be indigenous here, was found at the Lime pits, Pinner.]

AGROSTEMMA. (Corn Cockle.)

I. A. Githago. L. (Corn Cockle.)

Corn-fields. 6-8.

Corn-fields at Ruislip; at Wood End. Probably an introduced plant, though now thoroughly naturalized in England.

SAGINA. (Pearlwort.)

I. S. procumbens. L. (Procumbent Pearlwort.) Waste places, walls, etc. 5-9. Common on old walls, and as a weed in garden paths,

etc.

- 2. S. apetala. L. (Annual small-flowered Pearlwort.) Walls, dry gravelly places. On the Grove Wall, Harrow, near Harrow Station, old walls at Eastcott, etc. Not uncommon.
- 3. S. ciliata. Fr. (Ciliated Pearlwort.) Dry places and sandy heaths. 5, 6. Lane near Ruislip School. "South side of Harrow Weald Common." (Flor. Midd.)

ARENARIA. (Sandwort.)

- I. A. serpyllifolia. L. (Thyme-leaved Sandwort.) Dry places. 6-8. Fields and gardens at Harrow and Pinner.
- 2. A. leptoclados. Guss. Walls and dry places. 6-8. The Grove Wall, Harrow. Headstone, Pinner.
- 3. A. trinervis. L. (Three-nerved Sandwort.) Shady woods and moist places. 5, 6. Sides of hedge on the Station Road, Harrow, in Harrow Park, hedges in the Greenford Road, Churchyard fields, lane at Harrow Weald, etc.

STELLARIA. (Stitchwort.)

I. S. media With. (Common Chickweed.) Waste places and road sides. Flowers all the year round. Very common.

- S. Holostea. L. (Greater Stitchwort. Satin Flower.)
 Woods and hedges. 4-6.
 Common everywhere.
- 3. S. glauca. Wither. (Marsh Stitchwort.)
 Marshy places. 5-7.

Beside the Brent, near Stonebridge. "Ditch near plantation by the North Western Railway Bridge over Brent. H. J. Wharton." (Farrar.)

4. S. graminea. L. (Lesser Stitchwort.)
Dry pastures, fields, etc. 5-8.

Frequent, at Alperton. Harrow Weald Common, Ruislip; Pinner, etc.; also near the stile in the Football Field, and in the new Churchyard.

5. S. uliginosa. Murr. (Bog Stitchwort.) Ditches and rivulets. 5, 6.

Ditches at Ruislip, near Harrow Weald Common, ditches by Sheepcote Farm, Harrow, and many other places.

CERASTIUM. (Mouse Ear Chickweed.)

C. vulgatum. (Broad-leaved Mouse Ear Chickweed.)
 Fields, pastures, and road sides. 4-9.

Abundant in a waste field at Alperton, Grove wall, Harrow, old farm house wall at Sudbury. Pinner. (C. glomeratum, Thuil.) Not nearly so common here as the next.

2. C. viscosum. L. (Narrow-leaved Mouse Ear Chickweed.)

Waste places, etc. 3-8.

Very common. (C. triviale, Link.)

3. C. semidecandrum. L. (Little Chickweed.)
Wall tops, dry waste places. 3-5.

I found a specimen of what I think is this, on the top of an old farm house wall, near Sudbury. (Edition i.)

4. C. arvense. L. (Field Chickweed.) Dry, sandy, or gravelly places. 4-8.

Rare. Growing on the side of the railroad, between Harrow Station and the Kenton Bridge, and even there sparingly. It has probably been conveyed there in ballast. (Edition i.)

5. C. aquaticum. L. (Water Mouse Ear Chickweed.)
Wet ditches.

Harrow Weald, Stanmore. Edgware. (Varcune). Neesdon, Roxborough Park. (Farrar.) This is by some botanists called *Malachium aquaticum*.

ORDER XV. LINACEÆ. (FLAX TRIBE.)

LINUM. (Flax.)

I. L. usitatissimum. (Common Blue Flax.)
Corn-fields and waste places.

Sparingly found at Harrow, on waste heaps, and by the road side at Greenford, and Pinner Drive. This is the flax of commerce.

2. L. catharticum. L. (Purging Flax.)

Pastures. 6-9.

Railway Embankment, bank on the way to Oxhey Wood, etc. Common.

ORDER XVI. MALVACEÆ. (MALLOW TRIBE.)

MALVA. (Mallow.)

M. sylvestris. L. (Common Mallow.)
 Waste places and way sides. 6-9.
 Frequently dispersed in waste places at Harrow, Green-

frequently dispersed in waste places at Harrow, Greenford, Pinner, Stanmore, etc.

2. M. rotundifolia. L. (Dwarf Round-leaved Mallow.)
Waste places, etc. 6-10.

Abundant in the "Foss," by the Grove, Harrow, waste heaps at Roxeth, Headstone Farm, Peterborough Road, Pinner.

3. M. moschata. L. (Musk Mallow.)
Pastures, hedges. 7, 8.
Road side at Pinner Hill. Woodhall, Ruislip, Stanmore, etc.

ORDER XVII. TILIACEÆ. (LIME TRIBE.)

TILIA. (Lime.)

I. T. Europæa.* L. (Common Lime Tree.)
Woods, plantations, etc. 7, 8.

The Churchyard, Harrow. Frequent throughout the district in plantations. Not native.

ORDER XVIII. HYPERICACEÆ. (St. John's WORT TRIBE.)

HYPERICUM. (St. John's Wort.)

t. H. calycinum.* L. (Large Flowered St. John's Wort.)

Bushy places. 7-9.

Julians, Harrow. On a hedge bank, but most likely planted there.

2. H. Androsæmum. L. (Tutsan.) Woods and thickets. 7, 8.

Pinner Hill. Discovered by W. A. Tooke, Esq., October 1, 1874. Stanmore. (Flor Midd.)

3. H. perforatum. L. (Common Perforated St. John's Wort.)

Woods, hedges, and thickets. 7-9. Commonly distributed.

4. H. quadrangulum. L. (Square-stalked St. John's Wort.)

Moist pastures, sides of ditches. 7, 8.

Frequent by the sides of ditches at Harrow, and by the Canal, Woodridings ponds, streams at Pinner. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

- 5. H. humifusum. L. (Trailing St. John's Wort.)

 Heathy, boggy, and gravelly places. 7, 8.

 Harrow Weald Common, abundant; Ruislip Common;

 Pinner Wood.
- H. pulchrum. L. (Small upright St. John's Wort.)
 Dry woods and heaths. 6, 7.
 Woods at Ruislip; Harrow Weald Common. Hedges
 at Pinner.
- 7. H. hirsutum. L. (Hairy St. John's Wort.) Woods and thickets. 7, 8.

Hedge of a field at Greenhill, near the Roxborough Turnpike. Station Road, in the hedge. Frequent at Pinner and Harrow Weald. "Edgware, abundant." (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XIX. ACERACEÆ. (MAPLE TRIBE.)

ACER. (Maple.)

- A. Pseudo-Platanus.* L. (Greater Maple, or Sycamore.)
 Hedges and plantations, not indigenous. 5, 6.
 Frequent in hedgerows, etc., at Harrow.
- 2. A. campestre. L. (Maple.)
 Woods and hedges. 5, 6.
 Common in the hedgerows

ORDER XX. GERANIACEÆ. (CRANE'S BILL TRIBE.)

GERANIUM. (Crane's Bill.)

- G. phæum.* L. (Dusky Crane's Bill.)
 Woods and thickets. 5-7.
 In a field at Julian Hill. Doubtfully indigenous.
- [G. striatum, L. (Pencilled Crane's Bill) has been long established on a hedge bank in Pinner Hill grounds.]
- 2. G. pratense. L. (Blue Meadow Crane's Bill.)
 Meadows and copses. 6-8.
 In a meadow at Pinner Hill. Kingsbury Churchyard.
 (Farrar.)
- G. Pyrenaicum. L.
 Meadows and pastures. 6.
 Plentiful at Eastcott.
- 4. G. lucidum. L. (Shining Crane's Bill.) Rocks, walls, etc. 5-8.

Rare. On a sunken wall on the Greenford Road, about one hundred yards from the Church; and also on a hedge bank in same road.

5. G. Robertianum. L. (Herb Robert, or Stinking Crane's Bill.)

Woods, sides of hedges, etc. 5-9.

Very common. The variety with white flowers occurs in the Grove, Harrow, but is gradually becoming rare. (Ed. i.)

6. G. molle. L. (Dove's-foot Crane's Bill.)
Waste places. 4-8.

Road side by Harrow Church, at Alperton, etc., not nearly so frequent as G. dissectum. In 1862 I found the variety with white flowers at Oxhey Wood. (Edition i.)

- G. pusillum. L. (Small-flowered Crane's Bill.)
 Waste ground. 6-9.
 "Harrow Weald Common." (Flor. Midd.) Rare.
- 8. G. rotundifolium.* L. (Round-leaved Crane's Bill.)
 Pastures and waste ground. 6, 7.
 Rare. Introduced in a garden at Roxeth.
- G. dissectum. L. (Jagged-leaved Crane's Bill.)
 Hedges and pastures. 6, 7.
 Everywhere common.

ERODIUM. (Stork's Bill.)

E. cicutarium. Sm. (Hemlock Stork's Bill.)
 Waste ground. 6-9.
 Pinner Hill. (Tooke.)

ORDER XXI. BALSAMINACEÆ. (BALSAM TRIBE.)

IMPATIENS. (Touch-me-not.)

I. I. Noli-me-tangere.* L. (Common or Yellow Touch-me-not.)

A garden escape. 7-9.

In several places near Pinner Marsh.

ORDER XXII. OXALIDACEÆ. (WOOD SORREL TRIBE.)

OXALIS. (Wood Sorrel.)

O. Acetosella. L. (Common Wood Sorrel.)
 Woods and shady places. 5, 6.

Not your common Pinner Wood: by a had

Not very common. Pinner Wood; by a hedge on Harrow Weald Common.

SUB-CLASS II. CALYCIFLORÆ.

ORDER XXIII. STAPHYLEACE E.

[Staphylea pinnata. L. (Common Bladder-nut.) Of some standing as a cultivated shrub in Harrow Vicarage garden.]

ORDER XXIV. CELASTRACEÆ.

EUONYMUS. (Spindle Tree.)

I. E. Europæus. L. (Common Spindle Tree.) Woods and hedges. 5, 6. Hedges at Alperton, and at Greenford; Pinner Hill. Abundant in the Grove, Harrow, where there is a fine tree of it. (Edition i.)

ORDER XXV. RHAMNACEÆ. (BUCKTHORN TRIBE.)

RHAMNUS. (Buckthorn.)

 R. catharticus. L. (Common Buckthorn.) Hedges and thickets. 5-7.

By the Brent near Neesdon. (Farrar.) Near Woodcock Farm. (S. J. Gunn.) "By the Brent, about Perivale." (Lees.)

R. Frangula. L. (Alder Buckthorn.)
 Woods and thickets. 5, 6.
 Harrow Park, and Pinner. Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.) By the Brent, near Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

ORDER XXVI. LEGUMINOSÆ. (PEA AND BEAN TRIBE.)

ULEX. (Furze.)

U. europæus. L. (Common Furze. Whin, or Gorse.)
 Heathy places. 2-7.
 Harrow Weald Common, Ruislip Common, Stanmore,
 hedge at the top of Northwick Walk, etc.

Not uncommon.

2. U. nanus. Forst. (Dwarf Furze.)
Heathy places. 8-11.
In a lane near Pinner Hill. (Mrs. Tooke.)

GENISTA. (Green Weed.)

I. G. tinctoria. L. (Dyer's Green Weed, or Wood Waxen.)

Pastures, thickets. etc. 7-9.

Harrow Weald Common, Pinner Hill. I have observed it near Northolt: (Edition i.)

2. G. anglica. L. (Needle Green Weed, or Petty Whin.)

Heaths and mossy ground. 5, 6.

Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

SAROTHAMNUS. (Broom.)

S. scoparius. Wimm. (Common Broom.)
 Dry hills and bushy places. 5, 6.
 Harrow Weald Common. Road side at Pinner Hill.

ONONIS. (Rest Harrow.)

- O. arvensis. L. (Common Rest Harrow.)
 Barren pastures. 6-9.
 Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons. (Edition i.)
- 2. O. campestris. Koch. Barren places. 6-9.

Road side near Pinner Hill. Near Wembley Green. (Farrar.) Near the Common and Church, Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)

MEDICAGO. (Medick.)

M. lupulina. L. (Black Medick, or Nonsuch.)
 Waste and cultivated ground. 6, 7.

Abundant; very similar to Trifolium minus.

- 2. M. sativa.* L. (Lucerne.) Cultivated and waste ground. 6, 7. Examples of this have been found at Pinner, but only as escapes from cultivation.
- 3. M. denticulata. Willd. (Toothed Medick.) Waste ground. 5-9.

A single plant was found on a manure heap near the Down Fields, Pinner.

MELILOTUS. (Melilot.)

- I. M. officinalis. Willd. (Common Melilot.) Way sides, and bushy places. 6-8. Northolt, Greenford (F. W. Longman); Railway Embankment near Harrow Station; Pinner Cemetery.
- 2. M. arvensis.* Willd. (Corn-field Melilot.) Waste places. 6-8. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

TRIFOLIUM. (Clover, Trefoil.)

I. T. repens. L. (White or Dutch Clover.) Meadows and pastures. 5-9.

Abundant; a variety with variegated leaves occurs in a field at Roxborough, by the footpath.

- 2. T. pratense. L. (Common Purple Clover.) Meadows and pastures. 5-9. Very common.
- 3. T. medium. L. (Zigzag Trefoil.) Pastures, 6-9.

Way side at Pinner Hill; Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

4. T. fragiferum. L. (Strawberry Trefoil.)

Moist pastures. 7-9.

Foot of Harray Hill Royath, Near the Clay

Foot of Harrow Hill, Roxeth. Near the Clay Pits, Harrow Weald; and Harrow Railway Station. (Flor. Midd.)

5. T. procumbens. L. (Hop Trefoil.) Corn-fields. 6-8.

Corn-fields at Wood End; Pinner Chalk Pits; Harrow Weald Churchyard. (Flor. Midd.)

- T. minus. Sm. (Lesser Yellow Clover.)
 Dry pastures and road sides. 6, 7.
 Very common.
- T. filiforme. L. (Slender Yellow Trefoil.)
 Dry pastures, walls, etc. Flowers all the summer months

Embankment of Ruislip Reservoir.

LOTUS. (Bird's-foot Trefoil.)

- L. corniculatus. L. (Common Bird's-foot Trefoil.)
 Pastures. 5-9.
 Very common.
- 2. L. major. Scop. (Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil.)
 Sides of ditches, moist bushy places. 7, 8.
 Common in moist hedges, etc., at Harrow.

ORNITHOPUS. (Bird's-foot.)

1. O. perpusillus. L. Common Bird's-foot.)
Sandy and dry gravelly soil. 5-7,

Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons. It used to occur in the Peterborough road, which for a year or two was an excellent hunting field for the botanist, since the seeds of many plants had been brought there in the gravel laid on the road. (Edition i.)

ONOBRYCHIS. (Saintfoin.)

I. O. sativa.* Lam. (Common Saintfoin.)Calcareous ground. 6, 7.The Railway bank near Pinner. (Farrar.)

VICIA. (Vetch.)

- I. V. Cracca. L. (Tufted Vetch.)
 Meadows, hedges. 6-8.
 Pinner, in hedges; Railway Embankment, by Kenton
 Bridge; and generally throughout the district.
- 2. V. lathyroides. L. (Spring Vetch.)
 Road sides and pastures. 4-6.
 Waste ground at Ruislip.
- 3. V. sativa. L. (Common Vetch.)
 Cultivated and waste ground. 5, 6.
 Common. Railway Embankment, etc. The narrowleaved variety, V. angustifolia, is found at Alperton, at
 Greenhill and Harrow Weald.
- V. sepium. L. (Bush Vetch.)
 Woods and shady places. 6-8.
 Banks at Horsington; at Pinner. Hedges at Pinner;
 Railway Embankment.
- V. hirsuta. Koch. (Hairy Tare.)
 Corn-fields and hedges. 6-8,
 Very Common. Railway Embankment, etc.

6. V. tetrasperma. Moench. (Slender Tare.) Hedges, gravelly places. 6-8.

Pinner Drive and Railway Embankment. Roxeth; Pinner. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

LATHYRUS. (Vetchling, Everlasting Pea.)

I. L. Nissolia. L. (Crimson Vetchling, or Grass Vetch.)

Bushy places. 5, 6.

Rare. Sparingly at Kenton Brook, and plentiful in a hedgerow near Kenton. (F. W. Longman.) Alperton and Sudbury.

- L. pratensis. L. (Meadow Vetchling.)
 Moist meadows and pastures. 7, 8.
 Very common throughout the district.
- 3. L. macrorrhizus. Wimm. (Tuberous Bitter Vetch.)
 Thickets and pastures.

Ruislip, near the Reservoir; Harrow, Railway Embankment. The variety L. tenuifolius found in woods at Pinner. This plant is the Orobus tuberosus of Linnæus.

ORDER XXVII. ROSACEÆ. (ROSE TRIBE.)

PRUNUS. (Plum and Cherry.)

 P. communis. Huds. (Common Plum, Sloe, or Blackthorn.)
 Hedges and woods. 4, 5.

a. P. spinosa. L. (Sloe, or Blackthorn.) Branches well armed with spines. Pinner Wood; frequent in hedges and copses throughout the district.

β. P. insititia. L. (Bullace.)

Armed with few spines.

In hedges at Harrow and Roxeth. Near Pinner Wood. (Flor. Midd.)

y. P. domestica. L. (Wild Plum.)

Branches unarmed, or rarely with an occasional spine. In a lane near Northolt Road, Roxeth. Hedge north of Woodhall Farm, Pinner.

2. P. Avium. L. (Wild Cherry.)

Woods and hedges. 5.

Harrow Park, and the Grove, Harrow. (Edition i.)
Porridge-pot Hill, Pinner. Bentley Priory. (Flor. Midd.)

3. P. Cerasus. L. (Dwarf Cherry.)

Copses and hedges. 5.

Near Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.) Entered here with a doubt as to the locality being in Middlesex.

4. P. Padus. L. (Bird Cherry.)

Woods and coppices. 5.

Harrow Park, Payne's Lane, Pinner, most likely introduced.

SPIRÆA. (Meadow Sweet.)

S. Ulmaria. L. (Meadow Sweet.)
 Meadows, banks of ponds and ditches. 6-8.
 Frequent at Harrow and in the surrounding district.

GEUM. (Avens.)

I. G. urbanum. L. (Common Avens.)
Woods and Hedges. 6-8.
Very Common.

RUBUS. (Bramble and Raspberry.

[A most difficult Genus, presenting innumerable varieties.]

I. R. Idæus. L. (Common Raspberry.)
Woods and Hedges. 6, 7.

Harrow Park; hedge in the London Road by Mrs. Holt's house. Harrow Weald Common, and east side of the road skirting the Common. Stanmore Heath.

2. R. fruticosus. L. (Common Bramble, or Blackberry.) Thickets and hedges. 7, 8.

[Of this variable plant the following Sub-species occur.]

- 1. R. affinis. W. and N. Horsington Wood. (Lees.)
- 2. R. Lindleianus. Lees. R. nitidus. Salt. Harrow Weald Common; Horsington Hill. (Lees.)
- 3. R. rhamnifolius. W. and N. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.) Horsington Hill. (Lees.)
- 4. R. discolor. W. and N. Frequent throughout the district.
- 5. R. thyrsoideus. Wimm. Hedges at Roxeth.
- 6. R. leucostachys. Sm. Hedges at Harrow, and Harrow Weald Common.

- β. R. vestitus. Weihe. Shady places in Harrow Park. Horsington Wood. (Lees.)
 - 7. villicaulis. W. and N. Pinner Wood.
 - 8. R. macrophyllus. Weihe. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)
 - 9. R. hystrix. Weihe. Shady places in Harrow Park.
- 10. R. rosaceus. Weihe. Borders of drive to Pinner Hill.
- 11. R. pygmæus. Weihe. A rare form. On hedge bank, east side of Pinner Wood.
- 12. R. scaber. Weihe. Hedges at Harrow. Horsington Hill. (Lees.)
- 13. R. rudis. Weihe. Horsington Hill. (Lees.)
- 14. R. Radula. Weihe. Shady places at Wood End;
 Northolt.
- 15. R. Koehleri. Weihe. Horsington Wood. (Lees.)
- 16. R. pallidus. Weihe. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)
- 17. R. Lejeunii. Weihe. Rare. Edge of Oxhey Wood. Horsington Wood. (Lees.)
- 18. R. glandulosus. Bell. Horsington Hill. (Lees.)
- R. Balfourianus. Blox. Hedges at Wood End, Northolt. Lane from Pinner Marsh to Field End.
- 20. R. corylifolius. Sm. Hedges at Harrow.
- a. R. sublustris. Lees. Hedges at Pinner.

- β. R. conjungens. Bab. Hedge in Uxbridge Road, Roxeth.
- γ. R. purpureus. Bab.? Hedges at Harrow.
- 21. R. althæifolius. Host. Hedge of Football Field, Harrow. Lanes near Pinner.
- 22. R. tuberculatus. Bab. R. dumetorum. Blox. Harrow. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)
- 23. R. cæsius. L. Perivale. (Lees.) [The Pinner Station belongs to R. althæifolius.]

FRAGARIA. (Strawberry.)

1. F. vesca. L. (Wood Strawberry.)
Woods and thickets. 5-7.

Frequent in the Grove, Harrow Park, Pinner Wood, and throughout the district.

2. F. elatior.* Ehrh. (Hautboy Strawberry.)
Hedges, etc. Probably everywhere escaped from cultivation. 6-9.

Railway embankment near Kenton, 1863; most likely an escape from some garden. Pinner Cemetery, accidentally introduced, now likely extinct.

POTENTILLA. (Cinque-foil.)

 P. anserina. L. (Silver Weed, Goose Grass, Wild Tansy.)

Road sides, moist meadows. 6, 7. Very common by the road sides.

- 2. P. reptans. L. (Common Creeping Cinque-foil.)
 Meadows, way sides. 6-9.
 Very common everywhere.
- 3. P. Tormentilla. Sibth. (Tormentil Sept-foil.) Moors and heathy places. 6-8.

Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons. I have found the flowers double at the former place. It very often occurs with five petals, though four is the usual number. It is the *Tormentilla officinalis* of Smith. (Edition i.)

- β. P. procumbens. Sibth. T. reptans. L. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. P. fragariastrum. Ehrh. (Strawberry-leaved Potentilla, Barren Strawberry.)

Woods, banks, and pastures. 3-6.

Very common, and similar to the Fragaria vesca; it is the Fragaria sterilis of Linnæus.

ALCHEMILLA. (Lady's Mantle.)

- A. vulgaris. L. (Common Lady's Mantle.)
 Hill pastures. 6-8.
 Harrow. (Flor. Midd.) Stanmore. (Varenne.)
- 2. A. arvensis. L. (Field Lady's Mantle or Parsley Piert.)

Fields, gravelly soils. 5-8.

Ruislip Common and Harrow Weald; waste ground at Pinner.

SANGUISORBA. (Burnet.)

S. officinalis. L. (Great Burnet.)
 Moist meadows. 6-8.

Whitchurch and Stanmore. (Varenne.) Near Stone-bridge. (Wharton.) Kingsbury. (Flor. Midd.)

POTERIUM. (Salad Burnet.)

P. Sanguisorba. L.* (Salad Burnet.)
 Dry calcareous soil. 6-8.
 Pinner Hill. A single plant accidentally introduced.

AGRIMONIA, (Agrimony.)

A. Eupatoria. L. (Common Agrimony.)
 Borders of fields and meadows. 6, 7.
 Common at Harrow and throughout the district.

ROSA. (Rose, Sweet Briar.)

I. R. rubiginosa. L. (True Sweet Briar.)
Bushy Places. 6, 7.

Hedge near Football Field; in the Greenford Road, near the Green Lane; and at Roxeth. Porridge-pot Hill, Pinner. Stanmore; (Varenne.)

2. R. villosa. L. (Villous Rose.)

Hedges, etc. 6, 7.

A north country plant, apparently indigenous in a field near the Railway Station at Greenhill, also in the hedge at Roxeth, by the Harrow Gasworks.

3. R. tomentosa. Sm. (Downy-leaved Rose.) Hedges. 6, 7.

At Roxeth. I have found it in a hedge at Greenhill. (Edition i.)

4. R. Canina. L. (Common Dog Rose.) Hedges, etc. Abundant. 6, 7. The following varieties are found here.

R. sarmentacea. Woods.

R. surculosa. Woods.

R. Forsteri. Sm.

Hardly differing from R. canina.

R. systyla. Woods. (Close Styled Dog Rose.)
 Hedges. 6, 7.
 "Near Pinner Railway Station." (Flor. Midd.)

R. arvensis. L. (Trailing White Dog Rose.)
 Woods, Hedges, etc. 6, 7.
 Common in most of the hedges.

MESPILUS. (Medlar.)

M. germanica.* L. (Common Mcdlar.)
 Hedges and woods, scarcely wild. 5, 6.
 The Grove, Harrow.

CRATÆGUS. (Hawthorn, May, Whitethorn.)

I. C. oxyacantha. L. (Hawthorn.)
Woods and hedges. 5, 6.

Abundant. At Alperton I found a dark pink variety in a hedge near the Canal Bridge. (Edition i.)

a. C. oxyacantha. L. Jacq. Having one to three styles and nuts, fruit oval.

Harrow, Nower Hill, Pinner. Ruislip, Alperton, Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

6. C. monogyna. Jacq. Having only one style and one nut, fruit subglobose.

The more usual form. Found in all hedges.

PYRUS. (Pear, Apple, Service Tree.)

P. communis.* L. (Wild Pear.)
 Woods and hedges. 4, 5. (See Flor Midd.)
 The Grove and Harrow Park? Between Neesde

The Grove and Harrow Park? Between Neesdon and Blackpot Hill. (Farrar.)

2. P. Malus. L. (Crab Apple.)
Woods and hedges. 5.

Not unfrequent in the hedges at Harrow; at Pinner, Harrow Weald and throughout the district.

- P. torminalis. Sm. (Wild Service Tree.)
 Woods and hedges. 4-6.
 Hedge in Football Field. Pinner Wood. Rare.
- 4. P. Aucuparia.* Gærtn. (Mountain Ash, or Rowan Tree.)
 Woods and plantations. 5, 6.
 The Grove, Harrow Park, and several other plantations.
- 5. P. Aria. Sm. (White Beam Tree.)
 Woods. 5, 6.

A fine tree in the Grove, Harrow, probably planted there. (Edition i.) Hedges near Alperton. (Newbould.)

ORDER XXVIII. ONAGRACEÆ. (WILLOW HERB TRIBE.)

EPILOBIUM. (Willow Herb).

E. angustifolium.* L. (Rose-bay, or French Willow Herb.)

Moist woods and banks. 7, 8.

Harrow Weald; Pinner.

2. E. hirsutum. L. (Great Hairy Willow Herb, Codlings and Cream.)

Sides of ditches, canals, etc. 7, 8.

Common by the side of streams and the Canal. The Brook, Pinner.

3. E. parviflorum. Schreb. (Small-flowered Hairy Willow Herb.)

Marshes and ditches. 7, 8.

Canal, also in many ditches at Harrow, Ruislip, Pinner, etc.

4. E. montanum. L. (Broad smooth-leaved Willow Herb.)

Dry shady banks, etc. 6, 7.

Common in Harrow Park, the Grove, and throughout the district.

5. E. roseum. Schreb. (Pale Smooth-leaved Willow Herb.)

Moist places. 7, 8.

Moss Lane, Pinner, near the brook.

- E. tetragonum. L. (Square-stalked Willow Herb.)
 Sides of ditches and watery places. 7, 8.
 Ditches, etc., at Harrow. Very common.
- 7. E. obscurum. Schreb. (Twiggy Willow Herb.) Wet places. 7, 8.

Harrow; Moss Lane, Pinner. Harrow Weald Common and Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

CIRCÆA. (Enchanter's Nightshade.)

C. lutetiana. L. (Common Enchanter's Nightshade.)
 Woods and shady places. 6-8.

Harrow Park; the Grove, Harrow. (Edition i.) Not

uncommon in Pinner.

ORDER XXIX. HALORAGACE Æ. (MARE'S TAIL TRIBE.)

MYRIOPHYLLUM. (Water Milfoil.)

- M. verticillatum. L. (Whorled Water Milfoil.)
 Ponds and ditches. 7, 8.
 Ditch near Greenford. (Farrar.)
- M. spicatum. L. (Spiked Water Milfoil.)
 Ditches and stagnant ponds. 6, 7.
 Canal, Greenford; pond near Ruislip Common; pond in Bentley Priory grounds. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XXX. LYTHRACEÆ. (PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE TRIBE.)

LYTHRUM. (Purple Loosestrife.)

L. Salicaria. L. (Spiked Purple Loosestrife.)
 Watery and marshy places. 7-9.

Canal, near Greenford and Alperton; in abundance at the river Brent. Ruislip; Woodridings, Pinner.

PEPLIS. (Water Purslane.)

P. Portula. L. (Common water Purslane.)
 Watery places. 6-8.

Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons. Field End, Eastcott; Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XXXII. CUCURBITACEÆ. (GOURD TRIBE.)

BRYONIA. (Bryony.)

B. dioica. Jacq. (Red-berried Bryony.)
 Thickets and hedges. 5-9.

Not unfrequent in the hedges at Harrow, Roxeth, Pinner, etc.

ORDER XXXIII. PORTULACACEÆ. (PURSLANE TRIBE.)

MONTIA. (Water Blinks.)

M. fontana. L. (Blinks, or Water Chickweed).
 Wet and marshy ground. 4-8.
 Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons; frequent.
 Stanmore Heath; (Flor. Midd.)

[Claytonia perfoliata, Don. as a weed, introduced with foreign soil, at The Grove, Stanmore.]

ORDER XXXIV. PARONYCHIACE Æ. (STRAPWORT TRIBE.)

[POLYCARPON. (All-seed.)

I. P. tetraphyllum.* L. (Four-leaved All-seed.)
Garden at Harrow, occurring by accident, 6, 7.

It is a native of the south-west coast and Channel Islands, and has no business whatever in the Flora of Harrow.]

SPERGULARIA. (Sandwort Spurrey.)

 S. rubra. A. St. Hil. (Field Sandwort Spurrey.) Lepigonum rubrum. Fr.

Gravelly or sandy soils. 6-9.

New Churchyard Path, Peterborough Road, Harrow, and Harrow Weald Common, in abundance. Pinner Cemetery; Pinner Hill. This genus is the *Arenaria* of Linnæus, and by some transferred, together with *Polycarpon and Spergula*, to the Nat. Ord. *Caryophyllacea*.

SPERGULA. (Spurrey.)

I. S. arvensis. L. (Corn Spurrey.)
Corn-fields and waste ground, 6-8.

- a. S. arvensis. R. Seeds with minute raised points. Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)
- β. S. vulgaris. Bœningh. Seeds with white or brown club-shaped papillæ.

Corn-fields, Ruislip; Woodridings, Pinner. Stanmore Heath, Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XXXV. CRASSULACEÆ. (HOUSE LEEK TRIBE.)

TILLÆA.

Barren sandy heaths. 6, 7.
On an old wall near Kingsbury. (Wharton.)

SEMPERVIVUM. (House Leek.)

S. tectorum.* L. (Common House Leek.)
 House tops and on walls. 7, 8.
 Not unfrequent on the roofs of cottages. A questionably indigenous plant.

SEDUM. (Stonecrop.)

- I. S. Telephium. L. (Orpine. Livelong.)
 Hedgebanks and thickets. 7, 8.
 Stanmore. (Varenne.) Copse in Headstone Lane,
 Pinner; plentiful. Not unlikely the S. Fabaria, Koch.
- 2. S. album.* L. (White Stonecrop.)

 Calcareous rocks and walls. 7, 8.

 Stanmore, probably not wild. (Varenne.) Introduced from Westmoreland into several Gardens in Pinner.

3. S. acre. L. (Biting Stonecrop.)
Walls, etc. 6, 7.

Grove wall, Harrow; garden wall at Roxeth. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

4. S. reflexum. L. (Crooked Yellow Stonecrop.)
Walls, roofs of houses, etc. 7, 8.

Old garden wall at Roxeth, growing with S. acre. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XXXVI. GROSSULARIACEÆ. (GOOSEBERRY TRIBE.)

RIBES. (Currant, Gooseberry.)

- R. rubrum.* L. (Red Currant.)
 Woods and hedges. 4, 5.
 Harrow Park.
- 2. R. Grossularia.* L. (Common Gooseberry.)
 Hedges and thickets. 4, 5.

Grove wall, Harrow; and Harrow Park: both these plants are doubtfully indigenous here.

ORDER XXXVII. SAXIFRAGACEÆ. (SAXIFRAGE TTIBE.)

I. S. tridactylites. L. (Rue-leaved Saxifrage.)
Old walls. 4-7.

Grove wall, Harrow; wall of Hogarth cottage, Crown Street; kitchen garden wall of Harrow Park, the wall was however partially removed about 1865 or 1866, so it may be now extinct in this locality; walls at Headstone, Pinner and Eastcott. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XXXVIII. UMBELLIFERÆ. (UMBELLIFEROUS OR HEMLOCK TRIBE.)

HYDROCOTYLE. (White-rot.)

I. H. vulgaris. L. (Common White-rot, or Marsh Pennywort.)

Bogs and marshes. 5-8.

Frequent at Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons; also in the wet ground round Ruislip Reservoir. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

SANICULA. (Sanicle.)

I. S. europea. L. (Wood Sanicle.)
Woods and thickets. 6, 7.
Woods at Bentley Priory, Stanmore, Pinner Wood.

APIUM. (Celery.)

1. A. graveolens.* L. (Smallage, or Wild Celery.) Wet places, generally near the sea. 6-8.

Railway Bank, near Railway Bridge. (Farrar.) Greenford, and between Perivale and Harrow. (Lees.) All likely garden escapes.

PETROSELINUM. (Parsley.)

I. P. sativum.* Hoffm. (Common Parsley.)
Old walls. 6-8.

On an old garden wall in the rear of houses in Crown Street, Hog Lane, Harrow, now nearly extinct there.

HELOSCIADIUM. (Marsh Wort.)

H. nodiflorum. Koch. (Procumbent Marsh Wort.)
 Sides of rivulets and ditches. 7, 8.
 Side of Canal, Greenford; streams at Pinner.

2. H. inundatum. Koch. (Least Marsh Wort.)
Pools and lakes. 6, 7.

Pools on Harrow Weald Common, the plants entirely or nearly submerged; also in a pond at Alperton. Pinner Hill. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

SISON. (Bastard Stone Parsley.)

I. S. Amomum. L. (Hedge Stone Parsley.)
Banks and moist ground. 8, 9.

Very frequent by the road side. The whole plant has a disagreeable odour. Especially common at Roxborough, near the turnpike on the Pinner Road.

ÆGOPODIUM. (Gout Weed.)

 Æ Podagraria. L. (Common Gout Weed, or Bishop's Weed.)

Gardens and shady places. 6-8.

Harrow Park, abundant; small garden enclosure at Pinner, and Mr. Smith's garden, near the Cricket Field, Harrow. A plant formerly introduced into gardens by the monks.

[CARUM.

I. C. Carui. L. (Caraway.)Meadows and pastures. 6.Railway Bank, Pinner. (Farrar.)

BUNIUM. (Earth Nut, Pig Nut.)

I. B. flexuosum. With. (Common Earth Nut.)
Woods and pastures. 5, 6.

Pinner Road, Harrow Park, Pinner and Stanmore Woods. Frequent. The root is often eaten.

PIMPINELLA. (Burnet Saxifrage.)

- P. Saxifraga. L. (Common Burnet Saxifrage.)
 Dry pastures. 7-9.
 Very common in the fields and by road sides.
- 2. P. magna. L. (Great Burnet Saxifrage.) Shady places. 7, 8.

"In a meadow on the left hand on this side Brent Bridge, near Kingsbury, in Harrow-on-the-Hill Road. Mr. Vardy." (Doody MSS. in Flor. Midd.)

SIUM. (Water Parsnep.)

I. S. angustifolium. L. (Narrow-leaved Water Parsnep.)

Ditches and rivulets. 7, 8.

Canal at Greenford; Harrow Weald; Eastcott. Alperton. (Lees.) The Brent. (Farrar.)

[BUPLEURUM. (Hare's Ear.)

I. B. rotundifolium.* L. (Thorough-Wax.)

Corn-fields on a chalky soil. 7.

A single plant unaccountably appeared in the Parsonage garden, Pinner, in 1869.]

CENANTHE. (Water Dropwort.

- E. fistulosa. L. (Common Water Dropwort.)
 Ditches. 7-9.
 Wet pastures at Ruislip.
- 2. Œ. silaifolia. Bieb.? (Silaus-leaved Water Dropwort.)

 Marshes. 6.

Banks of the Brent, near Greenford; side of the Brent, near Preston. Opposite Woodford House, Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

3. Œ. Phellandrium. Lam. (Fine-leaved Water Dropwort. Horsebane.)

Ditches and ponds. 7-9.

"In the Brent at Alperton, abundant." (Lees.)

ÆTHUSA. (Fool's Parsley.)

E. Cynapium. L. (Common Fool's Parsley.)
 Fields, gardens, and waste ground. 7-9.
 Abundant as a weed in gardens and on waste heaps.
 Whole plant very poisonous.

SILAUS. (Pepper Saxifrage.)

S. pratensis. Besser. (Meadow Pepper Saxifrage.)
 Pastures and meadows. 6-9.

Headstone Drive, not unfrequent in the meadows at Harrow, especially in the field at the back of the Grove. Of constant occurrence at Pinner. Both this and the Sison Amomum are abundant here, though rare in the North.

ANGELICA. (Angelica.)

A. sylvestris. L. (Wild Angelica.)
 Moist woods and marshy places. 7, 8.

Not unfrequent in Pinner Wood, and by ditches, etc. Common along the road by the bathing place.

PASTINACA. (Parsnep.)

P. sativa. L. (Common Wild Parsnep.)Borders of fields and pastures. 7, 8.Not unfrequent on the Railway Embankment: in a

Not unfrequent on the Railway Embankment: in a field at Roxeth. Chalk-pits, Pinner.

HERACLEUM. (Cow Parsnep.)

 H. Sphondylium. L. (Common Cow Parsnep, or Hog Weed.)
 Hedges, pastures, and bushy places. 7-9
 Everywhere abundant.

CONIUM. (Hemlock.)

C. maculatum. L. (True Hemlock.)
 Waste places and banks 6, 7.

At Roxeth; in a field adjoining the Roxborough Turnpike on the Pinner Road; hedges at Roxborough; waste ground at Horsington; fields near the Rifle Range; Headstone, Pinner.

SMYRNIUM. (Alexanders.)

S. Olusatrum.* L. (Common Alexanders.)
 Waste ground and among ruins. 4-6.
 Among the ruins of old Stanmore Church. (F. W.

Among the ruins of old Stanmore Church. (F. W. Longman.)

SCANDIX. (Shepherd's Needle.)

 S. Pecten-Veneris. L. (Common Shepherd's Needle, or Venus' Comb.)
 Corn-fields. 6-9.

At Wood End and Kenton; among the corn. Pinner and Ruislip.

ANTHRISCUS. (Beaked Parsley.)

A. sylvestris. Hoffm. (Wild Beaked Parsley.)
 Hedges and borders of fields. 4-6.

Everywhere common. The first of this tribe to come into flower.

CHÆROPHYLLUM. (Chervil.)

I. C. temulum. L. (Rough Chervil.) Hedges and copses. 6, 7.

Very common; somewhat similar to Anthriscus sylvestris, but comes into flower just when the other goes to seed.

DAUCUS. (Carrot.)

D. Carota. L. (Wild Carrot.)
 Pastures and borders of fields. 6-8.

Hedges and Railway Embankment. Very frequent throughout the district.

TORILIS. (Hedge Parsley.)

 T. Anthriscus. Gærtn. (Upright Hedge Parsley.) Hedges and waste places. 7-9.

Very common. This plant comes into flower when Charophyllum goes out.

ORDER XXXIX. ARALIACEÆ. (ARALIA TRIBE.)

ADOXA. (Moschatel.)

A. Moschatellina. L. (Tuberous Moschatel.)
 Woods and shady banks. 4, 5.
 Fields by Blackpot Farm, near the Brent. (Farrar.)

HEDERA. (Ivy.)

H. Helix. L. (Common Ivy.)
 Woods, old buildings, etc. 10, 11.
 Abundant in all hedgerows, woods and copses.

ORDER XL. CORNACEÆ. (CORNEL TRIBE.)

CORNUS. (Cornel.)

C. sanguinea. L. (Wild Cornel, or Dogwood.)
 Woods and thickets. 6, 7.
 Hedges at Harrow, Pinner Wood, etc. Very frequent.

ORDER XLI. LORANTHACEÆ. (MISTLETOE TRIBE.)

VISCUM. (Mistletoe.)

I. V. album. L. (Common Mistletoe.)
Parasitical on trees. 3, 4.

On an apple tree at the Manor House, Pinner (recently destroyed). On apple trees and thorns at Northwood; formerly abundant. "On lime trees at Cannons, Whitchurch." (Pet. Collinson.)

ORDER XLII. CAPRIFOLIACEÆ. (HONEYSUCKLE TRIBE.)

SAMBUCUS. (Elder.)

S. Ebulus. L. (Dwarf Elder. Dane Wort.)
 Hedge banks. 8.
 Near Greenford. (Lees.)

2. S. nigra. L. (Common Elder.)

Woods, coppices, etc. 6, 7.

Common in plantations, such as the Grove and Harrow Park; also not unfrequent in the hedges.

VIBURNUM. (Guelder Rose.)

V. Lantana. L. (Mealy Guelder Rose, or Wayfaring Tree.)
 Woods and hedges. 5, 6.

In Harrow Park. (Edition i.)

2. V. Opulus. L. (Common Guelder Rose.)
Woods and coppices. 6, 7.

Abundant in Harrow Park, near the Archery ground; in hedges at Wood End; Pinner Wood.

LONICERA. (Honeysuckle.)

1. L. Periclymenum. L. (Common Honeysuckle, or Woodbine.)

Woods and hedges. 6-9.

Frequent. Along the Kenton Road hedge, between the Turnpike and the Harrow side of the Railway Bridge is found the variety *Quercifolia*, the leaves being lobed like that of an oak. The same variety is found in the Green Lane, by the Greenford Road. (Edition i.)

2. L. Xylosteum.* L. (Upright Fly Honeysuckle.)
Thickets and woods. 5, 6.

Two shrubs of this plant are found in the Grove, Harrow, which have both been undoubtedly planted at some remote period. (Edition i.)

ORDER XLIII. RUBIACEÆ. (MADDER TRIBE.)

GALIUM. (Bedstraw.)

G. verum. L. (Yellow Bedstraw.)
 Dry banks. 6-9.

Field near Harrow Station, Railway Embankment, bank at Wood End. Not unfrequent in hedges at Kenton, near Kenton Brook, Harrow Weald and Pinner.

2. G. saxatile. L. (Smooth Heath Bedstraw.)
Heathy spots. 6-8.

Very common at Harrow Weald and Ruislip. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

- G. uliginosum. L. (Rough Marsh Bedstraw.)
 Wet meadows and sides of ditches. 7, 8.
 Ponds at Roxeth. Exceedingly similar to the next.
 It does not turn black in drying, which G. palustre does.
- 4. G. palustre. L. (White Water Bedstraw.)
 Sides of ditches, rivulets, etc. 7, 8.
 Very common everywhere.
- a. G. elongatum. Syme. Roxeth.
- β. G. genuinum. Syme. Harrow.
- γ. Witheringii. Syme. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)
- 5. G. Mollugo. L. Great (White Hedge Bedstraw.)
 Hedges and thickets. 7, 8,
 Hedges at Harrow, etc. Woodhall, Pinner; Harrow
 Woold (Flow Widd) Greenford (Cooper) Very

Weald. (Flor. Midd.) Greenford. (Cooper.) Very common.

6. G. Aparine. L. (Goose Grass, or Cleavers.)Hedges. 6, 7.Most abundant. This plant is known in some places

by the name of "Scratch tongue."

SHERARDIA. (Field Madder.)

I. S. arvensis. L. (Blue Sherardia, or Little Field Madder.)

Corn-fields and gravelly soil. 4-10.

Fields at Ruislip; Pinner Hill; near Harrow Railway Station. (Farrar.) Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

ASPERULA. (Woodruff.)

I. A. odorata. L. (Sweet Woodruff.)
Woods and shady places. 5, 6.
Ruislip; path by Julian Hill, Harrow. (Farrar.)
Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XLIV. VALERIANACEÆ. (VALERIAN TRIBE.)

CENTRANTHUS. (Spur Valerian.)

C. ruber.* DC. (Red Spur Valerian.)
 Chalky ground and old walls. 6-9.
 Headstone Moat; likely from cultivation.

VALERIANA. (Valerian.)

- V. officinalis. L. (Great Wild Valerian.)
 Ditches and sides of rivers. 6-8.
 Ditches at Ruislip, side of Pinner Brook.
- V. dioica. L. (Small Marsh Valerian.)
 Moist places. 5, 6.
 Wet pastures at Ruislip.

FEDIA. (Corn Salad.)

 F. olitoria. Vahl. (Common Corn Salad, or Lamb's Lettuce.)

Banks and corn fields. 4-6.

Not very frequent. Banks at Roxeth. In Dr. Dove's garden, Pinner, at the foot of and on the walls.

2. F. dentata. Deitr. (Smooth Narrow-fruited Corn Salad.)

Corn-fields and hedge banks. 6-8. Found in corn-fields at Ruislip.

ORDER XLV. DIPSACEÆ. (TEAZEL TRIBE.)

DIPSACUS. (Teazel.)

1. D. sylvestris. L. (Wild Teazel.) Road sides and hedges. 8, 9.

Very common by the road sides at Harrow; Nower Hill, Pinner; Alperton; Edgware. (Flor. Midd.)

SCABIOSA. (Scabious.)

S. succisa. L. (Premorse, or Devil's Bit Scabious.)
 Meadows and pastures. 7-10.

Railway Embankment; and abundant in the fields about Harrow, Pinner, and Ruislip. Stonebridge. (Farrar.)

KNAUTIA. (Knautia.)

I. K. arvensis. Coult. (Field Scabious, or Knautia.)
Pastures and corn-fields. 6-8.

Pastures at Greenford. Abundant on the Railway Embankment. Chalk pits, Pinner. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

ORDER XLVI. COMPOSITÆ. (COMPOUND FLOWERS.)

This is the largest Natural order of Plants. It has been subdivided into three tribes:

- 1. THE CICHORACE Æ. (CHICORY AND DANDELION TRIBE.)
- 2. THE CYNAROCEPHALÆ. (ARTICHOKE, OR THISTLE TRIBE.)
- 3. THE CORYMBIFERÆ. (HEMP AGRIMONY AND COLT'S-FOOT TRIBE.)

TRIBE L. CICHORACE Æ. (CHICORY TRIBE.)

TRAGOPOGON. (Goat's Beard.)

- I. T. pratensis. L. (Yellow Goat's Beard.)
- β. T. minor. Fries.

Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.

Foot-ball-field; Railway Embankment; side of Canal, Greenford, etc.; not unfrequent. Meadows at Wood End and Pinner. A familiar name of this plant is, "Jack go to bed at noon," in allusion to its petals being closed at noonday.

2. T. porrifolius.* L. (Purple Goat's Beard, or Salsafy.)

Moist meadows and pastures. 5, 6.

"Several spots in the neighbourhood of Greenhill and Roxeth." Not indigenous.

HELMINTHIA. (Ox Tongue.)

 H. echioides. Gærtn. (Bristly Ox Tongue.) Borders of fields and way sides. Pinner Road, common; Greenhill and Kenton; Road side, Pinner. Horsington Hill; between Sudbury Station and Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)

APARGIA. (Hawkbit.)

A. hispida. Willd. (Rough Hawkbit.)
 Meadows and pastures. 6-9.

Not unfrequent at Alperton and Pinner. Stanmore. (Varenne.) Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

2. A. autumnalis. Willd. (Autumnal Hawkbit.)
Meadows. 8, 9.

Not unfrequent in meadows at Harrow. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

THRINCIA. (Thrincia.)

I. T. hirta. D.C. (Hairy Thrincia.)
Gravelly pastures and moors. 6, 7.

Pastures at Harrow, such as the Cricket Field, Pinner, etc.; very common. Mr. Bentham unites both *Apargia* and this to the genus *Leontodon*, or Dandelion.

HYPOCHÆRIS. (Cat's Ear.)

H. radicata. L. (Long-rooted Cat's Ear.)
 Meadows and way sides. 7, 8.
 Very common everywhere.

LACTUCA. (Lettuce.)

L. virosa. L. (Strong-scented Lettuce.)
 Banks and way sides, 7, 8.
 Found in abundance along the Pinner and Greenford

roads; in the lanes at Pinner and Eastcott. It is one of the rarities of Harrow. The whole plant is poisonous.

- 2. L. Scariola. L. (Prickly Lettuce.)
 Waste ground, rare. 8, 9.
 Near Harrow. (Hemsley.)
- 3. L. muralis. DC. (Ivy-leaved Lettuce.)
 Banks, rocks, and old walls. 7, 8.
 Headstone Lane and Payne's Lane, Pinner; Pinner
 Hill; Ruislip Church.

SONCHUS. (Sow Thistle.)

1. S. arvensis. L. (Corn Sow Thistle.) Corn-fields. 8, 9.

Near Kenton, and in Headstone Drive; Pinner Hill. Alperton; Harrow Weald Churchyard. (Flor. Midd.)

2. S. oleraceus. L. (Common Annual Sow Thistle.)
Waste places and cultivated ground. 6-8.

Abundant; both the varieties, with leaves divided and leaves entire, found commonly.

3. S. asper. Hoffm. (Sharp-fringed Annual Sow Thistle.)
Waste places. 6-8.

At Kenton, and road sides, Harrow; Pinner; not so common as the preceding. I also have found it at Greenford, near the Canal. (Edition i.)

CREPIS. (Hawk's Beard.)

I. C. virens. L. (Smooth Hawk's Beard.)
Dry pastures, etc. 6-9.
Ruislip, abundant; Headstone Drive; Roxborough;
Pinner.

LEONTODON. (Dandelion.)

 L. Taraxacum. L. (Common Dandelion.) Meadows and pastures. 3-10.

Abundant everywhere, flowering almost all the year round. I have twice found a monstrosity with two heads on one flower stalk. (Edition i.)

B. erythrospermum. DC. (Narrow Leaved Dandelion.)

Old walls, dry waste places and roadsides. 5-7. Common throughout the County. (Flor. Midd.)

HIERACIUM. (Hawkweed.)

 H. Pilosella. L. (Common Mouse Ear Hawkweed.) Banks and dry pastures. 5-8.

Railway Embankment, Rickmansworth Road, Harrow Weald Common, etc. Not unfrequent.

- 2. H. aurantiacum.* L. (Orange Hawkweed.)
 Woods. An outcast from cottage gardens. 6, 7.
 Old wall at Miss Hill's, near Cricket ground; growing in pavement at Mrs. Willett's, Pinner.
- 3. H. vulgatum. Fries. (Wood Hawkweed.)
 Frequent in woods and on banks. 7-9.
 Harrow Weald Common, Ruislip Wood. Stanmore
 Heath; Bentley Priory. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. H. boreale. Fries. (Shrubby broad-leaved Hawk-weed.)

Woods, hedges. 7, 8.

Found at Harrow Weald Common. Horsington Wood, (Lees.) Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

LAPSANA. (Nipple Wort.)

L. communis. L. (Common Nipple Wort.)
 Waste and cultivated ground. 7-9.
 Very common everywhere.

TRIBE II. CYNAROCEPHALÆ. (THISTLE TRIBE.)

ARCTIUM. (Burdock.)

- A. majus. Schk. (Great Burdock.)
 Waste places and way sides. 7, 8.
 Harrow; Wood End; Porridge-pot Hill, Pinner.
- A. minus. Schk. (Lesser Burdock.)
 Waste places. 8.
 Roxeth. Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. A. intermedium. Lange. (Intermediate Burdock.)
 Waste places. 8.
 Harrow. Alperton; Horsington Hill; Cannons;
 Whitchurch. (Flor. Midd.)

SERRATULA. (Saw-wort.)

S. tinctoria. L. (Common Saw-wort.)
 Thickets and pastures. 8, 9.
 Meadows at Roxeth, and a copse at Headstone, Pinner.
 Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

CARDUUS. (Thistle.)

C. Marianus.* L. (Milk Thistle.)
 Banks.
 In gardens at Roxeth, not wild. Occurred spontaneously

in Pinner in 1865 and subsequent years where an old fence had stood.

C. acanthoides. L. (Welted Thistle.)
 Way sides and waste places. 6-8.
 "Near Harrow Weald Common." (Flor. Midd.)

CARLINA. (Carline Thistle.)

Dry sandy heaths. 7-9.
Ruislip Common. The flowers, which expand in

Ruislip Common. The flowers, which expand in dry weather, and close before rain, retain this property after they are dried, and are used as hygrometers.

CNICUS. (Plume Thistle.)

- I. C. lanceolatus. Willd. (Spear Plume Thistle.)Way sides and pastures. 7, 8.Not unfrequent in the road sides at Harrow, etc.
- 2. C. palustris. Willd. (Marsh Plume Thistle.)
 Moist meadows. 7, 8.

Abundant. The tallest English species, being on an average 4 feet 6 inches high, flowers sometimes white.

3. C. arvensis. Hoffm. (Creeping Field Plume Thistle.)
Fields and road sides. 7, 8,

Everywhere abundant.

C. pratensis. Willd. (Meadow Plume Thistle.)
 Wet Pastures. 6-8.
 Marshy pastures at Ruislip. Stanmore Heath. (Flor.

Herts. Supp.)

C. acaulis. Willd. (Stemless Dwarf Plume Thistle.)
 Dry gravelly pastures. 7-9.
 Not unfrequent on Ruislip Common.

CENTAUREA. (Knapweed.)

 C. nigra. L. (Common Black Discoid Knapweed.) Meadows and pastures. 6-10.

Abundant everywhere. In the field behind the Grove, Harrow, I once found a rayed variety, which perhaps is *C. nigrescens*, Godr. (Black-rayed Knapweed.) (Edition i.)

C. Cyanus. L. (Corn Blue Bottle.)
 Corn-fields and waste ground. 6-8.
 Near the Chalk Pits, Pinner.

TRIBE III. CORYMBIFERÆ.

BIDENS. (Bur Marigold.

B. cernua. L. (Nodding Bur Marigold.)
 Sides of rivulets, ditches, etc. 7-10.
 Pools at Harrow. Weald Stone. Stanmore Heath.
 (Flor. Midd.) Larger than the next in all its parts.

2. B. tripartita. L. (Trifid Bur Marigold.)
Marshy places, sides of ponds. 7-9.

Pond in a field near the junction of the Perivale and Greenford Roads, Grove Pond, and by a pool at Greenhill. Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

EUPATORIUM. (Hemp Agrimony.)

I. E. cannabinum.* (Common Hemp Agrimony.)
Banks of streams and ditches. 8, 9.

A single chance plant at Pinner. (Bank of the Colne near Hamper Mill, beyond the limits of the Harrow district.)

TANACETUM. L. (Tansy.)

I. T. vulgare. L. (Common Tansy.)
Borders of fields and road sides. 8, 9.

Occasionally found in waste places at Harrow, and on the banks of the Brent.

ARTEMISIA. (Worm Wood.)

A. vulgaris. L. (Common Wormwood, or Mugwort.)
 Sides of hedges. 7-9.

Banks at Greenhill; Woodridings, Pinner. Near Weald Park. (Farrar.)

GNAPHALIUM. (Cudweed.)

G. uliginosum. L. (Marsh Cudweed.)
 Sandy and wet places. 7-9.

Cricket field, Harrow; by the road side at Pinner; and on the Rickmansworth Road; Ruislip, etc.

2. G. sylvaticum. L. (Highland Cudweed.) Heaths and woods. 7-9.

Harrow Weald Common; Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

FILAGO. (Filago.)

- F. minima. Pers. (Least Filago, or Cudweed.)
 Dry and gravelly places. 6-9.
 Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Varenne.)
- F. germanica. L. (Common Filago.)
 Sandy and gravelly places, and dry pastures. 7-9.
 Banks at Eastcott. Stanmore. (Varenne.) Harrow
 Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

PETASITES. (Butterbur.)

P. vulgaris. Desf.
 Swamps. 3, 4.
 Near the Lake, Bentley Priory.

[P. fragrans.* Presl. An alien: is well established near the gate from Julians, into Harrow Park.]

TUSSILAGO. (Colt's-Foot.)

T. Farfara. L. (Common Colt's-Foot.)
 Moist and clay soils. 3, 4.
 Abundant; by the road sides and on the Railway

Abundant; by the road sides and on the Railway Embankment.

SOLIDAGO. (Golden Rod.)

I. S. Virgaurea. L. (Common Yellow Golden Rod.)
Woods and thickets. 7-9.
Pinner Wood.

SENECIO. (Groundsel, Ragwort, Fleawort.)

- S. vulgaris. L. (Common Groundsel.)
 Waste places. 1-12.
 Abundant.
- S. sylvaticus. L. (Mountain Groundsel.)
 Dry soils, banks, and gravelly pastures. 7-9.
 Edges of corn-fields at Ruislip; on Harrow Weald
 Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. S. erucæfolius. L. (Hoary Ragwort.)
 Way sides and pastures. 7-9.
 Railway Embankment, fields, etc.; very abundant.

4. S. aquaticus. Huds. (Marsh Ragwort.) Wet places. 7, 8.

Frequent throughout the district, and with S. erucifolius, taking the place of the more common S. Jacobæa,
L. which has not been found here.

INULA. (Elecampane.)

I. Conyza. DC. (Ploughman's Spikenard.)
 Calcareous soil. 7-9.
 Between Perivale and Horsington Hill. Lees.

PULICARIA. (Flea Bane.)

P. dysenterica. Gærtn. (Common Yellow Flea Bane.)
 Moist places; sides of hedges, etc. 7-9.
 Generally dispersed throughout these parts.

BELLIS. (Daisy.)

B. perennis. L. (Common Daisy.)
 Pastures and road sides. 2-10.
 Abundant.

CHRYSANTHEMUM. (Oxeye Daisy.)

- C. Leucanthemum. L. (Great White Oxeye Daisy.)
 Dry pastures. 6-8.
 Railway Embankment, fields, etc.; abundant.
- C. segetum.* L. (Corn Marigold.)
 Corn-fields. 6-8.
 "A single plant on Harrow Weald Common." (Flor. Midd.)

MATRICARIA. (Wild Chamomile Feverfew.)

I. M. Parthenium. L. (Common Feverfew.)
Waste places, and in hedges. 6-9.

Field at the back of the King's Head Hotel, Harrow; Julian Hill; road side at Harrow Weald; Moss Lane, Pinner. This and the following are the *Pyrethrum* of Smith.

- M. inodora. L. (Corn Feverfew, or Scentless Mayweed.)
 Fields and way sides. 6-10.
 Very common in waste places.
- 3. M. Chamomilla. L. (Common Wild Chamomile.)
 Corn-fields and waste ground. 6-8.
 Harrow Weald; waste ground at Harrow.

ANTHEMIS. (Chamomile.)

A. Cotula. L. (Stinking Chamomile.)
 Waste places; by way sides. 6-9.
 Not uncommon throughout the district.

ACHILLÆA. (Yarrow, Milfoil.)

- A. Ptarmica. L. (Sneezewort Yarrow).
 Moist meadows and pastures. 7, 8.
 Headstone Drive; fields at Pinner; field behind the Grove, Harrow. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- A. Millefolium. L. (Common Milfoil.)
 Pastures and way sides. 6-9.
 Very common. Flowers sometimes found rose-coloured.

ORDER XLVII. CAMPANULACEÆ. (BELL FLOWER TRIBE.)

CAMPANULA.

- C. rotundifolia. L. (Round-leaved Bell Flower, or Common Blue Harebell.)
 Dry and hilly pastures. 7-9.
 Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons.
- C. Trachelium. L. (Nettle-leaved Bell-flower.)
 Woods and hedge-banks. 7, 8.
 Borders of Horsington Wood. Lees.
- C. hybrida.* L. (Corn Bell-flower.)
 Chalky corn-fields. 6-9.
 A single plant at Pinner in 1870.

[Phyteuma orbiculare. L. (Round-headed Rampion.) Recorded by the authors of "Indigenous Botany," 1793. Lane betwixt Kingsbury and Harrow, and meadows between Harrow and Pinner. Likely an error. (See Flor. Midd.)

JASIONE. (Sheep's Scabious.)

 J. montana. L. (Annual Sheep's bit, or Sheep's Scabious.)
 Dry banks and hills. 7.

Stanmore, 1815. (See Flor. Midd.)

SUB-CLASS III. COROLLIFLORÆ.

ORDER L. ERICACEÆ. (HEATH TRIBE.)

ERICA. (Heath.)

E. Tetralix. L. (Cross-leaved Heath.)
 Heaths and moory ground. 7, 8.
 Harrow Weald Common; Stanmore Heath.

CALLUNA. (Ling.)

C. vulgaris. Salisb. (Common Heather, or Ling.)
 Heaths and moory ground and woods. 6-8.
 Harrow Weald Common. Ruislin Common. Stanmore

Harrow Weald Common, Ruislip Common, Stanmore Heath. Peterborough Road, Harrow. (Edition i.)

ORDER LI. PYROLACEÆ.

PYROLA. (Winter-green.)

I. P. minor. L. (Lesser Winter-green.)
Mossy woods and thickets. 6, 7.

Covering a large space on the turf at the Grove, Stanmore. This interesting addition to the Flora of Middlesex was made in June, 1874.

ORDER LIII. AQUIFOLIACEÆ. (HOLLY TRIBE.)

ILEX. (Holly.)

 I. Aquifolium. L. (Common Holly.) Hedges and woods. 5-8.

Not unfrequent in plantations or hedges. Pinner Wood.

ORDER LIV. OLEACE Æ. (OLIVE TRIBE.)

LIGUSTRUM. (Privet.)

L. vulgare. L. (Privet, or Primprint.)
 Thickets and hedges. 6, 7.
 Very common in the hedges, where it is often planted.

FRAXINUS. (Ash.)

F. excelsior. L. (Common Ash.)
 Woods and hedges. 4, 5.
 Not unfrequent.

ORDER LV. APOCYNACEÆ. (Dog's Bane, or Periwinkle Tribe.)

VINCA. (Periwinkle.)

 V. minor. L. (Lesser Periwinkle). Hedges and banks in woods. 4-6.

Abundant in the Grove, Harrow, and Bentley Priory Woods, near Stanmore. The white-flowered variety has been planted outside Harrow Chapel.

2. V. major.* (Greater Periwinkle.)
Woods and thickets. 4, 5.

Hedge in Horsington Lane, suspiciously near some cottages, and Station Road, Harrow. This plant is probably not indigenous.

ORDER LVI. GENTIANACEÆ. (GENTIAN TRIBE.)

CHLORA. (Yellow-wort.)

I. C. perfoliata. L. (Perfoliate Yellow-wort.) Dry, chalky, or sandy ground. 7-9.

Road sides near Pinner Hill. (R. Ord.) Several plants in flower were gathered in 1863; it has not been observed since.

ERYTHRÆA. (Centaury.)

I. E. Centaurium. Pers. (Common Centaury.)
Dry pastures. 6-9.

Railway Embankment, Harrow; Ruislip Wood, and by the Reservoir, Ruislip; way sides and pastures at Pinner. A form with white flowers occurs plentifully on the bank of Ruislip Reservoir.

ORDER LVII. POLEMONIACEÆ. (JACOB'S LADDER TRIBE.)

POLEMONIUM. (Jacob's Ladder.)

P. cœruleum.* L. (Blue Jacob's Ladder.)
 Bushy hilly places, rare. 7.

In a plantation at Pinner Hill. No doubt a garden escape.

ORDER LVIII. CONVOLVULACEÆ. (CONVOLVULUS TRIBE.)

CONVOLVULUS. (Bindweed.)

I. C. arvensis. L. (Small Bindweed.) Corn-fields, hedges, etc. 6, 7.

Headstone Drive; Station Road, Harrow; Railway Embankment; corn-fields at Ruislip and Pinner.

CALYSTEGIA. (Hooded Bindweed.)

C. sepium. Br. (Great White Bindweed.)
 Hedges. 6-8.
 Commonly distributed.

ORDER LIX. BORAGINACEÆ. (BORAGE TRIBE.)

PULMONARIA. (Lungwort.)

I. P. officinalis.* L. (Common Lungwort.)
Woods and thickets. 5, 6.

I found one or two plants in the Grove, Harrow; probably not indigenous there. (Edition i.)

LITHOSPERMUM. (Gromwell.)

I. L. arvense.* L. (Corn Gromwell.)
Cornfields. 5-7.

Roxborough Park, Harrow. Introduced with soil. (Farrar.)

MYOSOTIS. (Scorpion Grass.)

- M. palustris. With. (Creeping Water Scorpion Grass, or Forget-me-not.)
 Ditches and sides of rivers. 6-8.
 Canal, Greenford, in abundance; River Brent.
- 2. M. repens. Don. (Creeping Water Scorpion Grass.)
 Moist boggy places. 6-8.

Ditches near Headstone Drive; marshy ground by Ruislip Reservoir.

3. M. cæspitosa. Schultz. (Tufted Water Scorpion Grass.)

Watery places. 6-8.

Not unfrequent in moist situations at Greenford, etc. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

- 4. M. arvensis. Hoffm. (Field Forget-me-not.)
 Hedge banks, etc. 5-8.
 Abundant.
- M. collina. Hoffm. (Early Field Scorpion Grass.)
 Wall tops and sandy banks. 4, 5.
 Greenford Churchyard wall, and very scarce there.

(Edition i.) Ruislip. (Flor. Midd.)

6. M. versicolor. Ehrh. (Yellow and Blue-flowered Scorpion Grass.)

Wet and dry meadows and pastures. 4-6.

Side of pool at Northolt; at Alperton, in waste ground, abundant; and near the Brent. (Edition i.)

ANCHUSA. (Alkanet.)

I. A. sempervirens.* L. (Evergreen Alkanet.) Waste ground; not indigenous. 5, 6.

Occurs occasionally as a weed in gardens at Harrow, but cannot have a claim to be indigenous here. (Edition i.)

BORAGO. (Borage.)

I. B. officinalis.* L. (Common Borage.) Among rubbish and waste ground. 6, 7.

Waste heaps and gardens; scarcely indigenous anywhere. The Lodge, Pinner. West Street, Harrow.

ORDER LX. SOLANACEÆ. (NIGHTSHADE, OR POTATO TRIBE.)

SOLANUM. Nightshade.

I. S. Dulcamara. L. (Woody Nightshade, or Bitter Sweet.)

Moist hedges and thickets. 6-8.

Very common in all the hedges.

2. S. nigrum. L. (Common White-flowered Nightshade.)

Waste Places, 6-11.

Occurs on waste heaps, and refuse from gardens; not very common. A weed in gardens at Pinner.

DATURA. (Thorn Apple.)

[I. D. Stramonium.* L. (Common Thorn Apple.)
Waste ground. 6, 7.

On rubbish and in gardens at The Lodge and Torrington House, Pinner.

HYOSCYAMUS. (Henbane.)

1. H. niger.* L. (Black Henbane.) Waste ground. 5-7.

In a cottage garden at Pinner Common. The narcotic properties of the plant are well known.

ORDER LXI. OROBANCHACEÆ. (BROOM-RAPE TRIBE.)

OROBANCHE. (Broom-rape.)

I. O. Hederæ.* Duby. (Ivy Broom-rape.)
Parasitical, usually on Ivy. 6, 7.

A single Plant appeared in June and July 1868 at Pinner, parasitical on a scarlet Pelargonium. Another plant appeared with several stems on the same plant in 1869.

ORDER LXII. SCROPHULARIACEÆ. (FIGWORT TRIBE.)

VERONICA. (Speedwell.)

- V. serpyllifolia. L. (Thymeleaved Speedwell).
 Pastures and road sides. 5, 6.
 Very common.
- 2. V. scutellata. L. (Marsh Speedwell.) Wet places, sides of ditches.

Ditches and moist places on Harrow Weald Common; also abundant by the side of Ruislip Reservoir. Stanmore Heath. Flor. Midd.)

3. V. Anagallis. L. (Water Speedwell.) Slow streams and muddy pools. 6-8.

The brook, Ruislip; Pond at Pinner Hill. The Brent, near Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

4. V. Beccabunga. L. (Brook-lime.) Ditches, sides of rivers. 5-9.

Abundant in most of the ditches and ponds, such as Harrow Pond, Canal, etc.

V. officinalis. L. (Common Light Blue Speedwell.)
 Woods and pastures. 5-7.

Harrow Weald Common; Pinner; Ruislip Wood; Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

6. V. montana. L. (Mountain Speedwell.)

Moist woods. 4-7.

Harrow Park and the Grove; in the former place most abundant.

- V. Chamædrys. L. (Germander Speedwell.)
 Woods and pastures, and hedge banks. 5, 6.
 Abundant.
- 8. V. hederifolia. L. (Ivy-leaved Speedwell.) Fields and hedge banks. 3-8.

Cultivated fields at Greenford; in gardens at Pinner; in corn-fields at Ruislip. Plentiful in the hedge bank at the west side of the Old Church new Burying Ground.

V. agrestis. L. (Green procumbent Field Speedwell.)
 Fields and waste places. 4-9.
 Abundant.

10. V. polita. Fries. (Grey procumbent Field Speedwell.)

Cultivated and waste ground. 4-9.

Frequent in Harrow and Pinner. Northolt; (Edition i.) Stanmore; Horsington Hill; (Flor. Midd.)

II. V. Buxbaumii.* (Buxbaum's Speedwell.)

Fields and cultivated places. 4-9.

This plant until very recently unknown in England, is now, strange to say, pretty frequently dispersed. I have found it here in a corn-field at Ruislip; and as weeds in gardens at Roxeth. (Edition i.) Sparingly near Perivale, on the Canal Towing Path; West Street, Harrow. Stanmore; Horsington Hill. (Flor Midd.)

12. V. arvensis. L. (Wall Speedwell.) Fields and walls. 4-7.

Abundantly distributed.

 V. peregrina.* L. (Foreign Speedwell.) Pinner Hill.

The plant was unknown to the British Flora a few years ago; it is now making itself at home in all parts of the country. The Editor found it in 1860 and subsequent years in Belfast, Co. Antrim, in 1871 at Gweedore, Co. Donegal; and again in 1871 at Pinner Hill.

BARTSIA. (Bartsia.)

1. B. Odontites. Huds. (Red Bartsia.)

Corn-fields and waste places. 6-8.

Road sides at Woodridings, Pinner; also near Pinner Church; and not unfrequently dispersed at Harrow.

EUPHRASIA. (Eye Bright.)

E. officinalis. L. (Common Eye Bright.)
 Dry heathy pastures. 5-9.

Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons; Pinner Hill; Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

RHINANTHUS. (Yellow Rattle.)

R. Crista Galli. L. (Common Yellow Rattle.)
 Meadows and pastures. 5-7.

Common. Football Field; field by Northwick Walk, Harrow; at Roxeth and Pinner.

MELAMPYRUM. (Cow Wheat.)

i. M. pratense. L. (Common Yellow Cow Wheat.) Groves and Thickets. 5-8.

Ruislip and Pinner woods. This and the last turn completely black on drying.

SCROPHULARIA. (Figwort.)

- S. nodosa. L. (Knotted-rooted Figwort.)
 Woods and moist grounds. 6-8.
 Commonly distributed.
- 2. S. aquatica. L. (Water Figwort.)
 Sides of rivers and in wet places. 6-9.
 Ditches at Eastcott; side of Ruislip Reservoir; ditches at Pinner; the Brent. (Farrar.) Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.) Greenford. (Cooper.)

PEDICULARIS. (Lousewort.)

P. sylvatica. L. (Common Lousewort.)
 Moist pastures and heaths. 4-7.

Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons; in the latter place occasionally varying with very light pink or even white flowers. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

DIGITALIS. (Foxglove or Folksglove.)

D. purpurea. L. (Common Purple Foxglove.)
 Dry banks and woods. 5-8.

Pinner Hill; Harrow Weald Common; banks at Harrow Weald; at the second place I found a variety with the corolla not spotted within, as is usual. (Edition i.)

ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon.)

A. majus.* (Great Snapdragon.)
 Old walls. 7-9.

Kitchen garden wall at the Grove, Harrow, in all its varieties of colour, from white, red and white, to the deepest red. Also on a wall near Stanmore Church. (F. W. Longman.)

LINARIA. (Toadflax.)

L. Cymbalaria.* Mill. (Ivy-leaved Toadflax.)
 Old walls. 5-9.

Old walls at Eastcott in two places; Pinner; abundant on the Vicarage wall; at Stanmore; at Sudbury.

The outcast of gardens; called "Mother of Thousands" from its many flowers.

2. L. spuria. Mill. (Round-leaved Fluellen, or Toad-flax.)

Sandy fields, waste ground. 5-9.

In the waste field by the Roxborough Turnpike, on the Pinner Road, abundant. It is not at all a common plant. In corn-fields at Pinner Hill and Greenford. At Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.) L. Elatine. Desf. (Sharp-pointed Fluellen, or Toad-flax.)
 Corn-fields and waste ground. 7-11.

Corn-fields and waste ground. 7-11. Corn-fields at Pinner Hill.

4. L. vulgaris. Mill. (Yellow Toadflax.)

Borders of corn-fields, etc. 7-10.

Banks at Wembley. At Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

Kingsbury Churchyard. (Farrar.)

[L. purpurea.* Mill. (Purple Toadflax.) Old walls. 7, 8.

A naturalized alien. Well established on an old garden wall at Pinner, and appears spontaneously in the adjoining gardens.]

VERBASCUM. (Mullein.)

1. V. Thapsus. L. (Great Yellow hoary Mullein.)
Walls and waste ground. 6-8.

Drury's garden wall, by the racquet courts; and by the turnpike at Roxborough. Not uncommon in Pinner. Locally called Adam's Flannel—Ass's Ear.

- V. Blattaria.* L. (Moth Mullein.)
 Gravelly banks, rare. 8.
 Terrilands Pinner. London Hill, Roxeth.
- 3. V. virgatum.* With. (Twiggy Mullein.)
 Gravelly banks, rare. 8.
 West end Pinner.

ORDER LXIII. LABIATÆ. (LABIATE TRIBE.)

LYCOPUS. (Gipsywort.)

1. L. europæus. L. (Common Gipsywort, or Water Horehound.)

Ditches and river banks. 6-9. Side of Canal at Greenford, River Brent, Harrow Park.

MENTHA. (Mint.)

- M. viridis.* L. (Spearmint.)
 Marshy places. 8, 9.
 Canal bank at Alperton and the side of a stream at Harrow Weald.
- M. piperita.* Sm. (Peppermint.)
 Watery places. 8, 9.
 Side of Canal at Greenford. Probably not indigenous.
- 3. M. aquatica. L. (Common Water Capitate Mint.)
 Banks of rivers and marshes. 8, 9.
 Very common. Often called *Mentha hirsuta*, L.
- 4. M. arvensis. L. (Cornmint.)
 Corn-fields, etc. 8, 9.
 Road sides at Harrow and Pinner. Not uncommon.
- M. sativa. L.
 Sides of streams. 6-9.
 Stanmore; (Varenne.) By the Brent, Alferton; (Lees.)
- 6. M. rubra. Sm. (Tall Red Mint.)Wet places. 6-9.On the footway from Harrow to Stanmore.
- M. gracilis. Sm. Var. M. cardiaca, Baker. Wet places. 6-9. Roadside leading to Pinner.
- M. Pulegium. L. (Penny Royal.)
 Wet places, rare.
 Edge of small pond at Pinner Hill.

THYMUS. (Thyme.)

T. Chamædrys. Fries. (Wild Thyme.)
 Hills and dry pastures. 6-8.
 Ruislip and Harrow Weald Commons, bank at Eastcott.

TEUCRIUM. (Germander.)

T. Scorodonia. L. (Wood Sage, or Wild Germander.)

Woods and dry stony places. 7, 8.

Pinner Drive, Ruislip Wood, Harrow Weald Common, etc.

AJUGA. (Bugle.)

A. reptans. L. (Common Blue Bugle.)
 Moist pastures and woods. 5, 6.

Common everywhere. A variety with white flowers once found in Harrow Park by the Rev. F. W. Farrar; and by the ruins of old Stanmore Church F. W. Longman found a pink variety. (1863.)

BALLOTA. (Horehound.)

vaste places. 6-10.

Road sides at Harrow. Abundant. It is sometimes called B. fatida, on account of its unpleasant odour.

GALEOPSIS. (Hemp Nettle.)

I. G. Tetrahit. L. (Common Red Hemp Nettle.) Corn-fields. 7-9.

Corn-fields at Roxeth. The form G. bifida, Bonn., occurs at Pinner and Ruislip Common.

2. G. versicolor. Curt. (Large Flowered Hemp Nettle.)

Cultivated ground. 7, 8.

Cornfields, near Ruislip Common: only two plants seen.

GALEOBDOLON. (Weasel Snout.)

I. G. luteum. Huds. (Yellow Archangel, or Weasel Snout.)

Woods and shady places. 4-6.

Hedges in Horsington Lane, near Greenford.

LAMIUM. (Dead Nettle.)

- L. album. L. (White Dead Nettle.) Borders of fields and waste places. 5-9. Abundant.
- 2. L. maculatum.* L. (Spotted-leaved Dead Nettle.)
 By hedges. 6-9.

In a hedge at Kenton, by the road side. I only found two plants; the flowers are purplish white, the leaves spotted. Hooker and Arnott (Ed. viii. p. 332) make it a variety of *L. album*; so does Bentham. (Edition i.)

[A recent examination of the very fragmentary specimen in my herbarium, collected at Kenton in June 1863, tends to confirm me in the belief that it is a variety of *L. album*, and not the true *L. maculatum*, L. (J. C. M.)]

3. L. purpureum. L. (Red Dead Nettle.)
Borders of fields and in hedges. 4-10.
Abundant.

BETONICA. (Betony.)

B. officinalis. L. (Wood Betony.)
 Woods and thickets. 6-8.

Wood by Ruislip Reservoir; Harrow Weald Common; and Pinner Wood. Horsington Hill; Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

STACHYS. (Woundwort.)

- S. sylvatica. L. (Purple Hedge Woundwort.)
 Woods and hedges. 7, 8.
 Everywhere common.
- S. palustris. L. (Marsh Woundwort.)
 River banks, moist places. 7, 8.
 Side of Canal at Greenford and Ruislip Reservoir.
- 3. S. arvensis. L. (Field Woundwort.)
 Cornfields. 7-9.
 Gardens at Pinner.

NEPETA. (Cat-mint.)

N. Cataria. L. (Cat-mint.)
 Hedge banks and sandy ground, 7, 8.
 Between Perivale and Alperton. (Lees.)

GLECHOMA. (Ground Ivy.)

G. hederacea. L. (Common Ground Ivy.)
 Hedges and waste places. 3-5.
 Grove, Harrow; Harrow Park, etc.; and plentiful in most of the hedges.

CALAMINTHA. (Calamint.)

 C. Clinopodium. Benth. (Common Wild Calamint, or Basil.)

Hills and dry bushy places. 7-9.

Harrow Weald Common, and hedge banks Pinner. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

PRUNELLA. (Self-heal.)

P. vulgaris. L. (Common Self-heal.)
 Moist Pastures. 7, 8.

Very common. Might be mistaken for a stunted specimen of Ajuga reptans, or Common Bugle.

SCUTELLARIA. (Skull Cap.)

I. S. galericulata. L. (Common Skull Cap.)
Banks of rivers and lakes. 7, 8.

Side of Canal at Greenford and Alperton. Bank of Ruislip Reservoir.

2. S. minor. L. (Lesser Skull Cap.)

Moist heathy places. 7-10.

Not uncommon in the moist parts of Harrow Weald Common; also it grows amongst the loose stones of Headstone Drive, very sparingly, however. It is not at all a common plant.

ORDER LXIV. VERBENACEÆ. (VERVAIN TRIBE.)

VERBENA. (Vervain.)

I. V. officinalis. L. (Common Vervain.)
Road sides and waste ground. 7-9.

Road side near the Church, Harrow; close by the Grove gates; Pinner Wood (F. W. Longman); and on the road as you enter Pinner. Very plentiful in Waxwell Lane, Pinner: at Headstone. Between Perivale and Alperton. (Lees.)

ORDER LXVI. PRIMULACEÆ. (PRIMROSE TRIBE.)

HOTTONIA. (Water Violet.)

H. palustris. (Common Water Violet, or Featherfoil.)
 Ditches and pools. 5-7.

In a pool in a plantation nearly opposite Woodford House, Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

PRIMULA. (Primrose, Oxlip, Cowslip.)

P. vulgaris. Huds. (Common Primrose.)
 Woods, hedge banks, and pastures. 4, 5.

The Grove, Harrow, abundant; banks at Roxeth; Headstone; Pinner Hill; Bentley Priory Woods. The form *P. caulescens* which is often mistaken for the following, is found at Wood End.

Ia. P. variabilis. Gasp. (Jacquin's Oxlip.) Woods and meadows. 4, 5.

I found one plant growing with the primroses at Stanmore, in the Bentley Priory Woods. (Edition i.) In pastures at Harrow and Pinner.

The true P. elatior, Jacq., does not occur in the district.

2. P. veris. L. (Common Cowslip or Paigle.)
Meadows and pastures. 4, 5.

Football field, and abundant on the Railway Embankment. Pinner Hill. Kingsbury. (Farrar.) Northolt. (Cole.) Bentley Priory.

LYSIMACHIA. (Loosestrife.)

Sides of Pools and streams. 7.
Side of the Brent. (Farrar.) By the Brent, Perivale. (Lees.)

2. L. nemorum. L. (Yellow Pimpernel, or Wood Loosestrife.)

Woods and shady places. 5-8.

Pinner Wood; Stonebridge and Kingsbury. (Farrar.) Wembley Park. (Cole.) Stanmore. (See Flor. Midd.)

3. L. Nummularia. L. (Creeping Yellow Loosestrife, Moneywort, or Herb Twopence.)

Shady places and pastures. 6, 7.

Headstone Drive; Football Field; fields at Roxeth: Pinner; Ruislip; Harrow Weald. Stanmore; Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

ANAGALLIS. (Pimpernel.)

I. A. arvensis. L. (Scarlet Pimpernel, Shepherd's Eye Glass, or Poor Man's Weather Glass.)

Corn-fields and waste places. 5-11.

Clay pits near Harrow Weald, corn-fields at Ruislip; Pinner, etc. It is curious that the only three scarlet English flowers, namely this, the Red Poppy, and the Pheasant's Eye, have been introduced at some remote period with the corn. (Edition i.)

ORDER LXVIII. PLANTAGINACEÆ. (PLANTAIN TRIBE.)

PLANTAGO. (Plantain.)

- P. major. L. (Greater Plantain.)
 Pastures and road sides. 6-8.
 Everywhere abundant.
- 2. P. media. L. (Hoary Plantain.)

 Meadows and pastures. 6-10.

 Near the Canal at Greenford, also at Pinner Wood.

(F. W. Longman.) Waxwell, Pinner.

- 3. P. lanceolata. L. (Ribwort Plantain.)
 Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.
 Common everywhere.
- 4. P. Coronopus. L. (Buck's Horn Plantain.)
 Barren, heathy, or gravelly soils. 6, 7.
 Sparingly on Harrow Weald Common and Stanmore Heath.

LITTORELLA. (Shoreweed.)

L. lacustris. L. (Plantain Shoreweed.)
 Margins of lakes. 6, 7.
 Ruislip Reservoir. Found by Rev. E. Brewer, 10th
 July, 1872.

This plant, which was supposed to be extinct, has been happily recovered to the County of Middlesex.

SUB-CLASS IV. MONOCHLAMYDEÆ.

ORDER LXX. CHENOPODIACEÆ. (GOOSE-FOOT TRIBE.)

CHENOPODIUM. (Goose-foot.)

- 1. C. olidum. Curt. (Stinking goosefoot.)Waste places by roadsides. 8, 9.A troublesome weed in the garden of Pinner Parsonage.
- 2. C. polyspermum. L. (Many-seeded Goose-foot.) Waste places and among rubbish. 8, 9. Gardens at Harrow and Pinner.
- β. C. acutifolium. Sm. The Cemetery, Pinner.
- 3. C. album. L. (White Goose-foot.)
 Waste places, etc. 7-9.

a. C. candicans. Lam.

Frequent at Harrow and Pinner. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

- β. C. viride. L.Pinner. Near Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. C. ficifolium. Sm. (Fig-leaved Goose-foot.) Waste ground. 8, 9.

Not common. Farm yard at Kenton, and in a field at Roxeth. For several years at the Marsh, Pinner; now extinct. Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)

C. glaucum. L. (Oak-leaved Goose-foot.)
 Waste ground, in sandy soil especially. 8, 9.
 Growing with C. ficifolium in a Farm yard at Kenton, and also at Roxeth.

6. C. rubrum. L. (Red Goose-foot.)
Dunghills and waste places. 8, 9.

Not unfrequent in waste ground at Harrow. Down fields and gardens at Pinner. Near Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)

 C. Bonus Henricus. L. (Good King Henry, or Mercury Goose-foot, Wild Spinach.)

Waste places and way sides. 5-8.

Bank by the Grove kitchen garden wall, opposite Rev.

F. Rendall's house. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

ATRIPLEX. (Orache.)

A. hastata. Bab. (Spreading Halberd-leaved Orache.)
 Cultivated and waste ground. 6-10.
 Everywhere common.

2. A. deltoidea. Bab. (Triangular-leaved Orache.)
Cultivated and waste ground. 6-10.

Occurs as a weed in neglected ground, such as near the Roxborough turnpike, etc.

3. A. angustifolia. Bab. (Spreading Narrow-leaved Orache.)

Waste ground. 7-10.

Corn-fields at Wood End. Gardens and road sides at Pinner.

4. A. erecta. Huds. (Upright Spear-leaved Orache.) Corn-fields. 7-10.

Wood End; Northolt and Woodhall, Pinner. Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER LXXI. SCLERANTHACEÆ. (KNAWEL TRIBE.)

SCLERANTHUS. (Knawel.)

I S. annuus. L. (Annual Knawel.) Corn-fields. 7, 8.

Pinner. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER LXXII. POLYGONACEÆ. (PERSICARIA TRIBE.)

POLYGONUM. (Persicaria, Knot Grass, Buckwheat, and Bistort.)

 P. Bistorta. L. (Common Bistort, or Snakeweed.) Moist Meadows. 6-9.

On the inner grassy slope of the Moat at Headstone, Pinner. Terrilands, Pinner. Near Ruislip Reservoir. (Flor. Midd.)

P. aviculare. L. (Common Knot Grass.)
 Waste places and way sides. 5-9.
 Abundant. A very variable plant.

- 3. P. Fagopyrum.* L. (Buck Wheat.)
 Cultivated land. 6, 7.
 Corn-field, Pinner Hill—1872.
- 4. P. Convolvulus. L. (Climbing Buckwheat, Black Bindweed.)
 Corn-fields. 7-9.
 Wood End.
- P. amphibium. L. (Amphibious Red Persicaria.)
 Margins of lakes and ponds. 7, 8.
 Canal, near Greenford, and Ruislip Reservoir.
- P. Persicaria. L. (Spotted-leaved Persicaria.)
 Waste places. 7-10.
 Very common everywhere.
- P. lapathifolium. L. (Pale-flowered Persicaria.)
 Fields and waste places.
 Occurs throughout the district.
- 8. P. maculatum. Dyer.Damp gravelly places. 7-9.Waste heap at Greenford, by the Canal, sparingly.
- P. Hydropiper. L. (Biting Persicaria.)
 Sides of ditches. 8, 9.
 Very frequent.

RUMEX. (Dock and Sorrel.)

- R. Hydrolapathum. Huds. (Great Water Dock.)
 Ditches and river sides. 7, 8.
 Frequent by the side of the Canal.
- 2. R. crispus. L. (Curled-leaved Dock.)
 Way sides, and near houses. 6-8.

Peterborough Road, Harrow, Headstone Drive, waste ground near the Three Horse Shoes tavern, Roxeth, etc.

- 3. R. obtusifolius. L. (Broad-leaved Dock.)
 Way sides and waste places. 7-9.
 Abundant.
- 4. R. sanguineus. L. (Bloody-veined Dock.)
 Woods and road sides. 7, 8.
 Pinner Hill.
- B. R. viridis. Sibth. (Green-veined Dock.) Pinner Wood.
- R. conglomeratus. Murr. (Sharp Dock.)
 Watery places, etc. 6-8.
 Pastures, etc., at Harrow, not unfrequent.
- 6. R. acetosa. L. (Common Sorrel.)
 Meadows and pastures. 5-7.
 Very common.
- R. acetosella. L. (Sheep Sorrel.)
 Dry pastures. 5-7.
 Harrow Weald and Ruislip Commons, at Greenhill,

 Headstone Drive, Peterborough Road, etc.

ORDER LXXIII. THYMELACEÆ. (MEZEREON TRIBE.)

DAPHNE. (Spurge Laurel.)

D. Laureola.* L. (Common Green Spurge Laurel.)
 Woods and Thickets. 1-5.
 I found one plant in Harrow Park. (Edition i.) Can-

nons. Whitchurch.

ORDER LXXVII. EUPHORBIACEÆ. (SPURGE TRIBE.)

MERCURIALIS. (Dog's Mercury.)

M. perennis. L. (Perennial or Dog's Mercury.)
 Woods and shady places. 3-5.
 Roxeth. Horsington Lane in abundance. Frequent in Pinner and Ruislip Woods.

2. M. annua.* L. (Annual Mercury.)

Waste and cultivated land. 8, 9.

Pinner A single plant in the Personage (

Pinner. A single plant in the Parsonage Garden. September, 1872.

EUPHORBIA. (Spurge.)

- E. Helioscopia. L. (Sun Spurge.)
 Waste and cultivated ground. 6-10.
 Gardens, etc., at Harrow and Pinner, frequent.
- 2. E. platyphylla.* L. (Broad-leaved Warted Spurge.) Corn-fields, etc. 6-10.

A single plant was found on the road side between Harrow and Eastcott, and no others were seen in the neighbourhood, though perhaps if the ploughed land on the other side of the hedge had been examined, a further supply might have been obtained. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

3. E. Peplus. L. (Petty Spurge.) Cultivated and waste ground. 7-11.

Abundant as a weed in the gardens at Harrow and Pinner, and on waste heaps.

exigua. L. (Dwarf Spurge.)
 Corn-fields. 7-10.
 At Wood End and Pinner.

5. E. Lathyris.* L. (Caper Spurge.)

Thickets, and as a weed in gardens. 6, 7.

Gardens at Roxeth and Pinner, occurring as a weed; and Grove Garden, Harrow. The seeds form a dangerous substitute for capers, which are the buds of the exotic Capparis spinosa. L.

6. E. amygdaloides. L. (Wood Spurge.)
Woods and thickets. 3-6.

Pinner and Ruislip Woods; Horsington Lane, thickets at Greenford; Roxeth, by footpath to Rifle butts. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

ORDER LXXVIII. CALLITRICHACE Æ. (WATER STARWORT TRIBE.)

CALLITRICHE. (Water Starwort.)

- C. verna. L. (Vernal Water Starwort.)
 Ditches and pools. 4-9.
 Abundant everywhere; a very variable plant.
- C. stagnalis. Scop. (Broad-fruited Water Starwort.)
 Usually on mud. 5-9.
 Harrow. Eastcott; Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. C. hamulata. Kütz. (Falcate Water Starwort.)
 Lakes and streams. 6-9.

In the main feeder of Ruislip Reservoir. The plant is of a rigid compact habit; and by this, as well as its falcate bracts, may be distinguished from other species.

ORDER LXXIX. CERATOPHYLLACE Æ. (HORNWORT TRIBE.)

CERATOPHYLLUM. (Hornwort.)

C. demersum. L. (Common Hornwort.)
 Streams and ditches. 6, 7.
 Harrow Pond, stagnant ponds at Roxeth and Ruislip, etc.
 Headstone Moat. Brook by Forty Farm. (Farrar.)

ORDER LXXX. URTICACEÆ. (NETTLE TRIBE.)

URTICA. (Nettle)

- U. urens. L. (Small Nettle.)
 Waste places and cultivated ground. 6-9.
 Frequent at Harrow. Sparingly at Pinner.
- 2. U. dioica. L. (Great Stinging Nettle.)
 Waste places. 6-9.
 Abundant everywhere.

HUMULUS. (Hop.)

I. H. Lupulus. L. (Common Hop.)
Thickets and hedges. 7, 8.

Hedges near the Cricket Ground; at Roxeth; at Love Lane, Pinner, and at Alperton.

PARIETARIA. (Pellitory.)

I. P. officinalis. L. (Common Pellitory of the Wall.)
Old walls. 6-9.

Pinner Church Wall. This is the P. diffusa, Koch.

[Cannabis sativa, L., or Common Hemp, is occasionally found in places where it has escaped from cultivation, but it is not recognized as an English plant.]

ORDER LXXXI. ULMACEÆ. (ELM TRIBE.)

ULMUS. (Elm.)

- I. U. suberosa.* Ehrh. (Common Elm.) Woods and hedges. 3-5. Very common. The prevailing timber tree of the district.
- B. U. glabra. Sm. (Smooth-leaved Elm.) Harrow Weald. Cannons Park. (Flor. Midd.)
- 2. U. montana. Bauh. (Wych Elm, or Broad-leaved Elm.)

Woods and hedges. 3, 4.

Grove, Harrow; Harrow Park; also in hedges in Harrow and Pinner. Stanmore and Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)

B. U. major.* Sm. (Dutch Elm.) Eastcott.

ORDER LXXXIV. BETULACEÆ. (BIRCH TRIBE.)

I. Betula alba. L. (Common Birch.) Woods. 4, 5.

Not unfrequent in plantations, etc., at Harrow. Pinner Hill; Harrow Weald Common.

ORDER LXXXV. SALICACEÆ. (WILLOW TRIBE.)

SALIX. (Willow, Sallow, Osier.)

1. S. triandra. L. (Blunt Stipuled Triandrous Willow.) Banks of rivers and ditches. 4-6. Bank of River Brent, near Alperton.

- y. S. amygdalina. L. (Almond-leaved Willow.) By the Brent, between Greenford and Perivale. (Lees.)
- 2. S. fragilis. L. (Crack Willow.)

 Marshy woods and osier grounds. 4, 5.
- a. S. decipiens. Hoffm.

 In a hedge on the Northolt Road, Roxeth.
- β. S. fragilis. L. Hedgerows at Harrow.
- γ. S. Russelliana. Sm. (Bedford Willow.)
- S. alba. L. (White Willow.)
 Wet places.
 Hedges at Harrow; plantations at Pinner.
- y. S. vitellina. (Yellow Willow, or Golden Osier.)
 Hedges and osier grounds, etc. 5.
 Pool in sand pit at Pinner. The Hall, Pinner.
- 4. S. repens. L. (Creeping Willow.)

 Moist and dry heaths, etc. 4, 5.

 In abundance on Harrow Weald and Stanmore Commons, where occur both the varieties, S. fusca, Sm. (Dwarf Silky Willow), and S. prostrata, Sm. (Prostrate Silky Willow).
- 5. S. viminalis. L. (Common Osier.)
 Wet places and osier grounds. 4, 5.
 Common at Harrow.
- S. Smithiana. Willd. (Silky-leaved Osier.)
 Meadows and osier grounds. 4, 5.
 Near Pinner Drive, where it has been probably planted;
 abundant in a copse at Pinner Park.
- 7. S. cinerea. L. (Gray Sallow.)

Banks of rivers, wet hedge rows. 3, 4.

Very common. S. aquatica, Sm., and S. oleifolia, Sm., are varieties of this plant, which have been found in hedgerows at Roxeth.

8. S. caprea. L. (Great Round-leaved Sallow, or Goat Willow.)

Woods and hedgerows. 4, 5.

Abundant in the hedges at Harrow, Alperton, Pinner Hill, Northolt, and Ruislip. The catkins, which are bright yellow, appear about Palm Sunday, and are often called Palms on that account.

POPULUS.

- P. alba. (Great White Abele, or Poplar.)
 Moist and mountain woods. 3, 4.
 Pinner Hill; the Grove, Harrow.
- P. canescens.* Sm. (Grey Poplar.)
 Damp Woods. 3, 4.
 Pinner Place. Most likely introduced.
- 3. P. tremula.* L. (Aspen.)
 Woods. 4.
 Sudbury? Harrow Weald Common; Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. P. nigra.* L. (Black Poplar.)
 Damp ground. 3.

The Hall and other places about Pinner. Probably planted.

ORDER LXXXVI. CUPULIFERÆ. (OAK TRIBE.)

FAGUS. (Beech.)

I. F. sylvatica. L. (Common Beech.)

Woods and plantations. 4, 5.

The Grove, Harrow; Harrow Park, and other plantations at Harrow. Pinner Wood; The Hall, Pinner.

QUERCUS. (Oak.)

Q. robur. L. (Common British Oak.)
 Woods and hedges. 4, 5.
 Abundant.

CASTANEA. (Chestnut.)

C. vulgaris. Lam. (Spanish Chestnut.)
 Woods and plantations. 5-7.

The Grove, Harrow, and Harrow Park. Pinner Hill.

[We may as well here notice that Æsculus hippocastanum or Horse Chestnut, of the natural order Hippocastaneæ; and not, as might be expected, belonging to the Chestnut tribe, is not indigenous.]

ALNUS. (Alder.)

A. glutinosa.* Gært. (Common Alder.)
 Wet places. 3.

The Hall and Ash Hill, Pinner; and at Harrow Weald. Probably not wild. Apparently indigenous at Ruislip.

CORYLUS. (Hazel.)

I. C. Avellana. L. (Common Hazel Nut.)

Hedges and copses. 5.

Abundant at Harrow; Pinner Wood, Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)

CARPINUS. (Hornbeam.)

I. C. Betulus.* L. (Common Hornbeam.)

Woods and hedges. 5.

Pinner Wood; Woodhall; also occuring in plantations at Harrow. Kingsbury. (Farrar.)

ORDER LXXXVII. CONIFERÆ. (CONE-BEARING TRIBE.)

PINUS. (Fir.)

I. P. sylvestris.* L. (Scotch Fir.)

Woods and plantations. 5, 6.

The Grove, Harrow; plantations at Harrow Weald Park, etc. Young plants are found growing on Harrow Weald Common, no doubt from seeds wafted from the adjoining plantations.

TAXUS. (Yew.)

I. T. baccata. L. (Common red-berried Yew.)
Woods. 3, 4.

Thickets in the Grove, Harrow; thoroughly naturalized there. Pinner churchyard, planted.



CLASS II.

MONYCOTYLEDONES OR ENDOGENOUS FLOWERING PLANTS.

SUB-CLASS I. PETALOIDE Æ.

ORDER LXXXVIII. HYDROCHARIDACEÆ. (FROGBIT TRIBE.)

ANACHARIS. (Anacharis.)

 A. Alsinastrum.* Bab. (Common Anacharis, or Pondweed.) Elodea Canadensis (Mich.*)

Ponds, ditches, canals, and streams. 7-10.

Canal at Greenford. Abundant. Ruislip Reservoir, pond near Stanmore. This American species first made its appearance some years ago, we believe about the year 1849, but is now alarmingly increasing year by year, and too generally diffused to be eradicated. There are huge beds of it in the Canal, which yearly increase in size.

HYDROCHARIS. (Frogbit.)

H. Morsus-ranæ. L. (Common Frogbit.)
 Ditches and ponds. 7, 8.
 Pond at Forty Farm; Wembley Park. (Cole.)

ORDER LXXXIX. ORCHIDACEÆ. (ORCHIS TRIBE.)

LISTERA. (Twayblade.)

L. ovata. Br. (Common Green-flowered Twayblade.)
Woods and moist pastures. 5-7.
 South end of the Grove, Harrow, Bentley Priory
Woods, Stanmore, and Pinner.

2. L. Nidus-avis. Hook. (Common Bird's-nest.)
Shady woods. 6.

Copse in Headstone Lane, Pinner. Harrow Grove. (Farrar.) Grounds of Stanmore Cottage. (Varenne.)

ORCHIS. (Orchis.)

- O. Morio. L. (Green-wing Meadow Orchis.)
 Meadows and pastures. 5, 6.
 Pastures at Roxeth and Pinner. Abundant. On Ruislip Moor, plentiful. (Flor. Midd.)
- O. mascula. L. (Early purple Orchis.)
 Woods and pastures. 5.
 In a copse between Pinner Wood and Oxhey Farm.
- 3. O. maculata. L. (Spotted Palmate Orchis.)
 Pastures and heaths. 5-7.

The Grove, Harrow, Harrow Park, and Harrow Weald Common. At the last-mentioned place very fine specimens are found.

HABENARIA. (Frog Orchis.)

I. H. viridis. R. Br. (Green Frog Orchis.)
Pastures. 6, 7.

Pinner Hill. Discovered June 1871, by W. A. Tooke, Esq., and in a second locality in 1872.

SPIRANTHES. (Lady's Tresses.)

S. autumnalis. Rich. (Fragrant Lady's Tresses.)
 Dry, chalky, and gravelly places. 8, 9.
 Pastures, Pinner Hill (Mrs. Tooke).

EPIPACTIS. (Helleborine.)

E. media. Fries. (Broad-leaved Helleborine.)
 Woods and plantations. 7, 8.
 The Parsonage Grounds, Harrow Weald; Pinner Wood.

ORDER XC. IRIDACEÆ. (IRIS TRIBE.)

IRIS. (Iris, Flower-de-Luce.)

I. Pseudacorus. L. (Yellow Water Iris, or Flag.)
 Watery places, sides of rivers. 5-8.

Side of Canal at Greenford, Grove Pond, Harrow, and near Kenton, by the side of a pond.

ORDER XCI. AMARYLLIDACEÆ. (AMARYLLIS TRIBE.)

NARCISSUS. (Narcissus, Daffodil.)

I. N. Pseudo Narcissus.* L. (Common Yellow Daffodil.)

Moist woods and thickets. 3, 4.

In pastures at Roxeth; very plentiful at Pinner Hill and Pinner Green. Probably not indigenous.

2. N. biflorus.* Curt. (Pale Two-flowered Narcissus.)
Pastures. 4, 5.

Waste ground by Mrs. Rotch's house, at the bottom of the hill; it has been probably planted there, or an outcast from the adjoining garden. Pinner Green, with No. 1. Ruislip. (Flor. Midd.)

3. N. poeticus.* L.

Heathy fields. 5.

Meadow at Pinner Hill; likely escaped from a garden. (Mrs. Tooke.)

ORDER XCII. DIOSCOREACEÆ. (YAM TRIBE.)

TAMUS. (Black Bryony.)

T. communis. L. (Common Black Bryony.)
 Hedges and thickets. 5, 6.

Very common. In all parts of the district. Not to be confounded with the *Bryonia dioica*, or Red-berried Bryony, which is also frequent in the hedges.

ORDER XCIII. TRILLIACEÆ. (HERB PARIS TRIBE.)

PARIS. (Herb Paris.)

I. P. quadrifolia. L. (Common Herb Paris, True Love Knot, One Berry.)

Moist and wet shady woods. 5, 6.

Abundant in a copse near Pinner Wood.

ORDER XCIV. LILIACEÆ. (LILY TRIBE.)

ENDYMION.

I. E. nutans. Dumort. (Common Bluebell, or Wild Hyacinth.)

Woods, hedgerows, and copses. 4-6.

Pinner Wood, Harrow, Grove, Football Field, at Roxeth, etc. Occasionally with white flowers. Also called *Agraphis nutans*, Link, *Scilla*, Sm., and *Hyacinthus nonscriptus*, L.

ALLIUM. (Garlick, Leek, Onion.)

A. vineale. L. (Crow Garlick, or Onion.)
 Corn-fields and waste places. 6, 7.

Meadows at Roxeth, where also grows the variety A. compactum, Thuill, in which the umbel is composed of bulbs only, without flowers.

2. A. ursinum. L. (Broad-leaved Garlick, or Ramsons.)
Moist woods and hedge banks. 4-6.

Bank on Pinner Road, hedges near Sudbury, near a foot-crossing on the Railroad, Pinner; in a lane, and at Bentley Priory, Harrow Weald.

FRITILLARIA. (Fritillary.)

 F. Meleagris. L. (Common Fritillary, Snake's Head Lily, or Chequered Daffodil.)

Meadows and pastures. 5.

In fields at Pinner, in one of which it is very abundant, and frequently occurs with white flowers.

TULIPA. (Tulip.)

I. T. sylvestris.* L. (Wild Tulip.)

Chalk pits. 4, 5. Colour, yellow without stripes or markings.

In a meadow at Roxeth, where it has flowered on several occasions. Entered with great doubt as to its authenticity, as the Editor has never seen a verified specimen with which to compare it. Found by Mrs. Parr.

ORDER XCVII. JUNCACEÆ. (RUSH TRIBE.)

JUNCUS. (Rush.)

- J. effusus. L. (Soft Rush.)
 Marshy ground. 7, 8.
 Abundant everywhere in swampy places.
- J. conglomeratus. L. (Compact-headed Rush.)
 Marshy ground. 7, 8.
 Ditches at Harrow and Harrow Weald Common; Pinner.
 Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- J. glaucus. Ehrh. (Hard Rush.)
 Wet pastures and by road sides.
 Very Common.
- J. diffusus. Hoppe.
 In wet places, rare. 7, 8.
 Porridge-pot Hill, Pinner, discovered 8th August, 1871.
- 5. J. acutiflorus. Ehrh. (Sharp-flowered Jointed Rush.)

Bogs and marshy ground. 6-8.

Abundant on Harrow Weald Common, and on swampy ground throughout the district.

- 6. J. lamprocarpus. Ehrh. (Shining-fruited Jointed Rush.)
 - Boggy grounds and watery places. 7-8. Headstone Drive, Harrow Weald Common.
- J. uliginosus. Sibth. (Lesser Bog Jointed Rush.)
 Boggy and swampy places. 6-8.
 Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

- 8. J. compressus. Jacq. (Round-fruited Rush.)
 Damp places. 6-8.
 Stanmore. (Varenne.)
- J. bufonius. L. (Toad Rush.)
 Moist watery places. 8, 9.
 Not uncommon by the road sides and ditches at Harrow,
 Pinner, Ruislip, etc.
- 10. J. squarrosus. L. (Heath Rush.)
 Moors and heaths. 6, 7.

Harrow Weald Common, abundant. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

LUZULA. (Wood Rush.)

- L. sylvatica. Bich. (Great Hairy Wood Rush.)
 Woods and hilly places. 5, 6.
 Pinner Wood.
- L. pilosa. Willd. (Broad-leaved Hairy Wood Rush.) Woods. 3-5.
 Pinner Wood and Horsington Wood. Ruislip Woods. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. L. Forsteri. DC. (Narrow-leaved Hairy Wood Rush.)
 Groves and thickets, etc.
 Harrow Weald, woods at Pinner.
- 4. L. campestris. Willd. (Field Wood Rush.)
 Woods and dry pastures. 4, 5.
 Abundant.
- 5. L. multiflora. Lej. (Many-flowered Woodrush.)

 Moist and turfy ground. 6.

 Pinner Hill, Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore

 Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER XCVIII. BUTOMACEÆ. (FLOWERING RUSH TRIBE.)

BUTOMUS. (Flowering Rush.)

I. B. umbellatus. L. (Common Flowering Rush.)
Ditches and ponds.

Canal near Greenford, also pond at Roxeth. The Brent. (Lees.)

ORDER XCIX. ALISMACE Æ. (WATER PLANTAIN TRIBE.)

ALISMA. (Water Plantain.)

A. Plantago. L. (Greater Water Plantain.)
 Margins of ponds or rivers. 6-8.

Frequent. Canal, Harrow Pond, Grove Pond, etc. At Ruislip Reservoir and Alperton is found the narrow-leaved variety, A. lanceolatum, With.

SAGITTARIA. (Arrow Head.)

 S. sagittifolia. L. (Common Arrow Head.) Ditches and margins of rivers. 7-9.

Frequent in the Canal by Greenford. Alperton; Wembley. (Cole.) Stonebridge; Forty Farm. (Farrar.)

ORDER C. JUNGAGINACEÆ. (ARROW GRASS TRIBE.)

TRIGLOCHIN. (Arrow Grass.)

T. palustre. L. (Marsh Arrow Grass.)
 Sides of rivers and ditches. 6-8.
 Side of Canal at Greenford. Near the Brent. (Lees.)

ORDER CI. TYPHACEÆ. (REED MACE TRIBE.)

TYPHA. (Cat's Tail, or Reed Mace.)

- T. angustifolia. L. (Lesser Reed Mace.)
 Pools and ditches. 7, 8.
 Side of Ruislip Reservoir.
- 2. T. latifolia. L. (Great Reed Mace, or Common Cat's Tail.)

Borders of ponds and lakes. 7, 8.

Canal at Greenford. In a pool near Pinner Wood and at the Woodridings, Pinner. Between Whitchurch and Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.) This plant is sometimes called Bullrush, though erroneously, the true Bullrush being Scirpus Lacustris.

SPARGANIUM. (Bur-reed.)

I. S. ramosum. Huds. (Branched Bur-reed.)
Banks of Ditches and lakes. 7.

Side of Canal at Greenford, ponds at Harrow and Roxeth, and marshy ground by Ruislip Reservoir. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)

2. S. simplex. Huds.

Ditches. 7.

In a feeder to Ruislip Reservoir. Pools at Perivale. (Lees.)

ORDER CII. ARACEÆ. (ARUM TRIBE.)

ACORUS. (Sweet Flag.)

A. Calamus. L. (Common Sweet Flag.)
 By the side of rivers. 6-7.
 Greenford. (Cooper.)

ARUM. (Arum, Cuckoo-pint.)

 A. maculatum. L. (Cuckoo-pint, Wake Robin, Lords and Ladies.)
 Groves and hedges. 4, 5.
 Very common in all the hedges.

ORDER CIV. PISTIACE Æ. (DUCKWEED TRIBE.)

LEMNA. (Duckweed.)

- L. trisulca. L. (Ivy-leaved Duckweed.).
 Clear stagnant waters. 7, 8.
 Grove Pond, Harrow; Harrow Park Lake. Pond in Payne's Lane, Pinner.
- 2. L. minor. L. (Lesser Duckweed.)
 Stagnant waters. 7, 8.
 Everywhere abundant.
- 3. L. polyrrhiza. L. (Greater Duckweed.)
 Stagnant waters. It never flowers in Britain.
 Pond at Harrow. Brook in Moll Cobb's Lane, Pinner.
- L. gibba. L. (Gibbous Duckweed.)
 Stagnant waters. 6-9.
 Ponds at Roxeth. With the last in Moll Cobb's Lane,
 Pinner. Greenford Road. (Farrar.) Harrow Weald.
 (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER CV. NAIADACEÆ. (PONDWEED TRIBE.)

POTAMOGETON. (Pondweed.)

P. densus. L. (Opposite-leaved Pondweed.)
 Ditches and rivers. 6, 7.

Canal at Greenford. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.) It must not be confounded with the similar Anacharis Alsinastrum, which chiefly differs by its having three leaves in a whorl instead of two opposite ones.

- 2. P. pectinatus. L. (Fennel-leaved Pondweed.)
 Ponds and streams. 6, 7.
 Canal at Greenford; Ruislip Reservoir. Canal at Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)
- P. pusillus. L. (Small Linear-leaved Pondweed.)
 Ditches and still waters. 6, 7.
 Abundant in the Canal at Greenford, pond by Headstone
 Drive.
- 4. P. compressus. L.
 Ditches and ponds. 7.
 Harrow Weald. (Edition i.)
- P. crispus. L. (Curled-leaved Pondweed.)
 Ditches and rivers. 6, 7.
 Kenton; Grove Pond, Harrow; Lake in Harrow Park,
 most abundant; Canal, Greenford; and ponds at Roxeth;
 near Waxwell, Pinner. Stanmore. (Flor. Midd.)
- 6. P. perfoliatus. L. (Perfoliate Pondweed.)Ditches and lakes. 7.Canal at Greenford and Alperton.
- P. natans. L. (Sharp-fruited Broad-leaved Pondweed.)

Stagnant waters and slow streams. 6, 7.

Everywhere abundant. Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)

Perivale. (Lees.)

8. P. oblongus. Viv. (Oblong-leaved Pondweed.)
Ditches, small streams, and ponds. 7.

In a ditch at Harrow Weald Common, which is so entirely covered by its floating leaves that you could not possibly tell that water was underneath.

ZANNICHELLIA. (Horned Pondweed.)

 Z. palustris. L. (Common Horned Pondweed.) Stagnant pools, ponds, and ditches. 5-8.
 Ponds at The Poplars, and Payne's Lane, Pinner.

SUB-CLASS II. GLUMACEÆ.

ORDER CVI. CYPERACEÆ. (GALINGALE OR SEDGE TRIBE.)

ELEOCHARIS. (Spike Rush.)

- 1. E. palustris. Br. (Creeping Spike Rush.)
 Sides of ditches and marshy places. 6, 7.
 Harrow Weald Common By the Canal, Alperton.
 (Newbould.) By the Brent. (Lees.)
- 2. E. acicularis. Sm. (Least Spike Rush.)
 Moist or muddy ground. 7, 8.
 Ruislip Reservoir.

This plant forms a green covering to the bottom of the reservoir when the water is drawn off in a dry summer.

3. E. fluitans. L. (Floating Spike Rush.)
Ditches and pools. 6, 7.

Piece of open ground called Whitchurch Common, at the back of Canon's Park, between Stanmore and Edgware. 1827-30. (Varenne.)

SCIRPUS. (Club Rush.)

S. sylvaticus. L. (Wood Club Rush.)
 Moist woods and banks of rivers. 7.
 Canal at Northolt. At Alperton. (Newbould.) By the Brent, Perivale. (Lees.)

2. S. lacustris. L. (Bullrush.)
Rivers and ponds. 6, 7.

In a pool close to the Canal near Northolt; Ruislip Reservoir. Canal, Alperton. (Newbould.) The Brent, Kingsbury. (Flor. Midd.)

CAREX. (Sedge.)

C. ovalis. Gooden. (Oval-Spiked Sedge.)
 Bogs and marshy places. 6, 7.

Fields near Harrow Weald, Harrow Weald Common, and Headstone Drive.

2. C. stellulata. Gooden. (Little Prickly Sedge, Starry Sedge.)

Marshy and heathy places. 5, 6.

Harrow Weald Common, abundant; Pinner. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

3. C. remota. L. (Distant-spiked Sedge.)
Woods and moist shady places. 6, 7.
Pinner, frequent; Harrow Park, the Grove, and he

Pinner, frequent; Harrow Park, the Grove, and hedges on the Kenton road. Stanmore. (Varenne.)

4. C. axillaris. Good. (Axillary Clustered Sedge.)
Marshes, rare. 6.

Ditch on east side of the road from Harrow Railway Station to Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)

T

5. C. vulpina. (Great Sedge.)

Wet shady places. 6, 7.

Common by the side of the Canal at Greenford, in ditches at Kenton, Pinner, and throughout the district.

- C. paniculata. L. (Great panicled Sedge.)
 Muddy ditches and bogs.
 Stonebridge. (Farrar.) Canal, Alperton, 1867, sparingly.
 (Newbould.)
- C. divulsa. Gooden. (Gray Sedge.)
 Moist shady pastures. 5, 6.
 Edge of a pool at Roxeth, and Oxhey Farm, Pinner;

rare. Woodhall, Pinner; Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)

- 8. C. muricata. L. (Greater Prickly Sedge.)

 Marshy and gravelly pastures. 5, 6.

 Common at Harrow, Headstone Drive, Pinner Churchyard. Near Pinner Railway Station; Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)
- C. acuta. L. (Slender Spiked Sedge.)
 Wet places. 6.
 Canal, Alperton. (Newbould.)
- Marshes and wet pastures. 5, 6.

 Not uncommon in the meadows at Harrow and Pinner.

 Harrow Weald and Stanmore Commons. (Flor. Midd.)
 - II. C. flava. L. (Yellow Sedge.)Turfy bogs. 6, 7.Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
 - 12. C. pallescens. L. (Pale Sedge.)Marshy places. 6.Near the Lake, Bentley Priory, Harrow Weald.

13. C. binervis. Sm. (Green-ribbed Sedge.)
Dry heaths and moors.

Harrow Weald Common, also sparingly on Ruislip Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

- 14. C. lævigata. Sm. (Smooth Stalked beaked Sedge.)Marshy copses, rare. 6.Wet places on Stanmore Heath. (Varenne.)
- 15. C. panicea. L. (Pink Leaved Sedge.)

 Marshy places. 6.

 Common in moist meadows at Horrory Pinner

Common in moist meadows at Harrow, Pinner, and Harrow Weald. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

16. C. sylvatica. Huds. (Pendulous Wood Sedge.)Moist woods. 5, 6.Abundant in Harrow Park; Bentley Priory Woods,

Abundant in Harrow Park; Bentley Priory Woods, near Stanmore.

- 17. C. strigosa. Huds. (Loose Pendulous Sedge.)Groves and thickets. Rare. 5, 6.Moss Lane, Pinner.
- 18. C. pendula. Huds. (Great Pendulous Sedge.) Moist woods and shady places, 5, 6. Woods at Pinner and Alperton; the Grove, Harrow; and Bentley Priory Woods, Stanmore.
- 19. C. pseudo-Cyperus. L. (Cyperus-like Sedge.)

 Damp places, rare. 6.

 Stanmore, in a grove opposite Drummond's House.

 (Herb. G. and R. in Flor. Midd.)
- 20. C. glauca. Scop. (Glaucous Heath Sedge.)
 Moist meadows. 6, 7.
 Meadows at Harrow, Pinner, Harrow Weald Common.
 Stanmore Heath. (Varenne.)

21. C. præcox. Jacq. (Vernal Sedge.)
Dry pastures and heaths. 4, 5.

Near Greenford, Ruislip Common, Pinner Hill, meadows at Pinner.

22. C. pilulifera. L. (Round-headed Sedge.)
Moory ground. 6, 7.

Harrow Weald Common; dry banks at Pinner Hill. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

23. C. hirta. L. (Hairy Sedge.)

Wet pastures and woods. 5, 6.

Pastures at Kenton, Pinner Hill, Woodridings, Bentley Priory, and Harrow. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

24. C. vesicaria. L. (Short-spiked Bladder Sedge.)
Wet bogs. 5.

In boggy ground near Ruislip Reservoir.

The Brent near Willesden. (Herb. Hardw. in Flor. Midd.)

25. C. paludosa. Gooden. (Lesser Common Sedge.)
Banks of rivers and ditches. 5, 6.

Side of Canal, Greenford, abundant. Ruislip Moor. (Flor. Midd.)

Between Stanmore and Harrow Weald. (Herb. G. and R. in Flor. Midd.)

26. C. riparia. Curt. (Great Common Sedge.)Sides of rivers and ditches. 5, 6.Greenford, side of Canal.

ORDER CVII. GRAMINEÆ. (GRASS TRIBE.)

ANTHOXANTHUM. (Vernal Grass.)

 A. odoratum. L. (Sweet-scented Vernal Grass.) Meadows and pastures. 5-7.

Abundant. Its scent, when drying, gives the agreeable smell to new-made hay. Johnston, in his "Chemistry of Common Life," observes, "This grass contains coumarin, and imparts to dry hay the odour of this substance." The Asperula odorata, L. (Sweet Woodruff), and the Melilotus officinalis, L. (Common Melilot), also contain coumarin, and when dried emit a fragrant odour. (Edition i.)

NARDUS. (Mat Grass.)

I. N. stricta. L. (Common Mat Grass.)
Moors and heaths. 6.

Abundant on Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

ALOPECURUS. (Foxtail Grass.)

- A. agrestis. L. (Slender Foxtail Grass.)
 Fields and way sides. 5-11.
 Cultivated ground at Greenford, and at Stanmore. Near
 Harrow Station; Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)
- 2. A. pratensis. L. (Meadow Foxtail Grass.)
 Meadows and pastures. 5, 6.
 Everywhere abundant.

L 2

3. A. geniculatus. L. (Floating Foxtail Grass.)
By pools and wet places. 5-8.
Ditches at Kenton; by the Canal; and at Roxeth.
Harrow Weald and Stanmore Commons. (Flor. Midd.)

4. A. fulvus. Sm. (Orange-spiked Foxtail Grass.)
Wet margins of ponds, ditches, and watery places. 6-9.
Edge of Ruislip Reservoir.

PHALARIS. (Canary Grass.)

- P. Canariensis.* L. (Cultivated Canary Grass.)
 Waste heaps; an outcast from cultivation. 7, 8.
 Common on a heap at Greenford; near the Canal; also by the turnpike at the end of the Northwick walk, Harrow.
 It sometimes occurs as a weed in the gardens at Harrow.
- 2. P. arundinacea. L. (Reed Canary Grass.) Sides of lakes and rivers. 7, 8.

Canal; abundant; by Ruislip Reservoir; the Brook, Pinner. The variety with leaves variegated with white lines, called ribbon grass, striped grass, or gardener's garters, is common in gardens. (Edition i.)

PHLEUM. (Cat's Tail Grass.)

I. P. pratense. L. (Common Cat's Tail Grass, or Timothy Grass.)

Meadows and pastures. 6-10.

Abundant; named Timothy Grass in honour of Mr. Timothy Hanson, who cultivated it extensively in America.

MILIUM. (Millet Grass.)

M. effusum. L. (Spreading Millet Grass.)
 Moist shady woods. 5, 6.
 Thickets at Wood End.

POLYPOGON. (Beard Grass.)

P. monspeliensis.* Desf. (Annual Beard Grass.)
 Moist pastures near the sea. 7, 8.

Woodridings, Pinner. August, 1871. In a field at Roxborough. (Farrar.)

AGROSTIS. (Bent Grass.)

- A. canina. L. (Brown Bent Grass.)
 Moist heaths and moory places. 6, 7.
 Frequent at Harrow Weald Common; Bank of Ruislip
 Reservoir. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- 2. A. vulgaris. With. (Fine Bent Grass.)
 Meadows, pastures, and banks. 6, 7.
 Common everywhere.
- β. A. pumila. Lightf. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. A. alba. L. (Marsh Bent Grass.)

 Pastures and road sides. 7, 8.

 Very common; similar to the last, and united to it by

 Mr. Bentham.
- A. Spica-Venti.* L. (Spreading Silky Bent Grass.)
 Sandy fields. 6, 7.
 Rare; road side at Roxeth; Pinner Churchyard. Waste

Rare; road side at Roxeth; Pinner Churchyard. Waste heaps, Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)

AIRA. (Hair Grass.)

- A. cæspitosa. L. (Tufted Hair Grass.)
 Moist shady places, and borders of fields. 6, 7.
 Abundant.
- A. flexuosa. L. (Waved Hair Grass.)
 Heaths, and hilly places. 7, 8.
 Abundant on Harrow Weald Common; Pinner Hill.
 Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

3. A. præcox. L. (Early Hair Grass.)
Heaths and sandy places. 5, 6.
Pinner Hill. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)

MOLINIA. (Molinia.)

M. cœrulea. Mœnch. (Purple Molinia.)
 Wet heathy places and moors. 7, 8.
 Harrow Weald Common.

MELICA. (Melick Grass.)

 M. uniflora. Retz. (Wood Melick Grass.) Shady woods. 5-7.
 Abundant in Harrow Park, near the ruins.

HOLCUS. (Soft Grass.)

- H. mollis. L. (Creeping Soft Grass.)
 Pastures and hedges. 7, 8.
 Borders of fields at Roxeth. Harrow Weald and Stanmore Commons. (Flor. Midd.)
- 2. H. lanatus. L. (Pink Soft Grass.)

 Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.

 Abundant.

ARUNDO. (Reed.)

A. Phragmites. L. (Common Reed.)
 Damp places, sides of streams. 8.
 Pinner, near Woodridings; near Northolt; Ruislip Reservoir.

ARRHENATHERUM. (False Oat Grass.)

A. avenaceum. Beauv. (Common False Oat Grass.)
 Hedges and pastures. 6, 7.
 Very common. A. elatius, M. and K.

B. A. bulbosum. Lindl. On dry banks at Pinner Hill.

PANICUM. (Panick Grass.)

- r. P. Crus-galli.* L. (Loose Panick Grass.)
 Cultivated ground. 7.
 Waste heaps by the Canal, Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)
- [2. P. miliaceum. L. (Millet Panick Grass.)
 Waste heaps by the Canal, Alperton, 1867. (Flor. Midd.)

SETARIA. (Bristle Grass.)

S. viridis.* Beauv. (Green Bristle Grass.)
 Fields. 7, 8.
 Dungheap in a field between Sudbury Station at the control of the control o

Dungheap in a field between Sudbury Station and Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)

- 2. S. glauca.* Beauv. (Glaucous Bristle Grass.) Waste heap by Canal, Alperton. (Flor. Midd.)
- [3. S. italica. Beauv. (Millet.)

 A few plants on waste heap by Canal, Alperton, 1867.

 (Flor. Midd.)

GLYCERIA. (Manna Grass.)

- G. aquatica. Sm. (Reed Manna Grass.)
 Sides of rivers, ponds, and ditches. 7, 8.
 Very common at the Canal near Greenford. Eastcott.
- 2. G. fluitans. R. Br. (True Manna Croup Grass.)
 Ditches and pools. 7, 8.
 Very common.
- 3. G. plicata. Fries. (Plicate Manna Croup Grass.)
 Muddy pools and ditches. 6-8.

- β. G. pedicellata. Towns.Eastcott. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. G. rigida. L. (Hard Manna Grass.) Old walls. 6, 7.

Kitchen garden wall at the Grove, Harrow; abundant; also on an old wall at Headstone Farm.

POA. (Meadow Grass.)

- P. pratensis. L. (Smooth-stalked Meadow Grass.) Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.
 Abundant.
- 2. P. trivialis. L. (Rough-stalked Meadow Grass.)
 Meadows and Pastures. 6, 7.
 Very common.
- 3. P. nemoralis. L. (Wood Meadow Grass.)
 Woods, thickets, and pastures. 6, 7.
 Not uncommon in Harrow Park, meadows at Roxeth,
 and a copse at Headstone. Moss Lane, Pinner. (Flor.
 Midd.)
- P. annua. L. (Annual Meadow Grass.)
 Meadows and pastures, and by road sides. 4-11.
 Everywhere most abundant.

TRIODIA. (Heath Grass.)

I. T. decumbens. Beauv. (Decumbent Heath Grass.)
Heaths and moors. 7, 8.

Abundant on Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)

BRIZA. (Quaking Grass.)

B. media. L. (Common Quaking Grass.)
 Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.

Meadows at Roxeth and Kenton; Pinner; by Northwick walk, Harrow, and in the Football Field. One of the most elegant of our British grasses. (Edition i.)

DACTYLIS. (Cock's-foot Grass.)

D. glomeratz. L. (Common Cock's-foot Grass.)
 Way sides, meadows, and woods. 6, 7.
 Very common.

CYNOSURUS. (Dog's-tail Grass.)

C. cristatus. L. (Crested Dog's-tail Grass.)
 Dry Pastures. 7, 8.
 Abundant in all pastures.

FESTUCA. (Fescue Grass.)

F. Myurus. L. (Capon's-tail Grass.)
 On old walls. 6.

Garden wall at the Grove, and old wall at Headstone Farm, in both cases growing with Poa rigida.

- 2. F. ovina. L. (Sheep's Fescue Grass.)
 Dry pastures. 6, 7.
- Dry banks at Northolt. Harrow Weald and Stanmore Commons. (Flor. Midd.)
- F. duriuscula. L. (Hard Fescue Grass.)
 Heaths and dry banks. 6.
 Roxeth. Harrow Weald Common. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. F. pratensis. Huds. (Meadow Fescue Grass.)
 Moist meadows and pastures. 6, 7.
 Very common.

β. F. loliacea. Huds.

In pastures at Harrow and Pinner. Alperton. (Newbould.)

- F. gigantea. Vill. (Tall-bearded Fescue Grass.)
 Shady woods and moist hedges. 7, 8.
 Abundant in Harrow Park, and the Grove, Harrow.
 This is the Bromus giganteus, L.
- 6. F. arundinacea. Schreb. (Reedy Fescue Grass.)
 Banks and sides of streams. 6, 7.
 Near a small stream, where it is crossed by the footpath through the Football Field from Harrow to Sudbury.
 By Canal near Alperton. (Newbould.)

BROMUS. (Brome Grass.)

- B. asper. L. (Hairy Wood Brome Grass.)
 Moist woods and hedges. 6, 7.
 Very common at Harrow; at Pinner. Harrow Weald;
 near Alperton; Horsington Hill. (Flor. Midd.)
- 2. B. sterilis. L. (Barren Brome Grass.)
 Waste ground, fields, and hedges. 6, 7.
 Frequent everywhere.
- 3. B. racemosus. L.? (Smooth Brome Grass.)
 Meadows and pastures. 6, 7.
 Harrow Weald. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. B. commutatus. Schrad. (Tumid Field Brome Grass.)

Road sides and fields. 6, 7.

Frequent. Very similar to the following, but usually glabrous.

B. mollis. L. (Soft Brome Grass.)
 Meadows, pastures, and waste ground. 5, 6.
 Everywhere abundant.

AVENA. (Oat Grass.)

A. fatua.* L. (Wild Oat, or Haver.)
 Corn-fields and waste ground. 6-8.
 Waste heap at Canal, and at Horsington. Perivale.
 (Lees.)

2. A. flavescens. L. (Yellow Oat Grass.) Trisetum flavescens. P. de Beauv.

Dry meadows and pastures. 7, 8.

Not unfrequent at Harrow, Pinner, and throughout the district.

HORDEUM. (Barley.)

I. H. pratense. Huds. (Meadow Barley.)
Moist meadows and pastures. 6, 7.

Very common. Not to be confounded with the next, which is never found in pastures.

2. H. murinum. L. (Wall or Mouse Barley, Way Bennet.)

Waste ground, by walls and road sides. 6, 7.

Harrow Station Bridge, road side at Roxeth. Near Pinner Station.

TRITICUM. (Wheat, Wheat Grass.)

I. T. repens. L. (Creeping Wheat Grass, or Couch Grass.)

Fields and waste places. 6-8.

Everywhere abundant.

BRACHYPODIUM. (False Brome Grass.)

B. sylvaticum. Beam. (Slender False Brome Grass.)
 Borders of fields and hedges. 6, 7.

At Roxeth, hedges on the Kenton Road, etc., not unfrequent. Hedge banks at Pinner. Near Pinner Wood; Edgware. (Flor. Midd.)

LOLIUM. (Rye Grass.)

- L. perenne. L. (Perennial or Beardless Rye Grass.)
 Pastures and way sides. 6, 7.
 Very common.
- 2. L. temulentum.* L. (Darnel, Bearded Rye Grass.) Corn-fields and waste places. 6-8.

Waste heap at the Canal, road side on the Kenton Road, waste ground at Alperton.

[3. L. italicum.* A. Braun. (Italian Rye Grass.)
Cultivated fields. 6.

In a meadow and the copse adjoining Headstone Lane, Pinner. Introduced for agricultural purposes.



CLASS III.

ACOTYLEDONOUS OR FLOWERLESS PLANTS.

SUB-CLASS I. FILICES. (FERN TRIBE.)

ORDER CVIII. POLYPODIACEÆ. (POLYPODIUM OR FERN TRIBE.)

POLYPODIUM. (Polypody.)

P. vulgare. L. (Common Polypody.)
 Rocks, walls, trunks of trees. 6-9.
 Hedge banks at Pinner; Wood End.

POLYSTICHUM. (Prickly Fern.)

I. P. aculeatum. Newm. (Common Prickly Fern.)

Moist woods and hedge banks.

Banks at Pinner, near the Station road. Moss Lane, Pinner. (Flor. Midd.)

2. P. angulare. Willd. (Angular-leaved Shield Fern.)
Woods and hedge banks. 7, 8.
Lane leading from Pinner to Harrow Weald. (Edition i.)
Headstone Lane, Pinner.

LASTRÆA. (Buckler Fern.)

- L. Oreopteris. Presl. (Sweet Mountain Fern.)
 Mountain heaths. 7.
 Harrow Weald Common. (Rev. B. F. Westcott.)
- L. Filix-Mas. Presl. (Common Male Fern.)
 Woods and shady banks. 6, 7.
 Harrow Park, the Grove, Pinner Wood, frequent.
 Harrow Weald Common and Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- 3. L. dilatata. Presl. (Broad prickly-toothed Buckler Fern.)

Moist woods and moors. 8, 9.

Pinner Wood. Harrow Weald Common. Stanmore Heath. (Herts. Fl. Supp.)

CYSTOPTERIS. (Bladder Fern.)

I. C. fragilis. Bernh. (Brittle Bladder Fern.)
Rocks and walls. 7.

On a low damp wall at Pinner Hill. This interesting plant was discovered June 2nd, 1871, in company with W. A. Tooke, Esq.

ATHYRIUM. (Lady Fern.)

I. A. Filix-fæmina. Roth.

Wet shady places. 6, 7.

In an enclosure near Harrow Weald Common. (Mr.

T. Wilkinson.) Stanmore. (Varenne in Flor. Midd.)

ASPLENIUM. (Spleenwort.)

I. A. Adiantum-nigrum. L. (Black Spleenwort.)
Rocks and walls. 6-9.

On a hedge bank, Harrow Weald. (Mr. T. Wilkinson.) Headstone Lane, Pinner. (Mrs. W. G. Stuart.)

- A. Trichomanes. L. (Maiden Hair Spleenwort.)
 Rocks and walls. 5-10.
 Garden wall, Sudbury. (T. Wilkinson.)
- 3. A. Ruta-muraria. L. (Wall Rue.) Old walls. 6-8.

Pinner Church wall; old wall at Greenford, near the Church.

SCOLOPENDRIUM. (Hart's Tongue.)

S. vulgare. Sym. (Common Hart's Tongue.)
 Shady banks and rocks. 7, 8.

On the Rickmansworth Road. Hedges between Stanmore and Harrow. (Edition i.) Pinner, plentiful in 1869, rare in 1875.

PTERIS. (Brake.)

P. aquilina. L. (Common Brake, or Bracken.)
 Woods and heaths. 7, 8.

Harrow Weald. Pinner Hill. Several seedling plants occurred on the walls at Mr. Green's Nursery, Pinner.

BLECHNUM. (Hard Fern.)

VI. B. boreale. Sw. (Northern Hard Fern.)
Woods and heaths. 7, 8.

Harrow Weald Common. A well-marked variety of this, entered as B. anomalum, also occurs.

ORDER CX. OPHIOGLOSSACEÆ. (ADDER'S TONGUE TRIBE.)

OPHIOGLOSSUM. (Adder's Tongue.)

O. vulgatum. L. (Common Adder's Tongue.)
 Moist pastures. 5, 6.

Football Field, Harrow; and abundant in a field at Greenford. (Edition i.) Roxeth; Pinner Hill. Ruislip Moor. (Flor. Midd.)

ORDER CXIII. EQUISÆTACEÆ. (HORSETAIL.)

EQUISETUM. (Horsetail.)

- E. Telmateia. Ehrh. (Great Water Horsetail.)
 Wet damp ground. 4, 5.
 Bentley Priory, Harrow Weald.
- 2. E. arvense. L. (Corn Horsetail.)
 Corn-fields and road sides. 4, 5.
 Abundant.
- E. limosum. L. (Smooth Naked Horsetail.)
 Sides of rivers. 6, 7.
 Ruislip Reservoir, and ditches on Ruislip Common.
 Stanmore Heath. (Flor. Midd.)
- 4. E. palustre. L. (Marsh Horsetail.)
 Boggy soils. 6, 7.
 Side of the Canal, near Greenford.
- E. sylvaticum. L. (Branched Wood Horsetail.)
 Moist woods, and hedge banks. 4, 5.
 Abundant on Harrow Weald Common. An unfrequent and peculiarly graceful species.

ORDER CXIV. CHARACE Æ.

CHARA.

- 1. C. syncarpa. Thuil. Ruislip Reservoir.
- 2. C. vulgaris. L.
 Pools at Alperton, Woodridings and Roxeth.
- 3. C. fragilis. Desv.

 Small pond at Pinner Hill; brook at Eastcott; Ruislip Reservoir.

APPENDIX.

PLANTS not found in the Harrow district, but occurring between it and the Colne.

- Helleborus viridis. L. Mr. Eley's Wood, Oxhey. (A. Cottam.)
- 2. Rubus Schlechtendalii. W. and N. Woods near Pinner Lane. (Fl. Herts. Supp.)
- 3. R. fusco-ater. Weihe. Woods near Pinner Lane. (Fl. Herts. Supp.)
- 4. R. Guntheri. Weihe.
 Woods by Pinner Lane. (Fl. Herts. Supp.)
- 5. R. hirtus. W. and K. Woods near Pinner Lane. (Fl. Herts. Supp.)

- 6. Rosa inodora. Fr. Oxhey Lane. (R. A. Pryor.)
- 7. Epilobium palustre. L. Bacher Heath. (R. A. Pryor.)
- 8. Hippuris vulgaris. L. The Colne, Hamper Mill.
- 9. Saxifraga granulata. L. Fields by Hamper Mill. (A. Cottam.)
- 10. Œnanthe fluviatilis. Colem. The Colne, Hamper Mill.
- 11. Cichorium Intybus. L. Near Hamper Mill. (Mrs. Tooke.)
- 12. Vaccinium Myrtillus. L. Eastbury.
- Symphytum officinale. L.
 The Colne, Hamper Mill; Moor Park.
- 14. Lamium amplexicaule. L. Near Wiggenhall. (A. Cottam.)
- L. incisum. Willd. Wiggenhall. (A. Cottam.)
- 16. Pinguicula vulgaris. L. Watford Common Moor. (R. A. Pryor.)
- 17. Centunculus minimus. L. Moor Park. (R. A. Pryor.)

- Salix rugosa. Leefe.
 Near Hamper Mill. (R. A. Pryor.)
- 19. Habenaria bifolia. R. Br. Watford Heath.
- Convallaria majalis. L. Nanscot Wood.
- 21. Lolium arvense. With. Little Oxhey Lane.
- 22. Lastrea spinulosa. Presl. Oxhey Wood.

Note.—W. A. Tooke, Esq., has lately found a new station for Listera Nidus-avis at Pinner Hill.



MUSCI. MOSSES.

ORDER I. SPHAGNACEÆ. (BOG MOSS TRIBE.)

SPHAGNUM. (Bog Moss.)

- S. cymbifolium. Ehrh. (Boat-leaved Bog Moss.) Harrow Weald Common.
- S. acutifolium. Ehrh. (Long-leaved floating Bog Moss.)
 Harrow Weald Common.

ORDER II. BRYACEÆ. (THREAD MOSS TRIBE.)

SECTION I. ACROCARPI. Capsules terminal.

SUB-ORDER I. DICRANEÆ. (FORK MOSS DIVISION.)

DICRANUM. (Fork Moss.)

- D. varium. Hedw, (Variable Fork Moss.) Harrow Weald.
- D. heteromallum. Hedw. (Silky-leaved Fork Moss.) Harrow Weald.
- 3. D. scoparium. Hedw. (Broom Fork Moss.) Pinner Wood.

4. D. majus. Turn. (Greater Fork Moss.)
Pinner.

LEUCOBRYUM. (White Fork Moss.)

 L. glaucum. B. and S. (White Fork Moss.) Harrow Weald Common.

CERATODON. (Horn-tooth Moss.)

1. C. purpureus. Brid. (Purple Horn-tooth Moss.)
Harrow Weald.

SUB-ORDER II. POTTIEÆ. (POTTIA DIVISION.)

POTTIA.

I. P. truncata. B. and S. (Truncated Pottia.)
Harrow.

SUB-ORDER III. TRICHOSTOME Æ. (FRINGE MOSS DIVISION.)

DIDYMODON. (Twin-tooth Moss.)

D. rubellus. B. and S. (Purple Twin-tooth Moss.)
 Harrow and Pinner.

TORTULA. (Screw Moss.)

- T. unguiculata. Hedw. (Bird's-claw Screw Moss.)
 Harrow Weald.
- 2. T. fallax. Hedw. (Fallacious Screw Moss.) Ruislip.
- 3. T. muralis. Hedw. (Wall Screw Moss.) Pinner; Harrow.

- 4. T. subulata. Bridel. (Awl-shaped Screw Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 5. T. ruralis. Hedw. (Great Hairy Screw Moss.)
 Pinner.

SUB-ORDER IV. GRIMMEÆ. (GRIMMIA DIVISION.)

GRIMMIA.

G. pulvinata. Smith. (Grey Cushioned Grimmia.)
 Pinner; Harrow Weald.

SUB-ORDER V. ORTHOTRICHEÆ. (BRISTLE Moss Division.)

ORTHOTRICHUM. (Bristle Moss.)

I. O. affine. Schrad. (Pale Straight-leaved Bristle

Pinner.

2. O. crispum. Hedw. (Curled Bristle Moss.)
Pinner.

SUB-ORDER VI. POLYTRICHEÆ. (HAIR Moss Division.)

ATRICHUM. (Hairless Moss.)

I. A. undulatum. P. Beauv. (Undulated Hairless Moss.)

Pinner; Harrow.

POGONATUM. (Bearded Moss.)

I. P. aloides. Bridel. (Dwarf Aloe-like Bearded Moss.)

Pinner Wood; Harrow Weald.

POLYTRICHUM. (Hair Moss.)

- P. commune. L. (Common Hair Moss.) Pinner Wood.
- P. juniperinum. Hedw. (Juniper-leaved Hair Moss.)
 Harrow Weald; Pinner.

SUB-ORDER VII. BRYEÆ. (THREAD MOSS DIVISION.)

BRYUM. (Thread Moss.)

- I. B. nutans. Schreb. (Pendulous Thread Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 2. B. capillare. Hedw. (Matted Thread Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 3. B. cæspiticium. L. (Lesser Matted Thread Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 4. B. argenteum. L. (Silvery Thread Moss.)
 Pinner.

MNIUM. (Thyme Thread Moss.)

- I. M. rostratum. Schwægr. (Long-beaked Thyme Thread Moss.) Harrow Weald.
- 2. M. hornum. Hedw. (Swan's-neck Thyme Thread Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 3. M. undulatum. Hedw. (Long-leaved Thyme Thread Moss.)
 Pinner; Harrow.

N

SUB-ORDER VIII. FUNARIEÆ. (CORD MOSS DIVISION.)

FUNARIA. (Cord Moss.)

F. hygrometrica. Hedw. (Hygrometric Cord Moss.)
 Pinner; Harrow.

SUB-ORDER IX. FISSIDENTEÆ. (CLEFT-TOOTH MOSS DIVISION.)

FISSIDENS. (Cleft-tooth Moss.)

- F. bryoides. Hedw. (Lesser pinnate Cleft-tooth Moss.)
 Pinner; Harrow.
- 2. F. taxifolius. Hedw. (Yew-leaved Cleft-tooth Moss.)
 Harrow.

SECTION III. PLEUROCARPI. Capsules lateral.

SUB-ORDER X. LEUCODONTEÆ. PALE-TOOTH MOSS DIVISION.

LEUCODON. (Pale-tooth Moss.)

I. L. sciurioides. Schwægr. (Squirrel-tail Pale-tooth Moss.)

Pinner; Harrow.

SUB-ORDER XI. ISOTHECIEÆ. (ISOTHECIUM DIVISION.)

ISOTHECIUM.

- I. I. myosuroides. Bridel. (Mouse-tail Isothecium.)
 Harrow.
- 2. I. alopecurum. Wils. (Fox-tail Isothecium.)
 Harrow. (Thamnium; Bry. Brit.)

LESKEA.

- L. polycarpa. Ehrh. (Long-headed Leskea.) Harrow Weald.
- 2. L. sericea. Hedw. (Silky Leskea.)
 Harrow.

SUB-ORDER XII. HYPNEÆ. (FEATHER MOSS DIVISION.)

HYPNUM. (Feather Moss.)

- H. glareosum. Bruch. (Gravelly Feather Moss.) Harrow.
- 2. H. lutescens. Huds. (Rough-stalked yellow Feather Moss.)
- H. rutabulum. L. (Common Rough-stalked Feather Moss.)
 Harrow.
- 4. H. prælongum. L. (Very long Feather Moss.)
 Harrow.
- H. striatum. Schreb. (Common Striated Feather Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 6. H. ruscifolium. Neck. (Long-beaked Water Feather Moss.)
- 7. H. serpens. L. (Creeping White-veiled Feather Moss.)

 Harrow.

- 8. H. riparium. L. (Short-beaked Water Feather Moss.)
 Pinner.
- H. cordifolium. Hedw. (Heart-leaved Feather-Moss.)
 Harrow; Pinner.
- 10. H. cuspidatum. L. (Pointed Bog Feather Moss.)
 Harrow Weald Common.
- II. H. Schreberi. Willd. (Schreber's Feather Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 12. H. purum. L. (Neat Meadow Feather Moss.)
 Harrow Weald.
- 13. H. tamariscinum. Hedw. (Proliferous Feather Moss.)
 Pinner.
- 14. H. triquetrum. L. (Triquetrous Feather Moss.)
 Harrow.
- 15. H. loreum. L. (Rambling Mountain Feather Moss.) Pinner; Harrow.
- 16. H. squarrosum. L. (Drooping-leaved Feather Moss.)Harrow; Pinner.
- 17. H. fluitans. L. (Floating Feather Moss.)
 Alperton; Harrow; Pinner.
- 18. H. uncinatum. Hedw. (Sickle-leaved Feather Moss.)
 Harrow Weald.

19. H. cupressiforme. L. (Cypress-leaved Feather Moss.)

Harrow.

- 20. H. undulatum. L. (Wavy Feather Moss.) Pinner.
- 21. H. sylvaticum. L. (Wood Feather Moss.)
 Harrow.
- 22. H. denticulatum. L. (Sharp Fern-like Feather Moss.)

 Harrow Weald.

SUB-ORDER XIII. OMALIEÆ. (OMALIA DIVISION.)

NECKERA.

I. N. complanata. Bryol. Eur. (Flat Neckera.) Harrow; Pinner.

SUB-ORDER XIV. FONTINALEÆ. (WATER MOSS DIVISION.)

FONTINALIS. (Water Moss.)

I. F. antipyretica. L. (Greater Water Moss.) Harrow; Ruislip.

HEPATICÆ. (Liverworts.)

JUNGERMANNIACEÆ.

- Scapania undulata. Nees. Harrow Weald Common.
- 2. Plagiochila asplenioides. N. and M. Pinner.

- 3. Jungermannia crenulata. Sm. Harrow Weald Common.
- 4. Lophocolea bidentata. Nees. Pinner Wood.
- 5. L. heterophylla. Nees. Pinner Wood.
- Calypogeia Trichomanes. Cord. Pinner Wood.
- 7. Martinellia complanata. Gray. Pinner Wood.
- 8. Frullania dilatata. Nees. Harrow; Pinner Wood.
- Pellia calycina. Nees. Harrow.
- 10. P. epiphylla. Nees. Harrow Weald Common.

MARCHANTIACEÆ.

I. Marchantia polymorpha. L. Pinner.

RICCIACEÆ.

Riccia fluitans. L.
 In pools at Harrow and Pinner.

BIRDS OF HARROW.

FALCONIDÆ.

KESTREL. (Falco tinnunculus.) SPARROW HAWK. (Falco nisus.)

A nest of the Sparrow Hawk was taken in the Mount, during the spring of 1861, situated at the top of a Scotch fir.

Found at Ruislip June 3rd, 1875.

MERLIN. (Falco æsalon.) HOBBY. (Falco subbuteo.) BUZZARD. (Falco buteo.)

Of these five the two first only have come under my own immediate notice, but the others have been occasionally seen about here.

STRIGIDÆ.

Of this tribe there are only two representatives here:

BARN OWL. (Strix flammea.) BROWN OWL. (Strix aluco.)

A nest of this bird was found in the Grove, in the hollow of a tree, during the spring of 1862.

LANIADÆ.

RED-BACKED SHRIKE. (Lanius collurio.)

Very common.

The Red-Backed Shrike, or Butcher bird, is by no means uncommon at Harrow, though a rare visitor in the midland counties, and scarcely ever seen in the north of England. It first arrives in this neighbourhood towards the end of April or beginning of May, and leaves it again in September. The food of this bird consists of cockchafers, beetles, grasshoppers, and such like insects; it also occasionally makes a meal of a small bird; its food is impaled on thorns previous to being eaten. I have found an unfledged bird impaled in this manner, half devoured, which shows that even nests are not safe from the depredations of these well-named Butcher birds.

MUSCICAPIDÆ.

SPOTTED FLYCATCHER. (Muscicapa Griseola.)
This bird is very common here.

PIED FLYCATCHER. (Muscicapa atricapilla.)

I know of one authenticated instance of the occurrence of this rare bird here: a nest with three eggs was taken in the Grove, about the year 1836, and the eggs are still preserved.

None since 1873.

TURDIDÆ.

MISSEL THRUSH. (Turdus viscivorus.)

FIELDFARE. (Turdus pilaris.)

This bird is only a visitor here, remaining with us during the winter months, and departing northwards for breeding purposes about the beginning or middle of April.

SONG THRUSH. (Turdus musicus.)

Common.

On the 24th of May, 1862, I found an egg of this bird near Pinner Drive, perfectly spotless.

REDWING. (Turdus iliacus.)

This bird, like the Fieldfare, only remains with us during the winter, departing in March.

BLACKBIRD. (Turdus merula.)

PARIDÆ.

Of the seven species which compose this tribe, I have noticed five at Harrow.

GREAT TITMOUSE. (Parus major.)

Very common.

BLUE TITMOUSE. (Parus cæruleus.)

Common.

COLE TITMOUSE. (Parus ater.)

I found a nest of this bird in a hole in a barn, during the spring of 1862, containing young birds nearly fledged. One since 1873. Park. (R. B. H.)

MARSH TITMOUSE. (Parus palustris.)

One in Harrow Grove, three years ago. (R. B. H.) None since 1873.

LONG-TAILED TITMOUSE. (Parus caudatus.)

One or two, Harrow Weald.

I found a nest of the Bumbarrel, as the Long-tailed Tit is called, in this neighbourhood, in the Football Field, towards the end of March, 1863.

SYLVIADÆ.

HEDGESPARROW. (Accentor modularis.)
ROBIN. (Sylvia rubecula.)
REDSTART. (Sylvia phænicurus.)
STONECHAT. (Sylvia rubicola.)
WHINCHAT. (Sylvia rubetra.)

The Whinchat, as well as the Stonechat, is very common here during the summer, and may be seen in almost every field. A favourite situation for their nests is the banks of the Railway, where they build in large numbers.

WHEATEAR. (Sylvia ænanthe.)

Two seen near Mutton Lane, March, 1875.

GRASSHOPPER WARBLER. (Sylvia locustella.)

I found, during the spring of 1861, a nest of this bird, situated in some low brambles; it contained six eggs slightly incubated, five of which are still in my possession.

None since 1873.

SEDGE WARBLER. (Sylvia phragmitis.)

Not common.

During the spring of 1860, I obtained a nest of this bird, containing two eggs, at the old Duck-puddle.

Two nests found near Pinner, 1875.

NIGHTINGALE. (Sylvia luscinia.)

Pretty common.

Nightingales are very plentiful here in the summer time, and I have found several of their nests every year.

BLACKCAP. (Sylvia atricapilla.)

Pretty common. Pinner Lane, Oxhey Wood, etc. To be found in most of the copses about here.

GARDEN WARBLER. (Sylvia hortensis.)
Occasional. Harrow Weald.

WHITETHROAT. (Sylvia cinerea.) Very common.

LESSER WHITETHROAT. (Sylvia curruca.)

Common.

Nearly as common as the Greater Whitethroat.

WOOD WREN. (Sylvia sibilatrix.)

Rare, but occasionally met with.

None since 1873.

WILLOW WREN. (Sylvia trochylus.)

CHIFF-CHAFF. (Sylvia rufa.)
Oxhev Wood, fairly common.

GOLDEN-CRESTED REGULUS. (Regulus cristatus.)

MOTACILLIDÆ.

PIED WAGTAIL. (Motacilla Yarellii.)
Occasional.

RAY'S WAGTAIL. (Motacilla campestris.)

Near Pinner Road, one nest, 1875.

Frequently met with in pairs during the summer months.

ANTHIDÆ.

TREE PIPIT. (Anthus arboreus.)
Oxhey Wood. Common.

MEADOW PIPIT. (Anthus pratensis.)

Very common, and are caught in large numbers by the birdcatcher.

ROCK PIPIT. (Anthus obscurus.)

A specimen of the Rock Pipit was caught by the birdcatcher here during November, 1862; being uncertain what kind of pipit this was, I skinned it and took some trouble to discover its right name, it proved to be without doubt the *Anthus obscurus*. The Rock Pipit though common on the sea coast is very rarely seen so far inland as Harrow.

None since 1873.

ALAUDIDÆ.

SKY LARK. (Alauda arvensis.)
Common.

WOOD LARK. (Alauda arborea.)

EMBERIZIDÆ.

COMMON BUNTING. (Emberiza millearia.) Occasionally met with, though not common.

BLACK-HEADED BUNTING. (Emberiza Schæniclus.)
Common.

YELLOW HAMMER. (Emberiza citrinella.)

FRINGILLIDÆ.

CHAFFINCH. (Fringilla cælebs.)
BRAMBLING. (Fringilla montifringilla.)

Caught occasionally by the birdcatcher during the flight time.

None since 1873.

TREE SPARROW. (Fringilla montana.)

Uncommon, but seen occasionally in small flocks during the winter.

HOUSE SPARROW. (Fringilla domestica.) Common.

GREENFINCH. (Fringilla chloris.)
Common.

HAWFINCH. (Fringilla cocothraustes.)

This neighbourhood seems to be rather a favourite place of resort for these birds, though they are not common in most places, and they seem to be rather on the increase than the contrary. On the 7th of May, 1863, I saw a nest of the Hawfinch situated at the top of a tall apple tree in the Grove, containing five eggs; it was composed of small sticks and twigs, slightly lined with hay and one or two feathers.

One found since 1873. (Mr. Stuart's.)

GOLDFINCH. (Fringilla carduelis.)

None since 1873.

SISKIN. (Fringilla spinus.)

Do not breed here.

LINNET. (Fringilla cannabina.)
Common.

LESSER REDPOLE. (Fringilla linaria.)

Very common during the winter. Does not breed in general here.

MEALY REDPOLE. (Fringilla borealis.)

Not common, although some are seen most years during the winter, and are occasionally caught.

TWITE. (Fringilla montium.)

Occasionally caught during the months of October, November, and December, when they arrive here from the north.

BULLFINCH. (Loxia pyrrhula.)

Common.

A pied Bullfinch was caught here during the winter of 1862; it was a hen bird, with patches of white about the crown of the head and both wings.

CROSSBILL. (Loxia curvirostra.)

A female Crossbill was caught alive here during September, 1863, by A. Fuller, Esq.

STURNIDÆ.

STARLING. (Sturnus vulgaris.)

Very common.

CORVIDÆ.

CROW. (Corvus corone.)

Common. Very numerous about here.

ROOK. (Corvus frugilegus.)

Common.

JACKDAW. (Corvus monedula.)

Not very common.

MAGPIE. (Corvus pica.)

Occasional. Two since 1873, near the Range.

Not very common close round Harrow, owing to the scarcity of covers.

JAY. (Corvus glandarius.)

Jays are frequently seen in the Park, where nearly every year a nest is built.

PICIDÆ.

GREEN WOODPECKER. (Picus viridis.) LESSER SPOTTED WOODPECKER. (Picus minor.)

Specimens of both the Green and Lesser-spotted Woodpeckers were shot by Edward Palmer, when gardener to the late Mr. Cunningham.

Often heard in spring in Harrow Grove and in Dr. Butler's Garden. Makes a sound exactly like that of a tree creaking when it is about to fall.

WRYNECK. (Yunx torquilla.)

Not uncommon. The country people call it "Cuckoo's mate."

CERTHIADÆ.

CREEPER. (Certhia familiaris.)
Occasional.

WREN. (Troglodytes Europæus.)

Common.

NUTHATCH. (Sitta Europæa.)

Fairly common. Common where any large trees are found.

CUCULIDÆ.

CUCKOO. (Cuculus canorus.)

Common.

HALCYONIDÆ.

KINGFISHER. (Alcedo ispida.)

Rare; but occasionally seen in the Park. Three since 1873.

HIRUNDINIDÆ.

SWALLOW. (Hirundo rustica.)

Common.

MARTIN. (Hirundo urbica.)

Common.

SAND MARTIN. (Hirundo riparia.)

Seldom seen close round Harrow; the nearest place where they build is the Chalk Pits, at Pinner.

SWIFT. (Cypselus apus.)

Common; several pairs build here every year. There are usually one or two nests in Mr. Chapman's barn; some also build in the Church steeple.

Common at Pinner and Ruislip.

COLUMBIDÆ.

RING DOVE. (Columba palumbus.)
Occasional.

STOCK DOVE. (Columba cenas.)

TURTLE DOVE. (Columba turtur.)
Rare. The Park and Oxhey Wood.

PHASIANIDÆ.

PHEASANT. (Phasianus Colchicus.)

TETRAONIDÆ.

PARTRIDGE. (Perdix cinerea.)
Fairly common.

RED-LEGGED PARTRIDGE. (Perdix rufa.) Found at Ruislip, June 3rd, 1875.

CHARADRIIDÆ.

LAPWING. (Vanellus cristatus.)

Common.

ARDEIDÆ.

HERON. (Ardea cinerea.)

Two seen in 1875. (J. C.)

Occasionally seen flying at a great height. I have never seen one settle.

I have seen three pairs in the last ten years.

SCOLOPACIDÆ.

WOODCOCK. (Scolopax rusticola.)
Very seldom seen about here.
None since 1873.

COMMON SNIPE. (Scolopax gallinago.) One in 1875. (J. C.)

JACK SNIPE. (Scolopax gallinula.)

Both the common and Jack Snipe used to be plentifully found in the meadow land round here, but since the improvements in draining they are seldom met with.

None since 1873.

RALLIDÆ.

LAND RAIL. (Gallinula crex.)

Very common; the Football Field is a favourite resort for them, and on a summer's evening several may be heard calling to one another at the same time, with their harsh grating note.

MOORHEN. (Gallinula chloropus.)

Common.

ANATIDÆ.

WILD DUCK. (Anas boscas.)

Four at Ruislip. Two near the Rifle Range. Not frequently seen. Five seen near Range, 1875. Seven seen at Moor Park, 1876. (J. C.)

TEAL. (Anas Crecca.)

Of rare occurrence. A nest found at Oxhey Pond in 1875.

COOT. (Fulica atra.)

Moor Park and Ruislip.

CAPRIMULGIDÆ.

NIGHT JAR. (Caprimulgus Europæus.)

Three nests at Oxhey. One seen in the garden of the Knoll, Harrow, in June, 1875.

COLYMBIDÆ.

DAB-CHICK. (Colymbus Hebridicus.)

Rare: a nest found at Oxhey in 1875.

BUTTERFLIES.

(Those marked with a * are additions to the list.)

English Name.

Cabbage Butterfly.

Latin Name.

Pieris Brassicæ

,, Rapæ			Small White.
" Napi			Green-veined.
Anthocharis Cardan	nine		Orange-tip.
Gonepteryx Rhamn	i		Brimstone.
Colias Edusa			Clouded Yellow.
Fo	und at	Pin	ner Drive.
Argynnis Paphia			Silver-washed Fritillary.*
Saw	one sp	ecim	en in 1874.
			Pearl-bordered Fritillary.
	Ruisl	ip W	Vood.
Vanessa Polychloros			Great Tortoise Shell.
" Urticæ			Small Tortoise Shell.
" Io			
,, Atalanta			
" Cardui			
,, Antiopa			Camberwell Beauty.
0	ne spec	eime	n taken.
Satyrus Egeria			Wood Argus.
	Caught		
Satyrus Megæra			Wall Butterfly.*
AND THE PERSON NAMED IN			

Latin Name.	English Name.
Satyrus Semele	Grayling.
Caught at Pi	inner Drive.
Satyrus Janira	Meadow Brown.
,, Tithonus	Lesser Meadow Brown
,, Hyperanthus	Wood Ringlet.
Caught at O	xhey Wood.
Chortobius Pamphilus	
Thecla Quercus	
Caught at Pi	nner Drive.
Polyommatus Phlæas	Small Copper.
Lycæna Ægon	Silver-studded Blue.
" Agestis	Brown Argus.
" Alexis	Common Blue.
" Corydon	Chalk Hill Blue.
Caught at Pi	inner Drive.
Lycæna Argiolus	Holly Blue.*
One spe	ecimen.
Syrichthus Alveolus	Grizzled Skipper.
Hesperia Sylvanus	Large Skipper.
,, Linea	



SPHINXES, OR HAWK MOTHS.

NOCTURNI.

English Name

Licente Literate.		Diegoton Liante.
Smerinthus ocellatus		Eyed Hawk Moth.
" Populi		Poplar Hawk.
Pupæ fa	irly	common.
Smerinthus Tiliæ		Lime Hawk.
Acherontia Atropos		Death's Head.
Found	near	Roxeth.
Sphinx Convolvuli		Convolvulus Hawk.
One specimen	tak	en at Harrow.
Sphinx Ligustri		Privet Hawk.
Chærocampa Elpenor		Elephant Hawk.
Macroglossa Stellatarum		Humming Bird.
" fuciformis		Bee Hawk.*
One at	Rui	slip. (?)

Latin Name

MOTHS.

Cossus Ligniperda Goat Moth.

110	
Latin Name.	English Name.
Hepialus Hectus	. Gold Swift.*
	ington Wood.
Hepialus lupulinus	. Common Swift.
" Humuli	
Procris Statices	. Green Forester.
	Wood.
Procris Globulariæ	. Blue-green Forester
Near the Nor	thwick Walk.
Zygæna Trifolii	. Five-spot Burnet.
	Wood.
Zygæna Filipendulæ	. Six-spot Burnet.
Nola cuculatella	
Nudaria mundana	. Muslin Moth.*
Lithosia complanula .	. Common Footman.
Euchelia Jacobææ	. Cinnabar.
Caught near the	Football Field.
Euthemonia Russula	Clouded Buff.
Chelonia Caja	Tiger Moth.
" villica	Cream Spot.
Arctia lubricipeda	Buff Ermine.
" Menthastri	Ermine.
Liparis Chrysorrhæa	Brown Tail.
" Auriflua	Gold Tail.
" Salicis	Satin Moth.
Orgyia pudibunda	Pale Tussock.
" antiqua	Vapourer.
Trichiura Cratægi	*
One larva at	Sudbury.
Bombyx Neustria	Lackey Moth.
" Rubi	Fox Moth.
	Oak Eggar.
Odonestis potatoria	
Larvæ swarming	along hedges.
Lasiocampa quercifolia	
A laws of	Rujelin

GEOMETRÆ.

O E C	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Latin Name.	English Name.
Uropteryx sambucata	Swallow Tail.
Rumia cratægata	Brimstone.
Venilia maculata	Spotted Yellow.
Metrocampa margaritata	Emerald.
Pericallia syringaria	Lilac Beauty.
Selenia illunaria	Common Thorn.*
Odontopera bidentata	Scalloped Hazel.
Crocallis elinguaria	Scalloped Oak.
Amphidasys prodromaria	Oak Beauty.*
,, betularia	Pepper and Salt.*
Hemerophila abruptaria	Mottled Umber.
Cleora lichenaria	Lichen Moth.*
Boarmia repandata	Mottled Beauty.
" rhomboidaria	Willow Beauty.*
", consortaria	Pale Oak Beauty.*
Have some pupæ which	I presume to be this species.
Tephrosia punctulata	Grey Birch Moth.*
One	at Ruislip.
Hemithea thymiaria	Common Emerald.
Ephyra porata	Maiden's Blush.*
" punctaria	Mocha Moth.*
Asthena candidata	White Wave.*
Eupisteria heparata	Dusky Wave.*
Acidalia bisetata	Small Wave.*
", imitaria	Small Bloodvein.*
,, aversata	Common Wave.*
Timandra amataria	Bloodvein.
Cabera pusaria	White Wave.
Halia wavaria	The V Moth.
Strenia clathrata	Heath Moth.*
Abraxas glossulariata	Magpie.
Lomaspilis marginata	Clouded Border.*

Latin Name.	English Name.
Hybernia leucophæaria	Spring Usher.*
" defoliaria	Mottled Umber.*
Anisopteryx æscularia	March Moth.*
Cheimatobia brumata	Winter Moth.*
Emmelesia albulata	White Rivulet.*
Taken	at Ruislip.
Emmelesia decolorata	Sandy Rivulet.*
Eupethecia centaureata	Lime-specked Pug.*
,, vulgata	Common Pug.*
,, rectangulata	Green Pug.*
Hypsipetes impluviata	May Highflyer.
", elutata	July Highflyer.
Melanthia rubiginata	Blue-bordered Carpet
" ocellata	Purple-bar.
Melanippe subtristata	Common Carpet.
,, montanata	Silver Carpet.
,, galiata	Galium Carpet.
", fluctuata	Garden Carpet.
Anticlea badiata	Shoulder-stripe.*
" derivata	A STATE OF THE STA
Coremia ferrugata	Red Carpet.*
,, unidentaria	Single-dotted Carpet.
Camptogramma bilineata	Yellow Shell.
Scotosia dubitata	The Tissue.
Cidaria miata	Green Carpet.*
", russata	Mottled Carpet.
" suffumata	Water Carpet.
,, testata	
" fulvata	Barred Yellow.*
" pyraliata	Barred Straw.
Eubolia mensuraria	Small Mallow.
Tanagra chærophyllata	Sweep.
On the I	Railway Banks.

DREPANULÆ.

Latin Name. English Name.

Platypteryx Hamula .. Oak Hook-tip.*

One at Oxhey.

Cilix spinula Goose Egg.*

PSEUDO BOMBYCES.

Dicranura vinula Puss Moth.

,, furcula .. Kitten Moth.

Pygæra bucephala Buff-tip.

Ptilodontis palpina Pale Prominent.*

One pupa at Headstone.

Notodonta Camelina ... Coxcomb Prominent.*

,, dictæa Swallow Prominent.

One specimen caught at Roxeth.

Diloba cœruleocephala .. Figure of Eight.

NOCTUÆ.

Thyatira derasa Buff Arches.

Batis .. Peach Blossom.

Found at Roxeth.

Bryophila perla ... Bishop Moth.*
On old walls.

Acronycta tridens Dark Dagger.

Psi Grey Dagger.
Aceris Sycamore.*

Leucania pallens ... Common Wainscot.

,, impura White Wainscot.*

Nonagria Typhæ Bullrush Moth.*

Pupæ at the Brickfield Ponds.

Hydræcia nictitans Ear Moth.*

Hydræcia micacea Rosy Rustic.

Hydræcia micacea . . . Rosy Rustic.

Axylia putris Flame Moth.

Xylophasia rurea Clouded-bordered Brindle.

" lithoxylea .. Light Arches.

Latin Name.	English Name.
Xylophasia Polyodon	Dark Arches.
,, Hepatica	Clouded Brindle.
Neuria Saponariæ	Bordered Gothic.
Cerigo Cytherea	Straw Underwing.
Luperina testacea	Flounced Rustic.*
Mamestra Brassicæ	Cabbage Moth.
,, Persicariæ	Dot Moth.*
Apamea basilinea	Shoulder-knot.
", oculea	Common Rustic.
Miana Strigilis	Marked Minor.
,, fasciuncula	Barred Minor.*
Grammesia trilinea	Triple Lines.
Caradrina Morpheus	Bordered Rustic.
,, blanda	*
", cubicularis	Mottled Willow.*
Agrotis segetum	Common Dart.
" Exclamationis	Heart and Dart.
Triphæna fimbria	Broad-bordered Yellow
- A The Same and The Same	Underwing.
Triphæna Janthina	Lesser Broad-bordered.
" orbona	Lesser Yellow Underwing
" pronuba	Large Yellow Underwing
Noctua plecta	Flame-shoulder.
" C. nigrum	Setaceous Hebrew
	Character.
" xanthographa	Square Spot.
Tæniocampa gothica	Hebrew Character.
Anthocelis lunosa	Lunar Underwing.
Xanthia Citrago	*
One at S	
Xanthia Cerago	*
One at S	
Cosmia trapezina	Dunbar.
" affinis	Brown Pinion Spot.

	MOIII	101
Latin Name.		English Name.
Cosmia diffinis		White Pinion Spot.
Polia flavicineta		Ranunculus Moth.
Miselia Oxyacanthæ		Green Brindled Crescent.
Phlogophora meticulosa		Angle Shades.
Euplexia lucipara		Small Angle Shades.
Hadena dentina		Common Shears.*
" oleracea		Bright line Brown Eye.
" Genistæ		Broom Moth.
One	ona	paling.
Cucullia umbratica		Shark Moth.
Heliodes Arbuti		Least Yellow Underwing.
Anarta Myrtilli		Beautiful Yellow Under-
		wing.
Found	at Oxh	ey Wood.
		Orange Underwing.
The state of the s		Roxeth.
Abrostola Urticæ		Spectacle Moth.
" triplasia		Dark Spectacle Moth.
Plusia Chrysitis		Burnished Brass.
,, Iota		Golden Y.
"Gamma		Silver Y.
Gonoptera Libatrix		Herald Moth.
Amphipyra pyramidea		Copper Underwing.*
Mania typica		Gothic.*
,, maura		Old Lady.
Catocala Fraxini		Clifden Nonpareil.
One specin	nen tak	ken at Pinner.
Catocala nupta		Red Underwing.
Euclidia Mi		Shipton Moth.*
", glyphica		Burnet Companion.*
0 8 1		at Ruislip.
Aventia flexula		Beautiful Hooktip.*
	t Oxhe	ey Wood.
TT 1 12 11		The Snout.
1		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

P 2



INDEX TO FLORA.

			PAGI	E				P	PAGE
	A.				Armoracia				9
					Arrhenather	um			116
Acer .			. 2		Artemisia				61
Achillæa			. 64		Arum .				106
Acorus.			. 10		Arundo.				116
Adoxa .			. 48	8	Asperula				52
Ægopodium		.118	. 44	_	Asplenium				124
Æthusa		. 1 31	. 40	6	Athyrium				124
Agrimonia			. 3!	5	Atriplex		· dia		85
Agrostemma		.31	. 1	5	Avena .				121
Agrostis			. 11	5					
Aira .			. 11	5					
Ajuga .			. 78	3		B.			100
Alchemilla	. 20		. 34	4					
Alisma .			. 104	4	Ballota .				78
Alliaria .			. 10	0	Barbarea				7
Allium .			. 10	1	Bartsia .				73
Alnus .	. 3/3		. 9	5	Bellis .		. 8		63
Alopecurus			. 113	3	Berberis				4
Anacharis			. 9%	7	Betonica				79
Anagallis			. 83		Betula .				92
Anchusa			. 70	0	Bidens .				60
Anemone				1	Blechnum				125
Angelica		199 6	. 46	3	Borago				70
Anthemis			. 64	1	Brachypodiu	ım			122
Anthoxanthu	m		. 113	3	Brassica				11
Anthriscus			. 47	7	Briza .				118
Antirrhinum		2000	. 75	5	Bromus		. 73		120
Apargia			. 58	5	Bryonia				39
Apium .			. 43	3	Bunium		1		44
Arctium		. 1910	. 58	3	Bupleurum				45
Arenaria			. 16	5	Butomus				104
				0					

	PAGE		D		P.	AGE
			D.			
C.		Dactylis				110
~		Daphne				119
Calamintha .	80	Dapine Datura .	•			
Caltha	4					71
Calystegia .	68	Daucus.				48
Callitriche .	90	Digitalis				75
Calluna	66	Dipsacus				53
Camelina .	11	Draba .				9
Campanula .	65	Drosera				14
Capsella .	10					1
Cardamine .	8		E.			497
Carduus .	58	Eleocharis				100
Carex	109			•		108
Carlina	59	Endymion				100
Carpinus .	95	Epilobium			37,	
Carum	44	Epipactis				99
Castanea .	95	Equisetum				126
Centaurea .	60	Erica .				65
Centranthus .	52	Erodium				
Centunculus .	128	Erysimum				10
Cerastium .	17	Erythræa			9.	67
Ceratophyllum	91	Euonymus				23
Chærophyllum	48	Eupatorium				60
Chara	127	Euphorbia				89
Cheiranthus .	7	Euphrasia				73
Chelidonium .	. 6					936
Chenopodium	84	- 4 The late of the	F.			
Chlora	67					
Chrysanthemum	. 63	Fagus .	. 3			94
Cichorium .	128	Fedia .				53
Circæa	20	Festuca				119
Clematis .		Filago .				61
Cnicus	59	Fragaria	-		1000	33
Conium .	47	Fraxinus				67
Convallaria .	. 129	Fritillaria				101
Convolvulus .	68	Fumaria				6
	10					100
Cornus	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		G.			
Corydalis .	7	- 1	2010			100
Corylus .	95	Galeobdolon	1 .			79
Cratægus .		Galeopsis			380	
Crepis	56	Galium .			- 61.	50
Cynosurus .	119	Genista.				25
Cystopteris .	124	Geranium				21
		Geum .			19.	31

		1	PAGE			PA	GE
Glaucium		1000.	6		L.		
Glechoma		a Paralle	80				
Glyceria			117	Lactuca		100 mm	55
Gnaphalium	100		61	Lamium		. 79, 1	28
Onaphanum			1490	Lapsana		1 6 6 6 6	58
				Lastrea.		. 124, 1	
	H.					. 121, 1	29
	11.3			Lathyrus			06
YT 1		00	100	Lemna .			
Habenaria			129	Leontodon			57
			48	Lepidium	.0		10
Helianthemu			12	Ligustrum			66
Helleborus		4,	127	Linaria.			75
Helminthia		-	54	Linum .			18
Helosciadiun	a .		43	Listera .			98
Heracleum	Maria Sa		47	Lithosperm	um		69
Hesperis	334		9	Littorella	The same		84
Hieracium			57	Lolium .	1000	. 122, 1	29
Hippuris	July 3		128	Lonicera			50
Holcus.		100	116	Lotus .			27
Hordeum	100	10.50	121		100		103
			82	Luzula .			15
Hottonia				Lychnis			
Humulus			91	Lycopus			76
Hydrocharis			97	Lysimachia			82
Hydrocotyle			43	Lythrum			39
Hyoscyamus			71				
Hypericum			19	4			
Hypochæris			55	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
				S. S	M.		
	45.0						
	I.				S		
				Malva .			19
Ilex .			66	Matricaria			64
Impatiens		MAN E.	23	Meconopsis		280	6
Inula .	ESEX S	The same	63	Medicago		T TURK	25
Iris .	1500		99	Melampyru	m	1000	74
			00	Melica .	The same	of Decision	116
				Melilotus			26
	J.			Mentha.			
	3			Mercurialis		2	1000000
Jasione .			65	Mespilus			36
	W. Committee			Milium .		release.	
Juneus.			102				
				Molinia.	. 1		
	77			Montia.			40
THE USE OF	K.			Myosotis			
THE RESERVE				Myosurus			THE STATE OF
Knautia			53	Myriophyll	um		39

			P	AGE	1			P	AGE
	N.				Polystichum		1	-	123
Narcissus				99	Populus				94
Nardus.	Mark.			113	Poterium			1500	35
Nasturtium				8	Potamogeton		1	BUE	106
Nepeta .					Potentilla			-	33
Nuphar				5	Primula				82
Nymphæa		T yi	100	5	Prunella	.03		000	81
	The last		3 20	TO THE	Prunus.			848	29
			9/19		Pteris .	100			125
*	0.				Pulicaria		-	201	63
	0.				Pulmonaria	- 30	1	1	68
(Enanth.				100	Pyrola .				66
Enanthe			45,		Pyrus .				37
Onobrychis	1.46			28			2/11		TOX L
Ononis.				25					
Ophioglossu	m			126	National Park	Q.			
Orchis .				98	Total Laboratory	5.			
Ornithopus				27	Quercus				95
Orobanche				71	Quercus		•	wit.	30
Oxalis .				23					
						R.			
	-					т.			
	P.				Danner on land				0
D				1,6/10	Ranunculus Raphanus			ART	12
Panicum				117	Reseda .			1	12
Papaver				5	Reseda . Rhamnus	10 8			24
Parietaria				91	Rhinanthus			1	74
Paris .	. 70			100	Ribes .			1	42
Pastinaca				46				35,	
Pedicularis				74	Rosa .	36			128
Peplis .				39	Rumex .	-			-
Petasites				62	Rumex .				01
Petroselinun	a			43					
Phalaris				114		0			
Phleum	. "	1		114	The state of the s	S.			
Pimpinella				45					1
Pinguicula	1.			128	Sagina .	1000			16
Pinus .				96	Sagittaria				104
Plantago		, .	9.		Salix .			92,	129
Poa .	. 14			118	Sambucus	. 18			49
Polemonium	1.		- B.	68	Sanguisorba				34
Polycarpon					Sanicula				43
				14	Sarothamnu		:		25
Polygonum				86	Saxifraga			42,	128
Polypodium				123	Scabiosa			-	53
Polypogon				114	Scandix	. 3			47
			13.5						

		INDEX TO	FLORA.			167	7
		PAGE				PAGI	E
Scirpus		. 109	Thrincia			. 5	5
Scleranthus .		. 86	Thymus			. 78	3
Scolopendrium		. 125	Tilia .			. 19	9
Scrophularia .		. 74	Tillæa .			. 4	
Scutellaria .	-	. 81	Torilis .		. 3	. 48	3
Sedum		. 41	Tragopogon			. 54	4
Senebiera .		. 11	Trifolium	Tares I		. 20	ő
Senecio.		, 62	Triglochin	1		. 104	1
Sempervivum		. 41	Triodia .	NAME OF THE OWNER, OWNE		. 118	8
Serratula .	-	. 58	Triticum			. 12	
Setaria	-	. 117	Tulipa .			. 10	_
Sherardia .	113	. 52	Tussilago	1 18	REAL PROPERTY.	. 6	
Silaus	100	. 46	Typha .		ly as	. 10	
Silene	MAG	. 14	71			1	
Sinapis	1	. 11					
Sison	1200	. 44		U.			
Sisymbrium .	His	. 9					
Sium	Cours	. 45	Ulex .			. 2	4
Smyrnium .	11111	. 47	Ulmus .			. 9	
Solanum .		. 70	Urtica .	S. Low	4	. 9	
Solidago .	CON	. 62	Critica .		1	. 9	•
Sonchus .	66	. 56					
Sparganium .	- 17	. 105		V.			
Spergula .	Mil	40		٧.			
Spergularia .			Vaccinium			. 12	0
Spiræa		. 30	Valeriana			. 12	-
Spiranthes .		. 99					
Stachys.		. 80	Verbascum			. 7	
Staphylea .	0013	. 23	Verbena			. 8	
Stellaria .	4	. 16	Veronica Viburnum				
Symphytum .	400	. 128	Vicia .			. 5	
a) in projection .	100	G THE SCHOOL	Vicia .			. 2	
			Vinca . Viola .			. 6	
T.		CHEST CONTRACTOR	Viola . Viscum .	de Bru		1	B.
			viscum.	- 1	,	. 4	9
Tamus		. 100					
Tanacetum .	36	61		Z.			
Taxus	1	-0		-			
m ·		2000	Zannichellia			. 10	0
Teucrium .		. 78	Zammenema		. 1	. 10	0

INDEX OF ENGLISH NAMES.

	14 195 1			
Mal Carlotte	PAGE	D: 11 C		PAGE
, A.		Bird's-foot	100	. 27
		Bird's-foot Trefoi	1.	. 27
Abele	. 94	Bird's Nest		. 98
Adder's Tongue .	. 126	Bishop's Weed		. 44
Agrimony	. 35	Bistort	4.	
Alder	. 95	Bitter Cress .		. 8
Alexanders	. 47	Bitter Sweet .		
Alkanet	. 70	Bitter Vetch .		. 29
All-seed	. 40	Blackberry .		. 31
Anacharis	. 97	Black Bryony		, 100
Angelica	. 46	Black Bindweed		. 86
Apple	. 37	Blackthorn .		. 29
Archangel	. 79	Bladder Fern		. 124
Arrow Grass	. 104	Bladder Nut .		. 23
Arrow Head	. 104	Bluebell .		
Arum	. 106	Blue Bottle .	. 7	. 60
Ash	. 67	Borage		
Aspen	. 94	Bracken .		
Avens	. 31	Brake		. 125
		Bramble .		
B		Bristle Grass.		
B.		Brome Grass		. 120
		Brooklime .		. 72
Barberry	. 4	Broom		. 25
Barley	. 121	Broom-rape .		. 71
Barren Strawberry	. 34	Bryony		. 39
Bartsia	. 73	Buckler Fern		. 124
Bastard Stone Parsley	. 44	Buckthorn .	6 19	. 24
Beaked Parsley .	. 47	Buckwheat .	. 9	. 86
Beard Grass	. 114	Bugle		. 78
Bear's-foot	. 4	Bullace		. 30
Bedstraw	. 50	Bullrush .		. 109
Beech	. 94	Burdock .		. 58
Bell Flower	. 65	Bur Marigold		. 60
Bent Grass	. 115	Burnet .		. 34
Betony	. 79	Burnet Saxifrage	18.8	. 45
Bindweed	. 68	Bur-reed .		. 105
Birch	. 92	Butterbur .	1	. 62

C.	PAGE	Cuckoo Flower .	PAGE
C.		Cuckoo Flower .	
Cabbage Calamint Campion Canary Grass Capon's Tail Grass Caraway Carline Thistle Carrot Catchfly Cat-mint Cat's Ear Cat's Tail Cat's Tail Grass Celandine	11	Cuckoo-pint Cudweed	. 100
Calamint	. 80	Cuaweeu	. 01
Campion	15	Currant	. 42
Canary Grass	114		
Canon's Tail Grass	110	D.	
Caraway	. 119	Doffodil	00
Carline Thistle	. 11	Dairoui	. 99
Carrot	. 39	Dans's Violet	. 03
Catchfly	14	Danie's violet .	. 9
Catemint	. 14	Danguerout	. 37
Cot's Far	. 00	Danewort	. 49
Cat's Tail	. 33	Dead Nettle	. 19
Cat's Tail Grace	. 103	Dock	. 0/
Colondina	. 114	Dog's welcury .	. 89
Colony	. 0	Dog s-tall Grass .	. 119
Contours.	67	Daffodil Daisy Dame's Violet Dandelion Danewort Dead Nettle Dog's Mercury Dog's-tail Grass . Dogwood Duckweed . Dyer's Rocket	. 49
Chamamile	. 01	Duckweed	. 100
Chambanne	. 04	Dyer's Rocket .	. 12
Celandine Celery Centaury Chamomile Chara	. 12/		
CHAITOCK	14	E.	
Chequered Daffodil	. 101	Forth Nut	4.4
Cherry	. 29	Earth Nut Elder	. 44
Phastmat	. 48	Floormans.	62
Chestnut	. 95	Elecampane . Elm . Enchanter's Nightshad	. 03
Janque-1011	. 33	Enchanter's Nightshad	. 92
Neavers	. 51	Enchanter & Tylghtshau	00
Clematis	. 1	Everlasting Pea . Eye Bright	. 29
Nob Dook	. 20	Lye Dright	. 13
Cook's foot Cross	. 109		
Coloned Grass .	. 119	F.	
Coleseed	. 11	False Brome Grass	100
Common Bladden nut	. 02	77.1 0 0	
lonn Cool-le	. 23	Fastbarfoil	. 110
Corn Cockie	. 10	Forms Cross	. 04
Corn Marinald	. 49	Foundament	64
orn Mint	. 03	Field Medder	. 04
lorn Soled	. 11	Figuret .	. 52
orn Salau	. 33	Filogo	61
oryuans	101	Fin	. 01
ouch Grass	. 121	Flor	. 90
common Bladder-nut corn Cockle	. 4/	Flay	. 99
ow Wheet	. 02	Flag Rang	62
rana'a Bill	01	Flanwort	69
rane's Bill	. 21	False Oat Grass Featherfoil Fescue Grass Feverfew Field Madder Figwort Filago Fir Flag Flax Flea Bane Fleawort Flower-de-Luce	. 02

	PAGE		PAGE
Flowering Rush .	. 104	Hawkbit	. 55
Fluellen	. 75	Hawk's Beard .	. 56
Fool's Parsley		Hawkweed	. 57
Forget-me-not .		Hawthorn .	. 36
Foxglove	. 75	Hazel .	. 95
Howton Grace	113	Hazel	. 13
Fritillary	. 101	Heath	. 65
Frogbit	. 101	Heather	. 66
Frog Orchis	. 98	Heath Grass	. 118
Fumitory	. 6	Hedge Mustard .	. 9
Furze	. 24	Hedge Parsley	. 48
1 4125	W. Transis	Hellebore	. 4
THE RESERVE		Helleborine	. 99
G.	40000	Hemlock	. 47
	THE PARTY OF	Hemlock Hemp	. 91
Garden Cress .	. 11	Hemp Agrimony .	. 60
Garlick	. 101	Hemp Nettle.	. 78
Garlie Mustard	10	Henbane	. 71
Germander	. 78	Herb Paris	. 100
Gipsywort	. 76	Herb Robert	. 22
Goat's Beard.	. 54	Herb Twopence .	. 83
Golden Rod	. 62	Hog Weed	. 47
Goldilocks	. 62	Holly	. 66
Gold of Pleasure .	. 11	Honeysuckle .	. 50
Good King Henry	. 85	Hooded Bindweed.	. 68
Gooseberry	. 42	Нор	. 91
Goose-foot	. 84	Horehound	. 78
	33, 51	Hornbeam	. 95
	. 24	Horned Pondweed	. 108
Gout Weed	. 44	Horned Poppy .	. 6
Grass Vetch	. 29	Hornwort	. 91
	. 25	Horse Radish .	. 9
	. 69	Horsetail	. 126
Ground Ivy	. 80	House Leek	. 41
Groundsel	. 62		HE THE
Guelder Rose .	. 50	THE SUPPLIES OF THE SECOND	SER
		I.	No. of Lot
			The same
H.		Iris	. 99
	SANT SER	Ivy	. 48
Hair Grass	. 115	14,	100
Hard Fern	. 125	Contract of the second	TO THE
Harebell	. 65		SHEET WAY
Hare's Ear	. 45	J.	1000
marts rongue .	. 120		Co
Haver	. 121	Jacob's Ladder .	. 68

	IN	DEX	OF E	NGLISH NAMES	S.			171
			PAGE					PAGE
	K.			Millet Grass				114
				Mint . Mistletoe Molinia Moneywort				77
Knapweed			60	Mistletoe	1			10
Knautia Knawel.			53	Molinia	•	•		116
Knawel.	All Carlo	100	86	Moneywort				.110
Knot Grass			86	Moschatel		1		40
222200 01400	-	110	00	Moschatel Mountain A	ch			45
				Mouse Ear (high		1 .	3/
	L.			Mouse-tail	OHICK	wee	u.	17
	L.			Mouse-tail Mugwort				61
Ladies' Smoo	1-			Mullein	•			01
Lady Fern	K .		8	Mullein Mustard	1			10
Lady's Mantl		7.	124	Mustaru	· int			11
Lady's Wall	ie .		34					
Lady's Tresse	es .		99	Call Street	NT			
Leek . Lettuce .			101		N.			
Lettuce .			55					
Lime .		Trans.	19	Narcissus Nettle				99
Ling .	1000		66	Nettle .				91
Livelong			41	Nightshade				70
Loosestrife		6 .	82	Nipple Wort				58
Lettuce . Lime . Ling . Livelong Loosestrife Lords and La Lousewort	idies .	200	106	Nightshade Nipple Wort Nonsuch				25
Lousewort			74					
Lucerne			26	TO CHEST OF STREET				
Lungwort		mil.	68	SECTION AND POST	0.			
					4			
				Oak .		JA S		95
	M.			Oat Grass	30			121
				One Berry	1.08	1		100
Mallow .			19	Oat Grass One Berry Onion Orache Orchis Orpine Osier	100	div.	Vie	101
Mallow . Manna Grass			117	Orache .			•	85
Maple .	-	Eng.	21	Orchis .		•		98
Marsh Marigo	old	1		Orpine	100	•		41
Marsh Penny	wort.		49	Osier .	TARY.			92
Viareh Wast			40	Oxeye Daisy		•		63
Mat Grass			110	Oxlip .	•			82
May	130		113	Oxlip . Ox Tongue	•			54
Maywood			50	On Tongue	Per lo			34
Meadow Gras			04					
Mat Grass May Mayweed Meadow Gras	· ·	100	118	THE PROPERTY OF	D			
Meadow Swee Medick			30	- (C) - (F)	P.			
Medlar .	873		25	D				
Medlar . Melick Grass			30	Paigle				82
Malilot Grass	-		110	Pansy . Parsley .				13
Melilot			26	Parsley .			10	43
Millerrout .	THE ST		04	Parsley Piert				34
THE WOLL .			14	Parsnep	34.3			46

	PAGE		PAGE
Panick Grass	117	Reed Mace	
Pear	37	Reed Mace	25
Pearlwort	16	Rock Rose	. 12
Pellitory	91	Rose	35
Pennyroval	77	Rosebay	. 37
Pennermint	77	Rosebay	37
Penner Savifrage	46	Rush	102
Pepper Wort	10	Rush	122
Domininlelo	67	Toyo Grass	
Persicaria	86		
Persicaria	25		
Die Nut	11	S.	
Pilowort	3 3		
Pimpernel	83	Saintfoin Salad Burnet Sallow Sallsafy Sandwort	. 28
Dlantain	92	Salad Burnet . '.	. 35
Plaughman's Snikenord	62	Sallow	. 92
Diam Street	00	Salsafy	. 54
Plum	50	Sandwort Spurrey .	. 16
Polymed Inistie	102		
Polypody	123	Sanicle	. 43
Pondweed 97,	100	Satin Flower .	. 17
Poor Man's Weather-	- 02	Sanicle	. 58
glass	83	Saxifrage	42
glass	94	Scabious Scorpion Grass Sedge Self-heal Septfoil Service Tree Sheep's Bit Septious	. 53
Poppy	5	Scorpion Grass	. 69
Prickly Fern	123	Sedge .	. 109
Primprint	00	Self-heal	. 81
Primrose	82	Sentfoil	34
Privet	00	Service Tree	37
Purple Loosestrife	39	Sheen's Bit	65
	1846	Sheep's Scabious .	. 65
	tayes	Shepherd's Evenlass	83
Q.	100	Shepherd's Eyeglass Shepherd's Needle	47
		Shepherd's Purse	10
Quaking Grass	118	Shepherd's Purse . Shield Fern	123
		Shorowood	84
		Silverwood	33
R.		Skull Can	81
N.	- 1	Sloa	20
D. 3:-1.	10	Smallage	43
Radish	60	Snoke's Head Lily	101
Ragwort	65	Silverweed	86
Radish Ragwort	101	Spandragon	75
Ramsons	101	Snapdragon Soft Grass	116
Rape	11	Sorral	97
Raspoerry	116	Sorrel	56
Reed	110	SOW THIS IC.	. 00

		PAGE		PAGE
Spearmint .		77	V.	PAGE
Spanwort	DESTRUCTION OF	2		
Speedwell .		. 71	Valerian	. 52
Spike Rush .		. 108	Valerian Venus' Comb Vernal Grass Vervain Vetch Vetchling Violet	. 32
Spindle Tree.		. 23	Venus Como .	112
Spleenwort .		194	Vernai Grass	. 113
		. 124	vervain	. 01
Spurge		. 88	vetch	. 28
Spurge Laurel		. 40	Vetchling	. 29
Spurrey .			Violet	. 13
Spur Valerian	• 773		THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COL	
Stitchwort .		. 16		
St. John's Wor	t.	. 19		
Stork's Bill	Chest	. 41	W.	
Stork's Bill .		. 22		
Strawberry .		. 33	Wake Robin	106
Sundew .		. 14		. 106
Stork's Bill . Strawberry . Sundew . Sweet Briar . Sweet Flag .		. 35	Wall Flower	. 7
Sweet Flag .		. 105	Wall Rue	. 125
Sycamore .		. 21	Wart Cress	. 11
			Water Blinks . Water Chickweed .	. 40
		Service .	Water Chickweed .	
			Watercress	. 8
T	- 118 5		Water Dropwort .	. 45
			Water Horehound	. 76
			Water Lily	. 5'
Tansy		. 61	Water Milfoil .	. 39
Tare		. 28	Water Parsnep	. 45
Teazel		. 53	Water Plantain .	. 104
Thale Cress .		. 9	Water Purslane .	. 39
Thistle		. 58	Water Radish .	. 8
Thorn Apple.		. 71	Water Starwort .	. 90
Thrincia .		. 55	Water Violet	. 82
Thyme		. 78	Way Bennet	. 121
Tillæa			Wayfaring Tree	. 50
Timothy Grass		. 114	Weasel Snout .	. 79
Timothy Grass Toadflax		. 75	Welsh Poppy .	. 6
Tormentil .		. 34	Wheat	. 121
Touch-me-not			Wheat Grass .	. 121
Traveller's Iov		1	Whin	. 24
Traveller's Joy Treacle Mustare	1	. 10	White Beam Tree .	
Trefoil		26	White-rot	
Trefoil True Love Know Tulin	63.00		Whitethorn	. 36
Tulin		. 100	Whitlow Grass .	^
		. 101	Wild Chamomile Feve	
Turnip Tutsan	10.00	. 11		. 64
Tutsan	-	. 20	few	
i wavblade .		. 98	Wild Hyacinth .	. 100

		PAGE		PAGE
Wild Spinach		. 85	Worm Wood	. 61
Wild Tansv .		. 33	Woundwort	. 80
Willow		. 92		. 00
Willow Herb.	AL .	. 37		
Wind Flower.	3	. 1	Y.	
Winter Cress	Part of	. 7		
Winter-green		. 66	Yarrow.	. 64
Woodbine .	N. Viv	. 50	Yellow Cress	. 8
Woodruff .		. 52	Yellow Rattle	. 74
Wood Rush .		. 103	Yellow Rocket	. 7
Wood Sage .		. 78	Yellow Water Lily	5
Wood Sorrel.		. 23	Yellow-wort	. 67
Wood Waxen		. 25	Yew	96

INDEX TO MOSSES.

Atrichum	. 132	Isothecium	. 134
Bryum		Leucobryum Leucodon	. 131
Ceratodon	. 131		. 155
D:	100	Mnium	. 133
Dicranum Didymodon	. 130	Neckera	. 137
Fissidens	104	Orthotrichum .	. 132
	. 134	Pogonatum	. 132
Funaria	. 137	Pogonatum Polytrichum	. 133
		Pottia	. 131
Grimmia	. 132	Sphagnum	. 130
Hypnum	. 135	Tortula	. 131
INDEX	OF EN	GLISH NAMES.	
n 1116	PAGE		PAGE
Bearded Moss .	PAGE . 132	GLISH NAMES.	PAGE . 135
n 1116	PAGE	Leskea	. 135
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss .	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132		
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132 . 134	Leskea	. 135
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss .	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132	Leskea	. 135. 137. 134
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss . Feather Moss .	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132 . 134 . 134	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss . Pottia	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss .	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132 . 134 . 134	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss .	. 135. 137. 134
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss . Feather Moss .	PAGE . 132 . 130 . 132 . 134 . 134	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss . Pottia Screw Moss .	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss . Feather Moss . Grimmia	PAGE 132 130 132 134 134 135 130	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss . Pottia	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss Feather Moss Fork Moss Grimmia	PAGE 132 130 132 134 134 135 130 132	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss . Pottia	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131 . 131
Bearded Moss Bog Moss Bristle Moss Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss Feather Moss Fork Moss Grimmia Hairless Moss Hair Moss .	PAGE 132 130 132 134 134 135 130 132 132 132	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss Pottia Screw Moss Thread Moss Thyme Thread Moss Twin Tooth Moss	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131 . 131 . 133 . 133
Bearded Moss . Bog Moss . Bristle Moss . Cleft Tooth Moss Cord Moss Feather Moss Fork Moss Grimmia	PAGE 132 130 132 134 134 135 130 132 132 133 131	Leskea Neckera Pale Tooth Moss . Pottia Screw Moss . Thread Moss . Thyme Thread Moss	. 135 . 137 . 134 . 131 . 131 . 133 . 133 . 131

INDEX TO LIVERWORTS.

PAGI	PAGE
Calypogeia 138	
HAT AND THE SHOPE	Martinellia 138
Frullania 138	Plagiochila 137
Jungermannia 138	Riccia
Lophocolea 138	Scapania 137



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